

Converting Colors

YIQ(66.3150, -4.3600, 23.9600)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(66.3150, -4.3600, 23.9600)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(66.3150, -4.3600,
23.9600)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4D3470
RGB	77, 52, 112
RGB Percent	30%, 20%, 44%
CMY	0.6979, 0.7961, 0.5608
CMYK	0.31, 0.54, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	265°, 37%, 32%
HSV	265°, 54%, 44%
XYZ	7.2138, 5.2034, 15.9486
YIQ	66.3150, -4.3600, 23.9600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

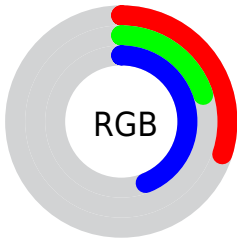
Format	Color
R_{YB}	77, 52, 112
Decimal	5059696
CIE _{Lab}	27.31, 25.03, -30.76
CIE _{LCh}	27, 39.657, 309.136
Yxy	5.2034, 0.2543, 0.1834
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283249776 (0xFF4D3470)
YUV	66.3150, 22.5227, 9.3707
Hunter-Lab	22.8109, 16.5306, -25.4861

Details

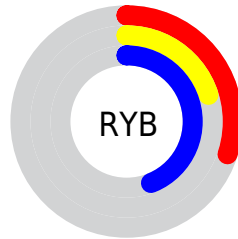
The YIQ color **66.3150, -4.3600, 23.9600** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **97.6850, 4.3600, -23.9600**, and the grayscale version is **66.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **115.0810, -3.5810, 26.3630**, and **21.2500, -5.7350, 21.3450** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.0640, -4.9110, 28.4410**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74.8650, -3.2130, 19.6910**.

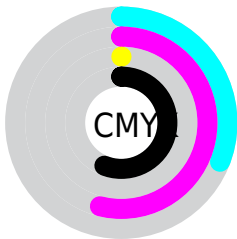
Distribution



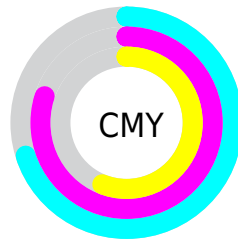
- Red (30%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 66.3150, -4.3600, 23.9600 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 66.3150, -4.3600, 23.9600 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 66.3150, -4.3600,
23.9600

■ 66.3150, -4.3600,
23.9600

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 43.3750, -4.5890,
22.6030

■ 115.0810, -3.5810,
26.3630

■ 21.2500, -5.7350,
21.3450

■ 140.9070, -3.0310,
27.4090

■ 4.6740, -13.1610,
12.7510

■ 167.4340, -3.0770,
28.2430

■ 2.7530, -6.3740,
5.3860

■ 194.9610, -3.1230,
29.0770

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 220.8660, 4.2140,
22.7580

■ 242.0860, 6.0500,

11.5060

■ 66.3150, -4.3600,
23.9600

■ 66.3150, -4.3600,
23.9600

■ 58.0640, -4.9110,
28.4410

■ 74.8650, -3.2130,
19.6910

■ 49.5140, -6.0580,
32.7100

■ 83.1160, -2.6620,
15.2100

■ 40.3770, -6.9300,
37.5020

■ 92.2530, -1.7900,
10.4180

■ 32.1260, -7.4810,
41.9830

■ 100.5040, -1.2390,
5.9370

■ 26.8210, -7.9400,
44.7960

■ 109.0540, -0.0920,
1.6680

■ 117.3050, 0.4590,
-2.8130

■ 125.8550, 1.6060,
-7.0820

■ 134.6930, 1.8820,
-12.0860

■ 143.2430, 3.0290,
-16.3550

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.4050, -58.0000, 4.8800



66.3150, -4.3600, 23.9600



64.2170, 25.3950, 29.8670

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.3150, -4.3600, 23.9600



61.1030, 41.7700, -8.1020



54.1080, -44.8830, -18.0910

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.3150, -4.3600, 23.9600



97.6850, 4.3600, -23.9600

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.9870, -34.6570, -27.2090



66.3150, -4.3600, 23.9600



59.6720, 23.5700, -19.6780

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.3150, -4.3600, 23.9600



61.0460, 47.0850, 11.2210



55.1680, -1.5540, -26.9140



57.4140, -54.1920, -9.0720

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.3150, -4.3600, 23.9600



61.4050, 39.4250, 28.9050



55.1680, -1.5540, -26.9140



52.9680, -41.6730, -21.2010

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.3150, -4.3600, 23.9600



127.6120, -1.4230, 9.2730



79.3850, -28.8850, 0.3550



63.3900, -0.9180, 5.6260



201.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



74.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.3150, -4.3600, 23.9600



74.2630, -6.6090, 37.1910



75.2850, 13.5200, 30.3200



51.5810, -0.1380, 2.5020



28.6300, -8.7200, 47.9200



58.9550, -17.8990, 98.6530

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.9300, 24.5250, 23.6050



86.0770, 37.7730, 36.8210



88.7150, -13.5200, -30.3200



52.2500, 2.2920, 2.5160



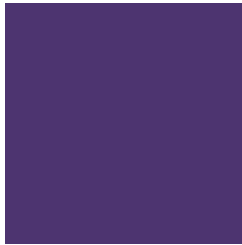
43.8600, 49.0500, 47.2100



90.2690, 100.9880, 97.1480

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 66.3150, -4.3600, 23.9600 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 66.3150, -4.3600, 23.9600 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 66.3150, -4.3600, 23.9600

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 66.3150, -4.3600, 23.9600.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 66.3150, -4.3600,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66.3150, -4.3600, 23.9600

Protanopia

60.5710, -37.7360, 12.0880

Deuteranopia

60.7470, -32.6000, 7.1120



Tritanopia

65.3640, 1.9710, 2.8270

Trichromacy



Original Color

66.3150, -4.3600, 23.9600

Protanomaly

62.5510, -25.8160, 16.3280

Deuteranomaly

62.7100, -22.0100, 13.4300

Tritanomaly

65.7370, -0.2770, 10.5310

Monochromacy



Original Color

66.3150, -4.3600, 23.9600

Achromatopsia

66.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

66.1990, -1.6980, 8.7500

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 66.3150, -4.3600, 23.9600 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 52, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 52, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 52, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 52, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 66.3150, -4.3600, 23.9600 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 52, 112) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 52, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(77, 52, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 52, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 52, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 52,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 66.3150, -4.3600, 23.9600 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 52, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 52,  
112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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