

# Converting Colors

YIQ(63.6320, -21.3700, 23.8620)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(63.6320, -21.3700, 23.8620)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(63.6320, -21.3700, 23.8620)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(63.6320, -21.3700,  
23.8620)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	3A3680
RGB	58, 54, 128
RGB Percent	23%, 21%, 50%
CMY	0.7725, 0.7882, 0.4982
CMYK	0.55, 0.58, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	243°, 41%, 36%
HSV	243°, 58%, 50%
XYZ	6.9587, 5.0957, 21.0264
YIQ	63.6320, -21.3700, 23.8620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

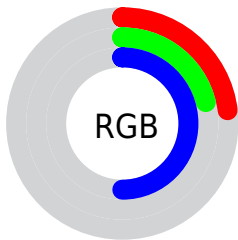
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	58, 54, 128
Decimal	3815040
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	27.01, 23.80, -41.45
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	27, 47.801, 299.863
Yxy	5.0957, 0.2104, 0.1540
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282005120 (0xFF3A3680)
YUV	63.6320, 31.7334, -4.9393
Hunter-Lab	22.5737, 15.5218, -39.4243

# Details

The YIQ color **63.6320, -21.3700, 23.8620** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **118.3680, 21.3700, -23.8620**, and the grayscale version is **63.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **113.1100, -19.7200, 27.0000**, and **16.5230, -28.6130, 17.4590** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.4130, -24.9470, 28.1170**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74.8510, -17.7930, 19.6070**.

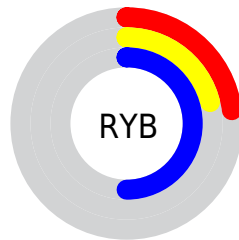
# Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (21%)

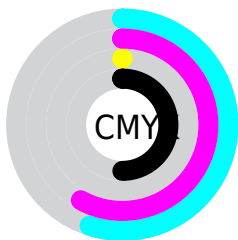
Blue (50%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (21%)

Blue (50%)

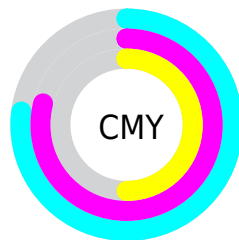


Cyan (55%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (79%)

Yellow (50%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 63.6320, -21.3700, 23.8620 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 63.6320, -21.3700, 23.8620 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 63.6320, -21.3700,  
23.8620

■ 63.6320, -21.3700,  
23.8620

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 39.9690, -23.9370,  
20.8230

■ 113.1100,  
-19.7200, 27.0000

■ 16.5230, -28.6130,  
17.4590

■ 139.0500,  
-19.4910, 28.3570

■ 6.2700, -17.6550,  
17.1050

■ 165.9900,  
-19.2620, 29.7140

■ 4.8220, -10.8220,  
8.9060

■ 192.1490,  
-15.4560, 26.8160

■ 0.4560, -1.2840,  
1.2440

■ 216.3700, -6.1930,  
18.6310

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 241.7760, 3.9870,

10.3470

■ 63.6320, -21.3700,  
23.8620

■ 63.6320, -21.3700,  
23.8620

■ 52.4130, -24.9470,  
28.1170

■ 74.8510, -17.7930,  
19.6070

■ 41.1940, -28.5240,  
32.3720

■ 86.0700, -14.2160,  
15.3520

■ 30.5620, -32.3760,  
36.1040

■ 96.7020, -10.3640,  
11.6200

■ 19.3430, -35.9530,  
40.3590

■ 107.9210, -6.7870,  
7.3650

■ 16.6850, -36.9160,  
41.2920

■ 119.4390, -2.6140,  
3.3220

■ 130.6580, 0.9630,  
-0.9330

■ 141.8770, 4.5400,  
-5.1880

■ 152.5090, 8.3920,  
-8.9200

■ 163.7280, 11.9690,  
-13.1750

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.2350, -63.2730, 6.8310



63.6320, -21.3700, 23.8620



62.5790, 21.6800, 36.6240

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.6320, -21.3700, 23.8620



59.5820, 50.8470, -1.8970



53.5550, -41.9480, -21.7240

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.6320, -21.3700, 23.8620



118.3680, 21.3700, -23.8620

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.9350, -28.8790, -32.8070



63.6320, -21.3700, 23.8620



60.0150, 30.0340, -15.6780

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.6320, -21.3700, 23.8620



55.7580, 57.1240, 22.0200



55.1210, 5.8280, -28.5400



57.6590, -53.5040, -10.5280



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.6320, -21.3700, 23.8620



55.6370, 42.1280, 40.4960



55.1210, 5.8280, -28.5400



52.0730, -37.7750, -25.7670

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.6320, -21.3700, 23.8620



141.4910, -8.3920, 8.9200



103.5260, -43.0040, -13.5960



69.2370, -4.8610, 5.4990



212.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



84.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.6320, -21.3700, 23.8620



66.2030, -32.7430, 37.2490



74.6950, 0.6820, 31.7060



58.0970, -1.6510, 2.3890



16.6850, -36.9160, 41.2920



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.1060, 21.6340, 37.4580



97.8110, 33.5510, 58.2790



107.3050, -0.6820, -31.7060



59.7770, 2.2460, 3.3500



52.0660, 37.4470, 64.7670



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 63.6320, -21.3700, 23.8620 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 63.6320, -21.3700, 23.8620 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

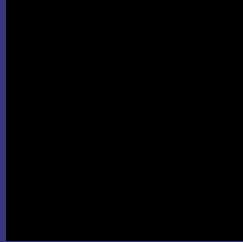
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 63.6320, -21.3700, 23.8620

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 63.6320, -21.3700, 23.8620.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 63.6320, -21.3700,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.6320, -21.3700, 23.8620

### Protanopia

51.3280, -59.1010, 8.3150

### Deuteranopia

51.1510, -54.4690, 1.4590



## Tritanopia

60.0130, -19.2100, -4.2820

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

63.6320, -21.3700, 23.8620

## Protanomaly

55.7320, -45.4390, 14.0250

## Deuteranomaly

55.6520, -42.4580, 9.5580

## Tritanomaly

61.4510, -20.0830, 6.0370

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

63.6320, -21.3700, 23.8620

## Achromatopsia

64.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

63.6760, -7.4750, 8.8210

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 63.6320, -21.3700, 23.8620 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(58, 54, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(58, 54, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(58, 54, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(58, 54, 128) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 63.6320, -21.3700, 23.8620 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(58, 54, 128) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(58, 54, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(58, 54, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(58, 54, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 54, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 54,  
128) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 63.6320, -21.3700, 23.8620 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(58, 54, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(58, 54,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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