

Converting Colors

YIQ(57.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(57.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(57.8620, 36.4000,
23.1520)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6B2139
RGB	107, 33, 57
RGB Percent	42%, 13%, 22%
CMY	0.5802, 0.8707, 0.7763
CMYK	0.00, 0.69, 0.47, 0.58
HSL	341°, 53%, 27%
HSV	341°, 69%, 42%
XYZ	7.3516, 4.5105, 4.3582
YIQ	57.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

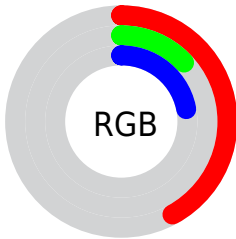
Format	Color
R_{YB}	107, 33, 57
Decimal	7020857
CIE Lab	25.29, 35.05, 2.78
CIE LCh	25, 35.161, 4.533
Yxy	4.5105, 0.4532, 0.2781
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285210937 (0xFF6B2139)
YUV	57.8620, -0.4250, 43.0940
Hunter-Lab	21.2380, 24.6215, 2.6998

Details

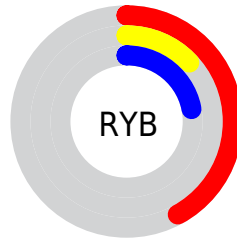
The YIQ color **57.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **82.1380, -36.4000, -23.1520**, and the grayscale version is **58.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **109.0150, 40.3430, 23.2790**, and **18.3400, 28.8820, 16.2260** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.6070, 41.6720, 26.7280**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.1170, 31.1280, 19.5760**.

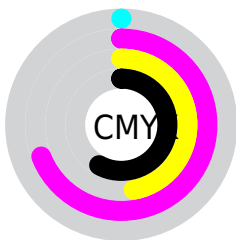
Distribution



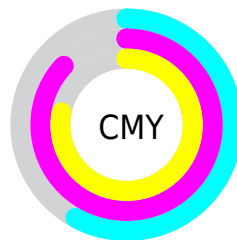
- Red (42%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 57.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 57.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57.8620, 36.4000,
23.1520

■ 57.8620, 36.4000,
23.1520

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 31.2580, 35.3450,
25.7530

■ 109.0150, 40.3430,
23.2790

■ 18.3400, 28.8820,
16.2260

■ 134.9120, 42.1310,
23.9150

■ 8.4860, 16.3670,
6.2470

■ 161.8090, 43.9190,
24.5510

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 189.4070, 45.1110,
24.9750

■ 210.4270, 33.1910,
20.7350

■ 230.0550, 16.5030,

14.7990

249.1300, 2.7500,
5.2300

57.8620, 36.4000,
23.1520

57.8620, 36.4000,
23.1520

50.6070, 41.6720,
26.7280

65.1170, 31.1280,
19.5760

43.9390, 46.6690,
29.7810

71.7850, 26.1310,
16.5230

36.5700, 52.2620,
33.0460

79.1540, 20.5380,
13.2580

35.9830, 52.5370,
33.5690

86.4090, 15.2660,
9.6820

93.0770, 10.2690,
6.6290

■ 100.3320, 4.9970,
3.0530

■ 107.7010, -0.5960,
-0.2120

■ 114.9560, -5.8680,
-3.7880

■ 121.6240,
-10.8650, -6.8410

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.7600, 19.2520, 25.5560



57.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520



57.8220, 41.9040, 11.5040

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520



53.1410, 3.0760, -22.7160



52.8150, -53.6430, -2.4990

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520



82.1380, -36.4000, -23.1520

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.4100, -48.3690, -9.9770



57.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520



45.7810, -31.0810, -25.9370

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520



55.8510, 24.6240, -16.7520



49.4460, -40.0230, -18.0630



49.2760, -53.3230, 2.7170

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520



57.5300, 39.4300, 1.2700



49.4460, -40.0230, -18.0630



52.8320, -52.3130, -4.5770

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520



120.6970, 14.3950, 8.9470



56.0870, 5.4500, 33.4020



59.6530, 8.5270, 5.1590



199.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



71.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520



63.0160, 56.9380, 36.4100



62.1700, 40.8040, 9.4120



50.0220, 2.9340, 1.8940



39.3150, 57.5340, 36.6220



82.3750, 120.3400, 76.8200

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520



63.0160, 56.9380, 36.4100



77.8300, -40.8040, -9.4120



50.0220, 2.9340, 1.8940



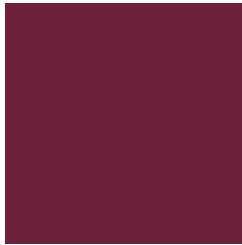
39.3150, 57.5340, 36.6220



82.3750, 120.3400, 76.8200

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 57.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

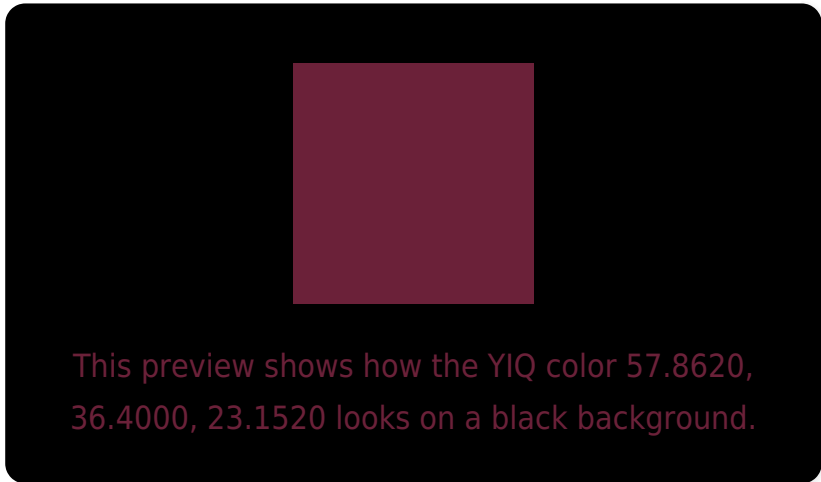
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

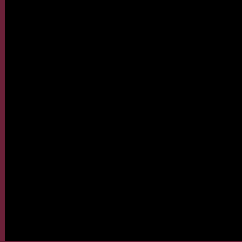
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 57.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 57.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 57.8620, 36.4000,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520

Protanopia

61.7700, -5.0440, 3.3080

Deuteranopia

61.6050, 8.4820, 0.4660



Tritanopia

57.8590, 40.4820, 15.2500

Trichromacy



Original Color

57.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520

Protanomaly

60.2990, 9.7640, 10.2760

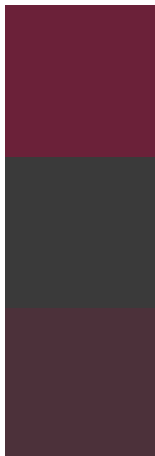
Deuteranomaly

60.3230, 18.3840, 8.2400

Tritanomaly

58.0700, 38.5100, 17.9500

Monochromacy



Original Color

57.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520

Achromatopsia

58.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

58.0990, 13.2030, 8.5230

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 57.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 33, 57)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 33, 57)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 33, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 33, 57) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 57.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 33, 57) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 33, 57) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 33, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 33, 57); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 33, 57);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 33,  
57) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 57.8620, 36.4000, 23.1520 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 33, 57) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107, 33,  
57) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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