

Converting Colors

YIQ(58.1670, 55.1950, 40.4670)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(58.1670, 55.1950, 40.4670)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(58.1670, 55.1950,
40.4670)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	881142
RGB	136, 17, 66
RGB Percent	53%, 7%, 26%
CMY	0.4664, 0.9335, 0.7410
CMYK	0.00, 0.88, 0.51, 0.47
HSL	335°, 78%, 30%
HSV	335°, 88%, 53%
XYZ	11.3507, 6.0342, 5.7279
YIQ	58.1670, 55.1950, 40.4670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

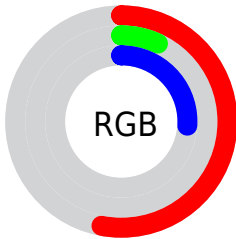
Format	Color
R_{YB}	136, 17, 66
Decimal	8917314
CIE _{Lab}	29.50, 50.11, 3.51
CIE _{LCh}	29, 50.233, 4.003
Yxy	6.0342, 0.4911, 0.2611
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287107394 (0xFF881142)
YUV	58.1670, 3.8617, 68.2595
Hunter-Lab	24.5646, 39.4929, 3.3702

Details

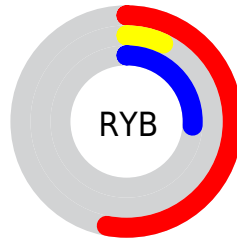
The YIQ color **58.1670, 55.1950, 40.4670** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **94.8330, -55.1950, -40.4670**, and the grayscale version is **58.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **116.2010, 57.8550, 36.3110**, and **26.6560, 39.9760, 24.4240** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.0370, 61.6130, 45.3010**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67.2970, 48.7770, 35.6330**.

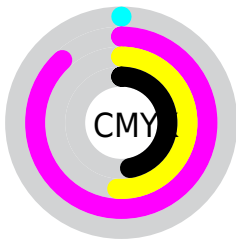
Distribution



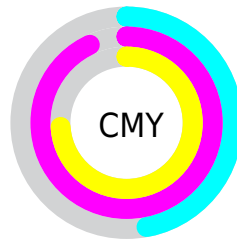
- Red (53%)
- Green (7%)
- Blue (26%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (88%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 58.1670, 55.1950, 40.4670 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 58.1670, 55.1950, 40.4670 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58.1670, 55.1950,
40.4670

