

# Converting Colors

YIQ(58.1250, 27.5090, 2.5570)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(58.1250, 27.5090, 2.5570)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(58.1250, 27.5090,  
2.5570)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	563120
RGB	86, 49, 32
RGB Percent	34%, 19%, 13%
CMY	0.6627, 0.8079, 0.8744
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 0.63, 0.66
HSL	19°, 46%, 23%
HSV	19°, 63%, 34%
XYZ	5.1984, 4.2791, 1.9207
YIQ	58.1250, 27.5090, 2.5570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

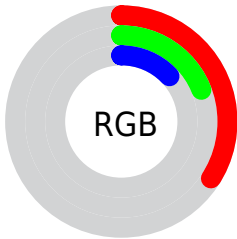
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	86, 57, 32
Decimal	5648672
CIELab	24.57, 14.91, 17.89
CIELCh	25, 23.287, 50.200
Yxy	4.2791, 0.4561, 0.3754
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283838752 (0xFF563120)
YUV	58.1250, -12.8796, 24.4464
Hunter-Lab	20.6861, 8.6560, 8.9752




# Details

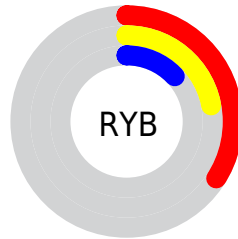
The YIQ color **58.1250, 27.5090, 2.5570** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **59.8750, -27.5090, -2.5570**, and the grayscale version is **58.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **106.2780, 31.4520, 2.6840**, and **13.7100, 21.5480, 5.9640** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.5770, 32.0480, 2.8960**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.6730, 22.9700, 2.2180**.

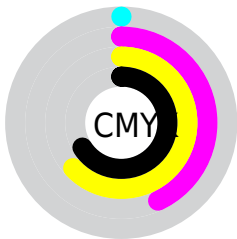
# Distribution







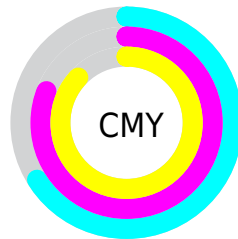
-  Red (34%)
-  Green (19%)
-  Blue (13%)






-  Red (34%)
-  Yellow (22%)
-  Blue (13%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (43%)
-  Yellow (63%)
-  Black (66%)



-  Cyan (66%)
-  Magenta (81%)
-  Yellow (87%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 58.1250, 27.5090, 2.5570 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 58.1250, 27.5090, 2.5570 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 58.1250, 27.5090,  
2.5570

■ 58.1250, 27.5090,  
2.5570

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 35.8150, 25.4460,  
1.3980

■ 106.2780, 31.4520,  
2.6840

■ 13.7100, 21.5480,  
5.9640

■ 131.1750, 33.2400,  
3.3200

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 157.6590, 34.7530,  
3.4330

