

Converting Colors

YIQ(64.6650, -19.2510,
-31.0830)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(64.6650, -19.2510, -31.0830)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(64.6650, -19.2510,
-31.0830)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1B5A21
RGB	27, 90, 33
RGB Percent	11%, 35%, 13%
CMY	0.8943, 0.6469, 0.8706
CMYK	0.70, 0.00, 0.63, 0.65
HSL	126°, 54%, 23%
HSV	126°, 70%, 35%
XYZ	4.3835, 7.6589, 2.6855
YIQ	64.6650, -19.2510, -31.0830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

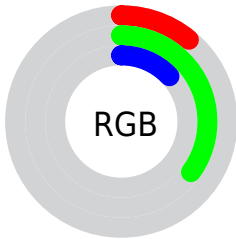
Format	Color
R_{YB}	27, 85, 90
Decimal	1792545
CIE _{Lab}	33.26, -33.03, 26.72
CIE _{LCh}	33, 42.482, 141.031
Yxy	7.6589, 0.2976, 0.5200
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279982625 (0xFF1B5A21)
YUV	64.6650, -15.6108, -33.0322
Hunter-Lab	27.6747, -20.1573, 13.6189

Details

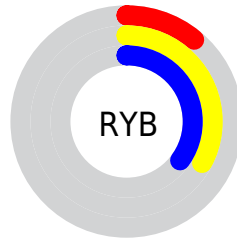
The YIQ color **64.6650, -19.2510, -31.0830** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **52.3350, 19.2510, 31.0830**, and the grayscale version is **65.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **115.6930, -16.4540, -32.2140**, and **25.2410, -11.8250, -22.4890** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.0620, -22.0470, -35.4790**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.2680, -16.4550, -26.6870**.

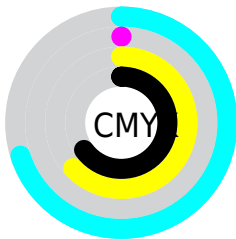
Distribution



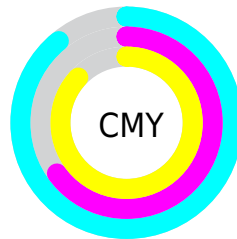
- Red (11%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Black (65%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 64.6650, -19.2510, -31.0830 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 64.6650, -19.2510, -31.0830 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 64.6650, -19.2510,
-31.0830

■ 64.6650, -19.2510,
-31.0830

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 39.8820, -21.3600,
-31.4080

■ 115.6930,
-16.4540, -32.2140

■ 25.2410, -11.8250,
-22.4890

■ 142.1660,
-16.4080, -33.0480

■ 11.7400, -5.5000,
-10.4600

■ 168.7530,
-16.6830, -33.5710

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 196.2260,
-16.6370, -34.4050

■ 224.6990,
-16.5910, -35.2390

■ 238.3230, -9.1200,

-21.9520

■ 249.8870, -1.4200,
-7.3080

■ 64.6650, -19.2510,
-31.0830

■ 64.6650, -19.2510,
-31.0830

■ 61.0620, -22.0470,
-35.4790

■ 68.2680, -16.4550,
-26.6870

■ 57.4590, -24.8430,
-39.8750

■ 71.8710, -13.6590,
-22.2910

■ 53.8560, -27.6390,
-44.2710

■ 75.4740, -10.8630,
-17.8950

■ 79.1910, -8.3880,
-13.1880

■ 82.7940, -5.5920,
-8.7920

■ 86.3970, -2.7960,
-4.3960

■ 90.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 93.6030, 2.7960,
4.3960

■ 97.2060, 5.5920,
8.7920

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.1780, 18.8490, -27.7350



64.6650, -19.2510, -31.0830



62.2290, -47.0820, -27.8020

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.6650, -19.2510, -31.0830



66.4250, -69.9200, 0.6400



74.6480, 51.6220, 22.6140

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.6650, -19.2510, -31.0830



52.3350, 19.2510, 31.0830

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.0290, 37.7280, 32.1280



64.6650, -19.2510, -31.0830



76.5550, -31.6390, 17.2330

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.6650, -19.2510, -31.0830



68.8240, -67.0300, -7.6860



80.4310, 10.1730, 30.4050



75.2710, 50.5250, 3.9410

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.6650, -19.2510, -31.0830



65.4380, -54.7400, -21.1720



80.4310, 10.1730, 30.4050



74.7280, 48.6410, 27.0810

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.6650, -19.2510, -31.0830



107.3160, -7.2420, -11.9300



81.3230, 17.2430, -20.6530



52.9190, -4.4460, -7.5340



186.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



59.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.6650, -19.2510, -31.0830



