

# Converting Colors

YIQ(59.1390, 24.8940, 11.4060)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(59.1390, 24.8940, 11.4060)  
contains.

|  |    |
|--|----|
| <b>YIQ(59.1390, 24.8940, 11.4060)</b>    | 3  |
| <i><b>Conversions</b></i>                | 4  |
| <i><b>Details</b></i>                    | 6  |
| <i><b>Harmonies</b></i>                  | 12 |
| <i><b>Previews</b></i>                   | 24 |
| <i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> | 28 |
| <i><b>CSS Examples</b></i>               | 31 |

# Color

**YIQ(59.1390, 24.8940,  
11.4060)**

# Conversions

| Conversions Part 1 |                           |
|--------------------|---------------------------|
| Format             | Color                     |
| Hex                | 5A2D33                    |
| RGB                | 90, 45, 51                |
| RGB Percent        | 35%, 18%, 20%             |
| CMY                | 0.6469, 0.8236, 0.7999    |
| CMYK               | 0.00, 0.50, 0.43, 0.65    |
| HSL                | 352°, 33%, 26%            |
| HSV                | 352°, 50%, 35%            |
| XYZ                | 5.7549, 4.2896, 3.6594    |
| YIQ                | 59.1390, 24.8940, 11.4060 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

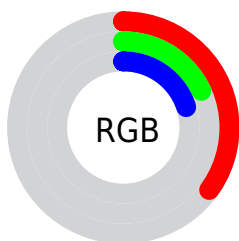
| Format                              | Color                                      |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| <a href="#">RYB</a>                 | <a href="#">90, 45, 51</a>                 |
| Decimal                             | <a href="#">5909811</a>                    |
| CIELab                              | <a href="#">24.61, 21.31, 5.47</a>         |
| CIELCh                              | <a href="#">25, 21.999, 14.394</a>         |
| Yxy                                 | <a href="#">4.2896, 0.4199, 0.3130</a>     |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | <a href="#">4284099891</a><br>(0xFF5A2D33) |
| YUV                                 | <a href="#">59.1390, -4.0125, 27.0651</a>  |
| Hunter-Lab                          | <a href="#">20.7114, 13.3535, 4.0223</a>   |

# Details

The YIQ color **59.1390, 24.8940, 11.4060** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **75.8610, -24.8940, -11.4060**, and the grayscale version is **59.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **107.5200, 28.1950, 12.1550**, and **13.3130, 24.3440, 10.3600** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.9440, 29.9370, 13.6250**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.3340, 19.8510, 9.1870**.

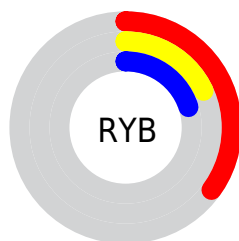
# Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (18%)

Blue (20%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (20%)

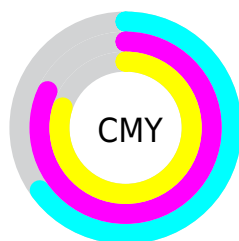


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (43%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (82%)


Yellow (80%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 59.1390, 24.8940, 11.4060 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 59.1390, 24.8940, 11.4060 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 59.1390, 24.8940,  
11.4060


 59.1390, 24.8940,  
11.4060


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 36.3560, 22.7850,  
11.0810


 107.5200, 28.1950,  
12.1550


 13.3130, 24.3440,  
10.3600

 133.1180, 29.3870,  
12.5790

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 159.7160, 30.5790,  
13.0030

 186.3140, 31.7710,  
13.4270

 214.9120, 32.9630,  
13.8510

 234.5400, 16.2750,

7.9150

254.4130, 0.2750,  
0.5230

■ 59.1390, 24.8940,  
11.4060

■ 59.1390, 24.8940,  
11.4060

■ 52.9440, 29.9370,  
13.6250

■ 65.3340, 19.8510,  
9.1870

■ 46.7490, 34.9800,  
15.8440

■ 71.5290, 14.8080,  
6.9680

■ 40.6680, 39.7020,  
18.3740

■ 77.6100, 10.0860,  
4.4380

■ 34.4730, 44.7450,  
20.5930

■ 83.8050, 5.0430,  
2.2190

■ 28.2780, 49.7880,  
22.8120

■ 90.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 96.1950, -5.0430,  
-2.2190

