

Converting Colors

YIQ(66.0270, 49.2370, 27.2930)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(66.0270, 49.2370, 27.2930)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(66.0270, 49.2370,
27.2930)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	82233A
RGB	130, 35, 58
RGB Percent	51%, 14%, 23%
CMY	0.4900, 0.8629, 0.7724
CMYK	0.00, 0.73, 0.55, 0.49
HSL	345°, 58%, 32%
HSV	345°, 73%, 51%
XYZ	10.5801, 6.2563, 4.6590
YIQ	66.0270, 49.2370, 27.2930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

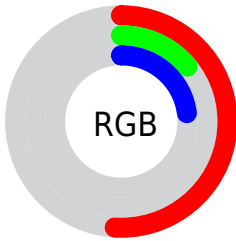
Format	Color
R_{YB}	130, 35, 58
Decimal	8528698
CIE Lab	30.05, 42.03, 9.44
CIE LCh	30, 43.077, 12.664
Yxy	6.2563, 0.4922, 0.2911
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286718778 (0xFF82233A)
YUV	66.0270, -3.9573, 56.1043
Hunter-Lab	25.0127, 31.7311, 6.4652

Details

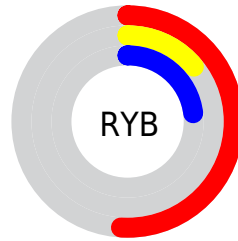
The YIQ color **66.0270, 49.2370, 27.2930** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **98.9730, -49.2370, -27.2930**, and the grayscale version is **66.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **118.9520, 53.8220, 26.7980**, and **24.2490, 39.5640, 20.8760** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57.2560, 56.0220, 30.9820**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74.7980, 42.4520, 23.6040**.

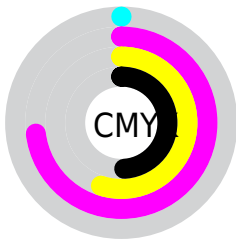
Distribution



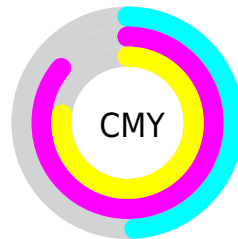
- Red (51%)
- Green (14%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (23%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 66.0270, 49.2370, 27.2930 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 66.0270, 49.2370, 27.2930 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 66.0270, 49.2370,
27.2930

