

Converting Colors

YIQ(58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000)
contains.

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Color

YIQ(58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3A3A3A
RGB	58, 58, 58
RGB Percent	23%, 23%, 23%
CMY	0.7725, 0.7725, 0.7725
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.77
HSL	0°, 0%, 23%
HSV	121°, 0%, 23%
XYZ	4.0217, 4.2311, 4.6077
YIQ	58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

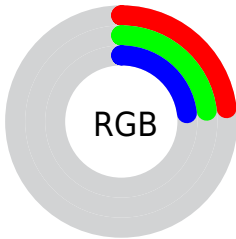
Format	Color
R_{YB}	58, 58, 58
Decimal	3815994
CIE _{Lab}	24.42, 0.00, -0.00
CIE _{LCh}	24, 0.004, 296.813
Yxy	4.2311, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282006074 (0xFF3A3A3A)
YUV	58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	20.5697, -1.0975, 1.1176

Details

The YIQ color **58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **58.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**, and the grayscale version is **58.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**, and **15.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.5220, -1.6500, -3.1380**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.4780, 1.6500, 3.1380**.

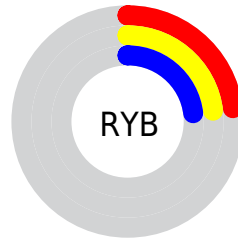
Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (23%)

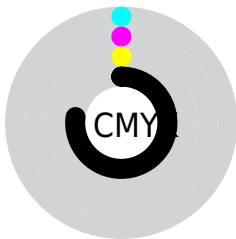
Blue (23%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (23%)

Blue (23%)

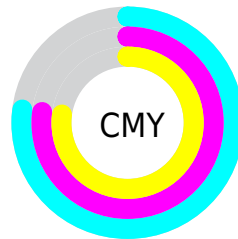


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (77%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (77%)

Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 58.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 36.0000, -0.0000,
0.0000

■ 105.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 15.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 130.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 156.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 183.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 211.0000, 0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 239.0000, -0.0000,

-0.0000

■ 58.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 58.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 55.5220, -1.6500,
-3.1380

■ 60.4780, 1.6500,
3.1380

■ 53.1580, -3.6210,
-5.9650

■ 62.8420, 3.6210,
5.9650

■ 50.9790, -4.6750,
-8.8910

■ 65.0210, 4.6750,
8.8910

■ 48.5010, -6.3250,
-12.0290

■ 67.4990, 6.3250,
12.0290

■ 46.1370, -8.2960,
-14.8560

■ 69.8630, 8.2960,
14.8560

■ 43.6590, -9.9460,
-17.9940

■ 72.3410, 9.9460,
17.9940

■ 41.1810, -11.5960,
-21.1320

■ 74.8190, 11.5960,
21.1320

■ 39.1160, -12.9710,
-23.7470

■ 76.8840, 12.9710,
23.7470

■ 36.6380, -14.6210,
-26.8850

■ 79.3620, 14.6210,
26.8850

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



58.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



58.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



77.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



38.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



166.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



77.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



28.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



54.2320, -25.9420, -47.4940



129.1230, -61.8300, -112.9820

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



77.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



28.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



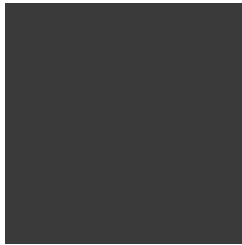
37.7680, 25.9420, 47.4940



89.8770, 61.8300, 112.9820

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

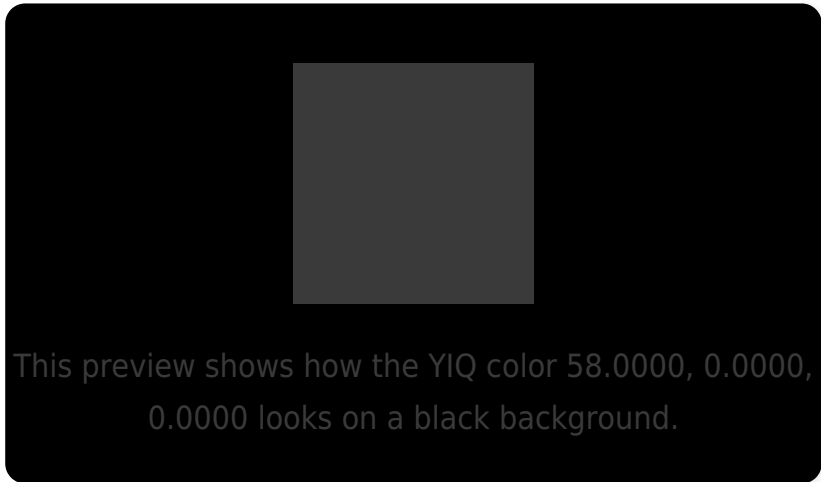
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

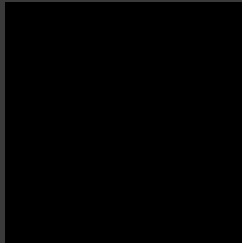
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

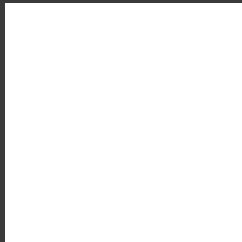
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Protanopia

58.2990, 0.5960, 0.2120

Deuteranopia

58.3210, 3.5300, 2.1060



Tritanopia

58.1680, -0.4130, 1.9790

Trichromacy



Original Color

58.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Protanomaly

58.2990, 0.5960, 0.2120

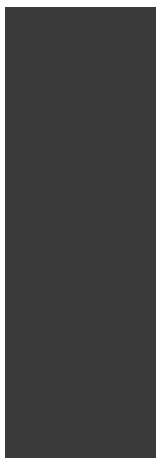
Deuteranomaly

58.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590

Tritanomaly

58.0540, -0.0920, 1.6680

Monochromacy



Original Color

58.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatopsia

58.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

58.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(58, 58, 58)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(58, 58, 58)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(58, 58, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(58, 58, 58) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(58, 58, 58) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(58, 58, 58) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(58, 58, 58)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(58, 58, 58); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 58, 58);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 58, 58)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(58, 58, 58) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(58, 58,  
58) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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