77.5520, -29.8390, -48.4550



68.1990, -29.2020, -21.4420



44.0490, -1.6960, -2.3040



65.8240, -33.7810, -54.1090



141.7410, -72.5580, -116.7980

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.3350, 19.2510, 31.0830



58.4480, 29.8390, 48.4550



48.8010, 29.2020, 21.4420



42.9510, 1.6960, 2.3040



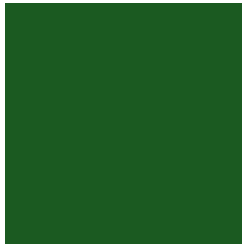
44.1760, 33.7810, 54.1090



95.2590, 72.5580, 116.7980

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 64.6650, -19.2510, -31.0830 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

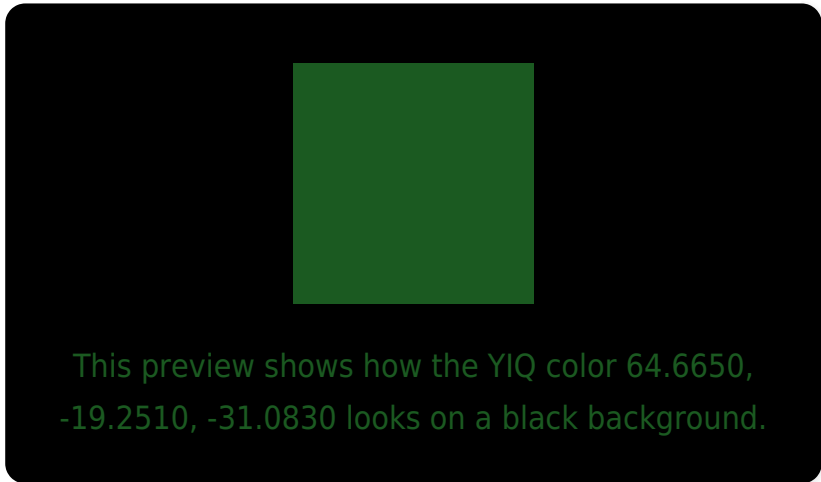
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 64.6650, -19.2510, -31.0830

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 64.6650, -19.2510, -31.0830.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 64.6650, -19.2510,

-31.0830.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

64.6650, -19.2510, -31.0830

Protanopia

75.2190, 20.7720, -13.0200

Deuteranopia

76.4740, 24.6680, -6.5320



Tritanopia

72.8380, -26.0870, -6.3030

Trichromacy



Original Color

64.6650, -19.2510, -31.0830

Protanomaly

71.1030, 6.2390, -19.4650

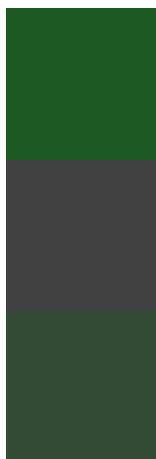
Deuteranomaly

72.2930, 8.7600, -15.5920

Tritanomaly

69.8240, -23.4720, -15.1520

Monochromacy



Original Color

64.6650, -19.2510, -31.0830

Achromatopsia

65.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

64.7290, -6.9670, -11.4070

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 64.6650, -19.2510, -31.0830 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(27, 90, 33)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(27, 90, 33)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(27, 90, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(27, 90, 33) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 64.6650, -19.2510, -31.0830 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(27, 90, 33) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(27, 90, 33) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(27, 90, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(27, 90, 33); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 90, 33);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 90, 33)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 64.6650, -19.2510, -31.0830 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(27, 90, 33) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(27, 90,  
33) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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