■ 58.1670, 55.1950,
40.4670

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 37.3080, 50.2440,
36.5800

■ 116.2010, 57.8550,
36.3110

■ 26.6560, 39.9760,
24.4240

■ 143.8700, 60.2850,
36.3250

■ 16.9720, 32.7340,
12.4940

■ 171.6530, 62.3940,
36.6500

■ 3.5880, 7.1520,
2.5440

■ 191.4660, 46.6230,
30.6150

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 211.0940, 29.9350,
24.6790

■ 230.8360, 12.9260,

19.0540

248.5430, 3.0250,
5.7530

58.1670, 55.1950,
40.4670

58.1670, 55.1950,
40.4670

49.0370, 61.6130,
45.3010

67.2970, 48.7770,
35.6330

47.0480, 63.0800,
46.2480

75.8400, 42.6340,
31.3220

84.9700, 36.2160,
26.4880

93.5130, 30.0730,
22.1770

102.6430, 23.6550,
17.3430

■ 111.7730, 17.2370,
12.5090

■ 120.3160, 11.0940,
8.1980

■ 129.4460, 4.6760,
3.3640

■ 137.9890, -1.4670,
-0.9470

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.8080, 28.4650, 40.3130



58.1670, 55.1950, 40.4670



62.0310, 60.6090, 19.4330

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.1670, 55.1950, 40.4670



58.3330, 2.1150, -32.8370



64.0940, -67.4900, 0.6540

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.1670, 55.1950, 40.4670



94.8330, -55.1950, -40.4670

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.2500, -59.6020, -10.1460



58.1670, 55.1950, 40.4670



53.0700, -33.6930, -33.6690

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.1670, 55.1950, 40.4670



65.3090, 29.0260, -19.4380



58.9180, -47.4040, -21.9640



59.7230, -67.5830, 7.8490

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.1670, 55.1950, 40.4670



63.4690, 58.5950, 0.8590



58.9180, -47.4040, -21.9640



64.3560, -65.4720, -2.8800

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.1670, 55.1950, 40.4670



145.9200, 21.3170, 15.6610



51.1970, 2.9250, 51.6370



71.3270, 12.5610, 9.1450



217.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



89.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.1670, 55.1950, 40.4670



60.9460, 81.4630, 60.0150



58.4510, 68.1740, 19.9980



64.4350, 3.2090, 2.4170



46.0370, 61.6130, 45.3010



1.7230, 2.3380, 1.6820

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.1670, 55.1950, 40.4670



60.9460, 81.4630, 60.0150



94.5490, -68.1740, -19.9980



64.4350, 3.2090, 2.4170



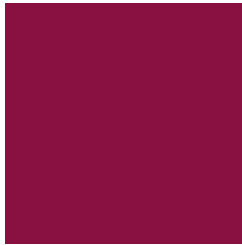
46.0370, 61.6130, 45.3010



1.7230, 2.3380, 1.6820

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 58.1670, 55.1950, 40.4670 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

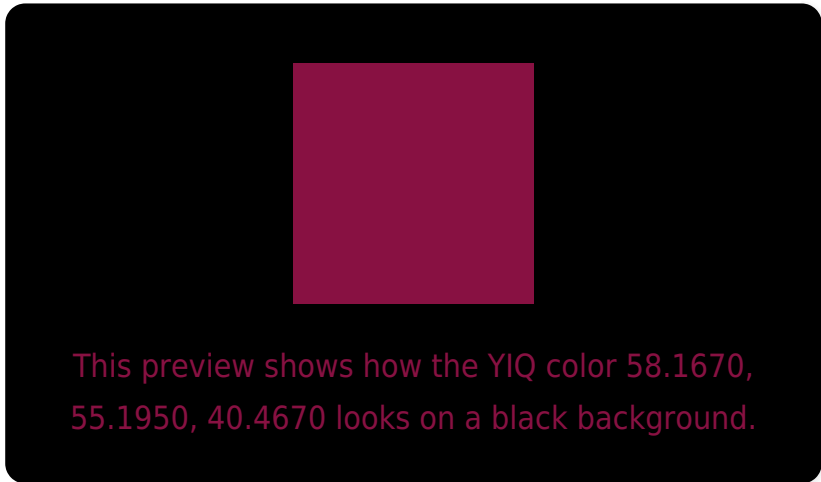
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

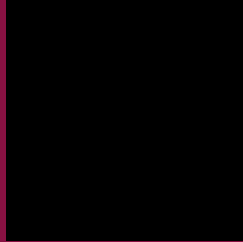
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 58.1670, 55.1950, 40.4670

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 58.1670, 55.1950, 40.4670.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 58.1670, 55.1950,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58.1670, 55.1950, 40.4670

Protanopia

72.0130, -10.0420, 5.7820

Deuteranopia

71.9750, 10.3160, 0.2680



Tritanopia

61.0960, 61.9840, 22.0480

Trichromacy



Original Color

58.1670, 55.1950, 40.4670

Protanomaly

66.6080, 13.5680, 18.4320

Deuteranomaly

67.0300, 26.8190, 15.0670

Tritanomaly

59.9420, 59.7820, 28.9180

Monochromacy



Original Color

58.1670, 55.1950, 40.4670

Achromatopsia

58.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

57.9090, 19.8500, 14.7140

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 58.1670, 55.1950, 40.4670 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 17, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 17, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 17, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 17, 66) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 58.1670, 55.1950, 40.4670 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 17, 66) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 17, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 17, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 17, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 17, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 17,  
66) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 58.1670, 55.1950, 40.4670 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 17, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136, 17,  
66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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