■ 102.3900,  
-10.0860, -4.4380

■ 108.4710,  
-14.8080, -6.9680

■ 114.6660,  
-19.8510, -9.1870

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.1690, 16.1820, 15.1100



59.1390, 24.8940, 11.4060



58.5810, 26.2250, 3.8010

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.1390, 24.8940, 11.4060



54.0020, -3.4820, -13.9940



49.0350, -42.6390, -3.6870

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.1390, 24.8940, 11.4060



75.8610, -24.8940, -11.4060

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.9760, -44.1510, -9.3270



59.1390, 24.8940, 11.4060



49.7100, -23.1510, -15.4630

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.1390, 24.8940, 11.4060



56.3090, 11.8310, -10.6730



46.8530, -39.6110, -14.5150



57.4730, -17.1490, 7.9310



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.1390, 24.8940, 11.4060



57.7500, 24.0710, -1.2170



46.8530, -39.6110, -14.5150



47.6000, -45.8480, -6.1040

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.1390, 24.8940, 11.4060



105.3110, 9.4900, 4.2260



61.4920, 8.2030, 22.0510



51.5170, 5.9140, 2.9540



186.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



59.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.1390, 24.8940, 11.4060



68.9560, 38.8310, 17.6390



67.8470, 22.4200, 1.1720



42.6090, 2.6590, 1.3710



34.6000, 60.7450, 27.9850



74.5110, 130.9800, 60.1960



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.1390, 24.8940, 11.4060



68.9560, 38.8310, 17.6390



67.1530, -22.4200, -1.1720



42.6090, 2.6590, 1.3710



34.6000, 60.7450, 27.9850

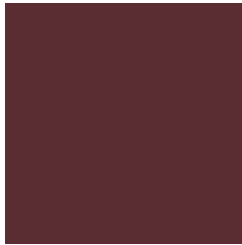


74.5110, 130.9800, 60.1960



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 59.1390, 24.8940, 11.4060 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

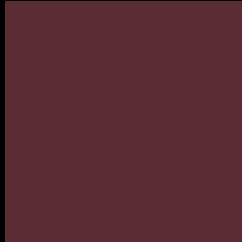
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 59.1390, 24.8940, 11.4060 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

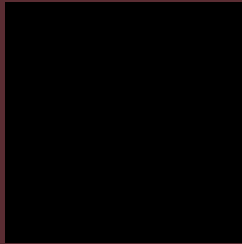
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 59.1390, 24.8940, 11.4060**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 59.1390, 24.8940, 11.4060.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 59.1390, 24.8940,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.1390, 24.8940, 11.4060

### Protanopia

59.1850, 0.9170, -0.0990

### Deuteranopia

59.3770, 9.1240, -0.1560



## Tritanopia

58.9110, 25.5360, 10.7840

# Trichromacy



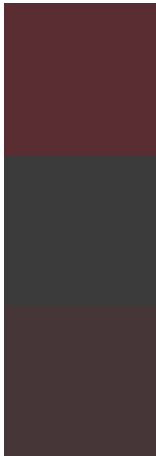
**Original Color**  
59.1390, 24.8940, 11.4060

**Protanomaly**  
59.1970, 9.8110, 3.9150

**Deuteranomaly**  
59.5350, 14.6710, 3.9430

**Tritanomaly**  
59.0250, 25.2150, 11.0950

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
59.1390, 24.8940, 11.4060

**Achromatopsia**  
59.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

**Achromatomaly**  
59.0120, 8.8940, 4.0140

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 59.1390, 24.8940, 11.4060 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 45, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 45, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 45, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 45, 51) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 59.1390, 24.8940, 11.4060 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 45, 51) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 45, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 45, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 45, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 45, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 45, 51)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 59.1390, 24.8940, 11.4060 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 45, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 45,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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