

Converting Colors

YIQ(63.5660, 30.5810, 1.9490)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(63.5660, 30.5810, 1.9490)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(63.5660, 30.5810,
1.9490)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E3621
RGB	94, 54, 33
RGB Percent	37%, 21%, 13%
CMY	0.6313, 0.7883, 0.8704
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 0.65, 0.63
HSL	21°, 48%, 25%
HSV	21°, 65%, 37%
XYZ	6.2116, 5.1276, 2.1038
YIQ	63.5660, 30.5810, 1.9490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

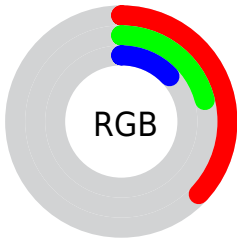
Format	Color
RYB	94, 65, 33
Decimal	6174241
CIELab	27.10, 15.64, 20.63
CIELCh	27, 25.895, 52.831
Yxy	5.1276, 0.4621, 0.3814
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284364321 (0xFF5E3621)
YUV	63.5660, -15.0690, 26.6906
Hunter-Lab	22.6441, 9.3381, 10.3425




Details

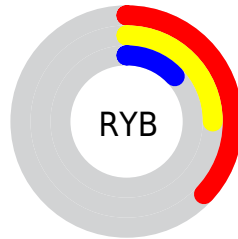
The YIQ color **63.5660, 30.5810, 1.9490** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **63.4340, -30.5810, -1.9490**, and the grayscale version is **64.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **112.1320, 34.7990, 2.5990**, and **19.6130, 23.1990, 3.5750** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.0180, 35.1200, 2.2880**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.1140, 26.0420, 1.6100**.

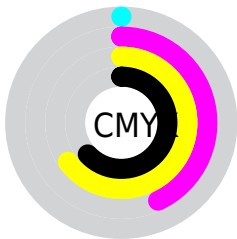
Distribution







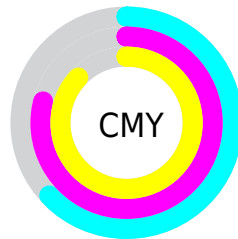
-  Red (37%)
-  Green (21%)
-  Blue (13%)






-  Red (37%)
-  Yellow (25%)
-  Blue (13%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (43%)
-  Yellow (65%)
-  Black (63%)



-  Cyan (63%)
-  Magenta (79%)
-  Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 63.5660, 30.5810, 1.9490 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 63.5660, 30.5810, 1.9490 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63.5660, 30.5810,
1.9490

