

Converting Colors

YIQ(58.7370, -34.6670, 28.0610)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(58.7370, -34.6670, 28.0610)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(58.7370, -34.6670,
28.0610)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2B3291
RGB	43, 50, 145
RGB Percent	17%, 20%, 57%
CMY	0.8313, 0.8039, 0.4316
CMYK	0.70, 0.66, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	236°, 54%, 37%
HSV	236°, 70%, 57%
XYZ	7.2441, 4.8380, 27.3183
YIQ	58.7370, -34.6670, 28.0610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

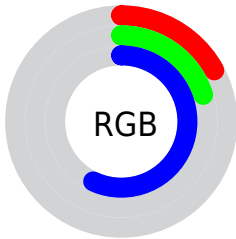
Format	Color
R _Y B	43, 50, 145
Decimal	2830993
CIE Lab	26.27, 29.80, -53.27
CIE LCh	26, 61.037, 299.226
Yxy	4.8380, 0.1839, 0.1228
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281021073 (0xFF2B3291)
YUV	58.7370, 42.5277, -13.8013
Hunter-Lab	21.9954, 20.2966, -58.2415

Details

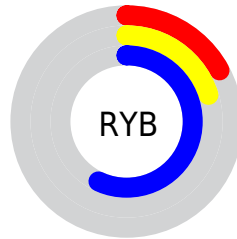
The YIQ color **58.7370, -34.6670, 28.0610** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333399**. A complement of this color would be **129.2630, 34.6670, -28.0610**, and the grayscale version is **58.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **109.9490, -29.2120, 33.8280**, and **15.8850, -32.3280, 24.2160** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.9200, -39.4360, 31.8920**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71.4400, -29.5770, 23.9190**.

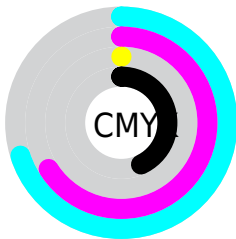
Distribution



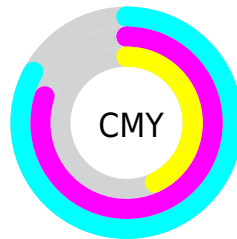
- Red (17%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 58.7370, -34.6670, 28.0610 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 58.7370, -34.6670, 28.0610 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58.7370, -34.6670,
28.0610

■ 58.7370, -34.6670,
28.0610

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 30.5890, -46.1740,
21.8420

■ 109.9490,
-29.2120, 33.8280

■ 15.8850, -32.3280,
24.2160

■ 136.1880,
-28.3870, 35.3970

■ 7.8660, -22.1490,
21.4590

■ 162.9000,
-27.5160, 36.1320

■ 7.0050, -15.5910,
12.7370

■ 187.4200,
-17.6570, 28.1590

■ 3.3230, -7.9790,
6.9410

■ 211.9400, -7.7980,
20.1860

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 237.3460, 2.3820,

11.9020

■ 58.7370, -34.6670,
28.0610

■ 58.7370, -34.6670,
28.0610

■ 46.9200, -39.4360,
31.8920

■ 71.4400, -29.5770,
23.9190

■ 34.2170, -44.5260,
36.0340

■ 83.2570, -24.8080,
20.0880

■ 22.4000, -49.2950,
39.8650

■ 95.9600, -19.7180,
15.9460

■ 107.7770,
-14.9490, 12.1150

■ 120.1810,
-10.4550, 7.7610

■ 132.2970, -5.0900,
4.1420

■ 144.7010, -0.5960,
-0.2120

■ 156.8170, 4.7690,
-3.8310

■ 169.2210, 9.2630,
-8.1850

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.4010, -69.3720, 12.7400



58.7370, -34.6670, 28.0610



50.2620, 30.6630, 55.5510

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.7370, -34.6670, 28.0610



56.0930, 56.8980, 4.0820



53.8000, -41.2600, -23.1800

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.7370, -34.6670, 28.0610



129.2630, 34.6670, -28.0610

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.7690, -22.7800, -38.7160



58.7370, -34.6670, 28.0610



58.5420, 29.9880, -14.8440

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.7370, -34.6670, 28.0610



42.6450, 74.0400, 34.8400



51.2340, -1.9200, -31.2960



59.1580, -56.3470, -8.5630

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.7370, -34.6670, 28.0610



49.0010, 53.2670, 53.3870



51.2340, -1.9200, -31.2960



51.2750, -35.5280, -27.9440

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.7370, -34.6670, 28.0610



155.3210, -13.6650, 10.8710



113.4760, -57.9030, -24.4230



74.2090, -7.6580, 6.6300



222.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.7370, -34.6670, 28.0610



54.5830, -54.0640, 43.6960



67.1860, -7.7100, 40.6260



65.3850, -2.5220, 1.6540



20.6730, -45.8100, 37.2780



1.4990, -2.8430, 1.9650

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.2960, 58.5450, 23.8010



78.7950, 91.2330, 37.1290



120.5150, 7.1140, -40.8380



66.2070, 3.8510, 1.7950



41.3910, 77.5710, 31.4190



2.5060, 4.4470, 2.0070

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 58.7370, -34.6670, 28.0610 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 58.7370, -34.6670, 28.0610 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

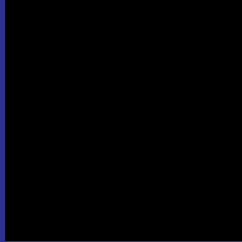
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 58.7370, -34.6670, 28.0610

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 58.7370, -34.6670, 28.0610.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 58.7370, -34.6670,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58.7370, -34.6670, 28.0610

Protanopia

49.6980, -57.2670, 8.1170

Deuteranopia

49.9940, -52.5890, 0.4270



Tritanopia

48.9390, -42.7290, -13.0730

Trichromacy



Original Color

58.7370, -34.6670, 28.0610

Protanomaly

52.9320, -48.8780, 15.7780

Deuteranomaly

53.3250, -45.8510, 10.4770

Tritanomaly

52.5780, -39.6140, 2.0660

Monochromacy



Original Color

58.7370, -34.6670, 28.0610

Achromatopsia

59.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

58.9790, -12.7020, 9.9380

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 58.7370, -34.6670, 28.0610 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 50, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 50, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 50, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 50, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 58.7370, -34.6670, 28.0610 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 50, 145) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 50, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(43, 50, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 50, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 50, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 50,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 58.7370, -34.6670, 28.0610 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 50, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 50,  
145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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