■ 185.1430, 36.2660,  
3.5460

■ 212.7410, 37.4580,  
3.9700

■ 233.5650, 23.1540,

-1.1180

252.6060, 6.7410,  
-6.5310

58.1250, 27.5090,  
2.5570

58.1250, 27.5090,  
2.5570

53.5770, 32.0480,  
2.8960

62.6730, 22.9700,  
2.2180

49.1430, 36.2660,  
3.5460

67.1070, 18.7520,  
1.5680

44.5950, 40.8050,  
3.8850

71.6550, 14.2130,  
1.2290

41.5630, 43.8310,  
4.1110

76.0890, 9.9950,  
0.5790

80.0500, 5.7310,  
0.7630

■ 84.5980, 1.1920,  
0.4240

■ 89.0320, -3.0260,  
-0.2260

■ 93.5800, -7.5650,  
-0.5650

■ 98.0140, -11.7830,  
-1.2150

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.3950, 27.0490, 10.8970



58.1250, 27.5090, 2.5570



57.0330, 21.5960, -5.9240

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.1250, 27.5090, 2.5570



46.4530, -32.7330, -18.0210



58.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.1250, 27.5090, 2.5570



59.8750, -27.5090, -2.5570

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.6870, -41.5390, -1.5950



58.1250, 27.5090, 2.5570



47.3090, -40.8950, -13.2710

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.1250, 27.5090, 2.5570



53.2080, -7.0580, -15.2660



48.4320, -45.4350, -8.0830



60.1230, 4.6280, 15.2520



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.1250, 27.5090, 2.5570



56.0920, 13.9400, -10.3480



48.4320, -45.4350, -8.0830



56.6080, -21.9630, 7.0690

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.1250, 27.5090, 2.5570



101.3880, 10.5910, 0.7910



52.4780, 19.9860, 23.2660



49.2350, 6.6480, 0.6640



184.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



56.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.1250, 27.5090, 2.5570



68.3780, 42.9140, 4.2100



73.3870, 20.3590, -11.0410



40.7830, 2.1090, 0.3250



51.9510, 54.4220, 4.9020



113.7030, 119.7100, 11.1180



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.8750, -27.5090, -2.5570



71.6220, -42.9140, -4.2100



44.6130, -20.3590, 11.0410



41.2170, -2.1090, -0.3250



55.0490, -54.4220, -4.9020



121.2970, -119.7100, -11.1180



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 58.1250, 27.5090, 2.5570 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

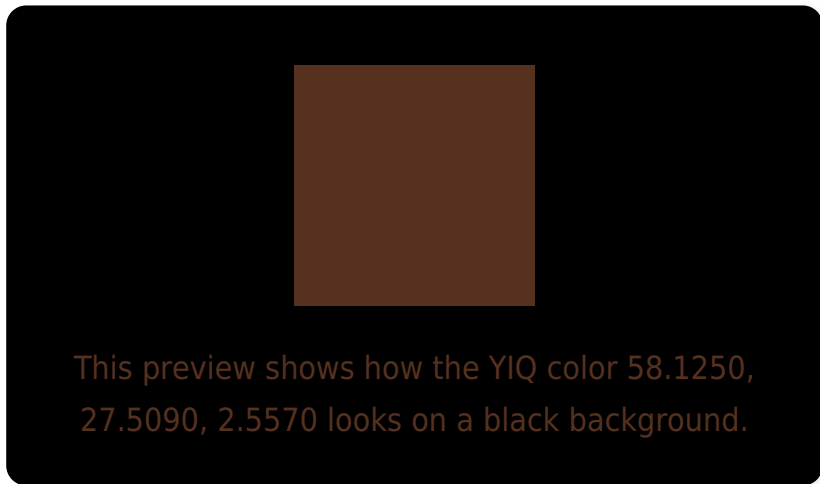
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

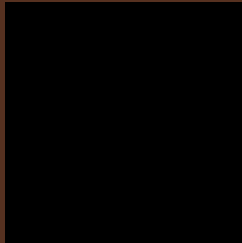
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 58.1250, 27.5090, 2.5570**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 58.1250, 27.5090, 2.5570.



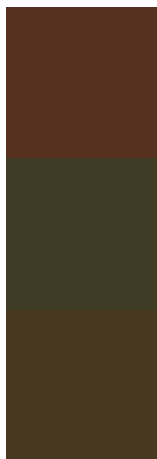
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 58.1250, 27.5090,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.1250, 27.5090, 2.5570

### Protanopia

57.8730, 10.3630, -6.0930

### Deuteranopia

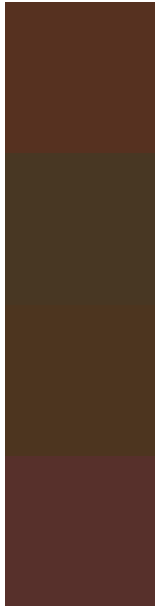
57.9340, 17.5610, -4.3830



## Tritanopia

59.3020, 22.8770, 9.4130

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

58.1250, 27.5090, 2.5570

## Protanomaly

57.8030, 16.5520, -2.6160

## Deuteranomaly

57.6680, 21.3660, -1.7540

## Tritanomaly

59.0910, 24.8490, 6.7130

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.1250, 27.5090, 2.5570

## Achromatopsia

58.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

58.2030, 9.6740, 0.8900

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 58.1250, 27.5090, 2.5570 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(86, 49, 32)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(86, 49, 32)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 49, 32) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(86, 49, 32) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 58.1250, 27.5090, 2.5570 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(86, 49, 32) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(86, 49, 32) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 49, 32) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(86, 49, 32); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 49, 32);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 49, 32)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 58.1250, 27.5090, 2.5570 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(86, 49, 32) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(86, 49,  
32) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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