■ 66.0270, 49.2370,
27.2930

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 35.3030, 48.6400,
32.6080

■ 118.9520, 53.8220,
26.7980

■ 24.2490, 39.5640,
20.8760

■ 146.0340, 56.5270,
27.3350

■ 15.7760, 30.3500,
11.6460

■ 173.5180, 58.0400,
27.4480

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 195.1360, 47.3120,
23.6320

■ 214.6500, 30.9450,
17.3850

■ 234.9790, 13.6610,

11.2370

253.8260, 0.5500,
1.0460

■ 66.0270, 49.2370,
27.2930

■ 66.0270, 49.2370,
27.2930

■ 57.2560, 56.0220,
30.9820

■ 74.7980, 42.4520,
23.6040

■ 48.4850, 62.8070,
34.6710

■ 83.5690, 35.6670,
19.9150

■ 42.5180, 67.2080,
37.5120

■ 92.3400, 28.8820,
16.2260

■ 100.9970, 22.4180,
12.2260

■ 109.7680, 15.6330,
8.5370

■ 118.5390, 8.8480,
4.8480

■ 127.3100, 2.0630,
1.1590

■ 136.0810, -4.7220,
-2.5300

■ 144.8520,
-11.5070, -6.2190

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.5600, 31.8590, 33.8670



66.0270, 49.2370, 27.2930



67.0310, 51.4410, 9.3690

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.0270, 49.2370, 27.2930



59.4230, -6.8260, -30.4900



62.3500, -65.3350, 0.1450

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.0270, 49.2370, 27.2930



98.9730, -49.2370, -27.2930

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.1190, -60.6110, -8.3790



66.0270, 49.2370, 27.2930



55.5950, -39.4250, -28.9050

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.0270, 49.2370, 27.2930



65.2650, 23.1580, -23.2260



60.0580, -50.6140, -18.8540



60.5950, -55.4790, 8.7530

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.0270, 49.2370, 27.2930



66.9190, 48.2800, -4.9360



60.0580, -50.6140, -18.8540



62.9540, -64.2800, -2.4560

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.0270, 49.2370, 27.2930



143.0890, 19.1630, 10.6430



67.0590, 11.8210, 44.5970



69.2620, 11.1860, 6.5300



212.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



84.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.0270, 49.2370, 27.2930



68.3560, 76.6520, 42.5720



77.4930, 50.0200, 7.5880



61.9080, 3.2550, 1.5830



42.5180, 67.2080, 37.5120



1.0110, 1.4670, 0.9470

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.0270, 49.2370, 27.2930



68.3560, 76.6520, 42.5720



87.5070, -50.0200, -7.5880



61.9080, 3.2550, 1.5830



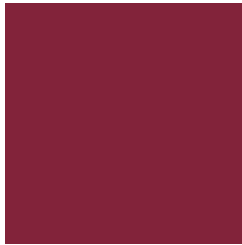
42.5180, 67.2080, 37.5120



1.0110, 1.4670, 0.9470

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 66.0270, 49.2370, 27.2930 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

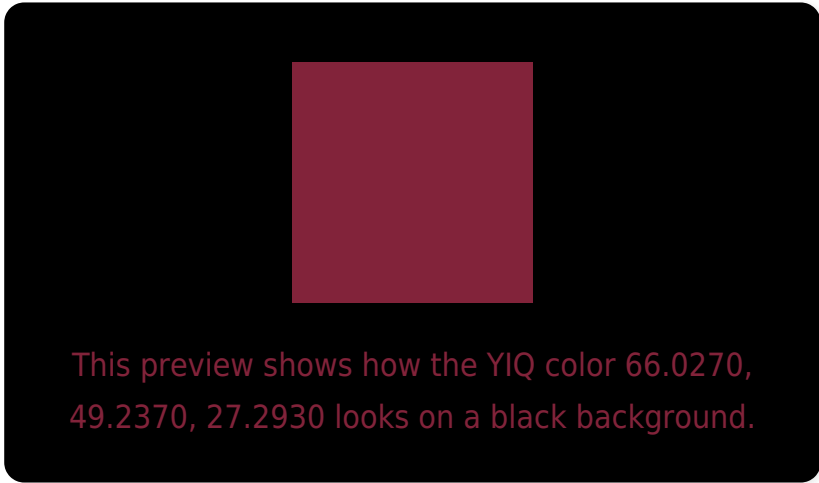
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

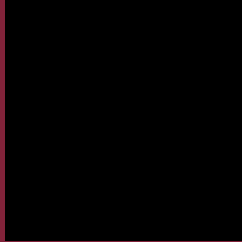
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 66.0270, 49.2370, 27.2930

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 66.0270, 49.2370, 27.2930.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 66.0270, 49.2370,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66.0270, 49.2370, 27.2930

Protanopia

72.4560, -1.2840, 1.2440

Deuteranopia

71.9600, 14.6720, -1.5840



Tritanopia

66.1380, 52.9980, 19.7020

Trichromacy



Original Color

66.0270, 49.2370, 27.2930

Protanomaly

70.3060, 17.0540, 10.3180

Deuteranomaly

69.9280, 26.8660, 8.7060

Tritanomaly

66.2350, 51.3470, 22.0910

Monochromacy



Original Color

66.0270, 49.2370, 27.2930

Achromatopsia

66.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

66.0780, 17.6960, 9.6960

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 66.0270, 49.2370, 27.2930 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 35, 58)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 35, 58)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 35, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 35, 58) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 66.0270, 49.2370, 27.2930 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 35, 58) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 35, 58) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 35, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 35, 58); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 35, 58);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 35,  
58) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 66.0270, 49.2370, 27.2930 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 35, 58) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130, 35,  
58) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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