■ 63.5660, 30.5810,
1.9490

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 40.6690, 28.7930,
1.3130

■ 112.1320, 34.7990,
2.5990

■ 19.6130, 23.1990,
3.5750

■ 137.9150, 36.9080,
2.9240

■ 2.3920, 4.7680,
1.6960

■ 164.3990, 38.4210,
3.0370

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 191.8830, 39.9340,
3.1500

■ 218.2740, 37.2750,
1.7790

■ 237.9020, 20.5870,

-4.1570

■ 252.8340, 6.0990,
-5.9090

■ 63.5660, 30.5810,
1.9490

■ 63.5660, 30.5810,
1.9490

■ 59.0180, 35.1200,
2.2880

■ 68.1140, 26.0420,
1.6100

■ 54.3560, 39.9800,
2.3160

■ 72.7760, 21.1820,
1.5820

■ 49.2210, 44.7940,
3.1780

■ 77.9110, 16.3680,
0.7200

■ 46.8900, 47.2240,
3.1920

■ 82.5730, 11.5080,
0.6920

■ 87.1210, 6.9690,
0.3530

■ 91.6690, 2.4300,
0.0140

■ 96.3310, -2.4300,
-0.0140

■ 100.8790, -6.9690,
-0.3530

■ 106.1280,
-12.1040, -0.9040

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.0750, 30.9460, 11.8580



63.5660, 30.5810, 1.9490



62.4630, 23.2010, -7.4790

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.5660, 30.5810, 1.9490



50.0500, -38.9680, -20.6640



64.6630, -14.6280, 11.8040

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.5660, 30.5810, 1.9490



63.4340, -30.5810, -1.9490

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.6480, -45.8030, -1.4110



63.5660, 30.5810, 1.9490



52.4440, -45.7090, -14.1330

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.5660, 30.5810, 1.9490



57.7730, -10.2670, -17.6830



53.0940, -50.2950, -8.1110



66.2590, 7.2410, 17.4570

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.5660, 30.5810, 1.9490



61.5110, 14.0780, -12.8500



53.0940, -50.2950, -8.1110



62.4770, -22.9720, 8.8360

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.5660, 30.5810, 1.9490



110.5730, 11.5080, 0.6920



55.9130, 23.1950, 25.6830



54.1210, 6.9690, 0.3530



189.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



61.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.5660, 30.5810, 1.9490



74.7760, 47.5450, 2.8810



81.1760, 22.3310, -13.7410



43.6690, 2.4300, 0.0140



55.1960, 55.1100, 3.4460



118.4100, 118.9770, 7.8810

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.4340, -30.5810, -1.9490



74.8110, -47.8200, -3.4040



45.8240, -22.3310, 13.7410



43.3310, -2.4300, -0.0140



54.8040, -55.1100, -3.4460



118.5900, -118.9770, -7.8810

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 63.5660, 30.5810, 1.9490 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

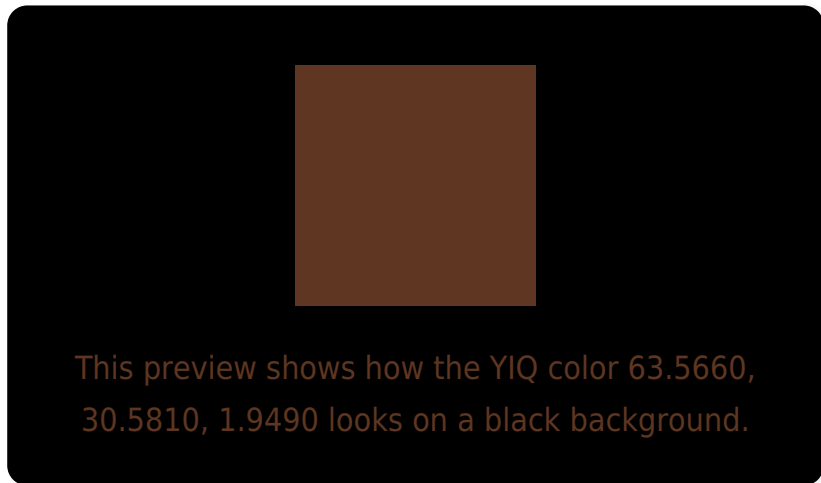
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

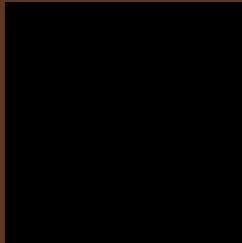
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 63.5660, 30.5810, 1.9490

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 63.5660, 30.5810, 1.9490.

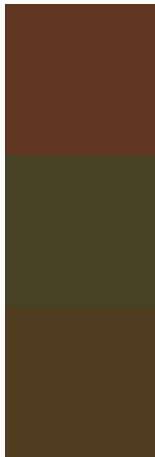


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 63.5660, 30.5810,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63.5660, 30.5810, 1.9490

Protanopia

63.6020, 12.5640, -7.4360

Deuteranopia

63.2610, 20.9540, -5.3020



Tritanopia

64.6120, 24.9400, 10.5720

Trichromacy



Original Color

63.5660, 30.5810, 1.9490

Protanomaly

63.5320, 18.7530, -3.9590

Deuteranomaly

63.1090, 24.4380, -2.3620

Tritanomaly

64.2870, 27.2330, 7.5610

Monochromacy



Original Color

63.5660, 30.5810, 1.9490

Achromatopsia

64.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

63.6870, 11.1870, 1.0030

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 63.5660, 30.5810, 1.9490 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 54, 33)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 54, 33)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 54, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 54, 33) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 63.5660, 30.5810, 1.9490 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 54, 33) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 54, 33) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 54, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 54, 33); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 54, 33);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 54, 33)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 63.5660, 30.5810, 1.9490 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 54, 33) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 54,  
33) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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