

Converting Colors

YIQ(66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190)
contains.

YIQ(66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

YIQ(66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	494041
RGB	73, 64, 65
RGB Percent	29%, 25%, 25%
CMY	0.7137, 0.7490, 0.7451
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.11, 0.71
HSL	353°, 7%, 27%
HSV	353°, 12%, 29%
XYZ	5.5355, 5.4648, 5.7648
YIQ	66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

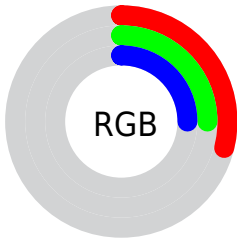
Format	Color
RYB	73, 64, 65
Decimal	4800577
CIELab	28.02, 4.07, 0.80
CIELCh	28, 4.147, 11.073
Yxy	5.4648, 0.3302, 0.3260
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282990657 (0xFF494041)
YUV	66.8050, -0.8899, 5.4330
Hunter-Lab	23.3768, 1.3586, 1.7426

Details

The YIQ color **66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **70.1950, -5.0430, -2.2190**, and the grayscale version is **67.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **115.1040, 5.6390, 2.4310**, and **24.2070, 3.8510, 1.7950** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62.0120, 8.8940, 4.0140**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71.5980, 1.1920, 0.4240**.

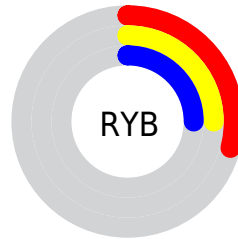
Distribution



 Red (29%)

 Green (25%)

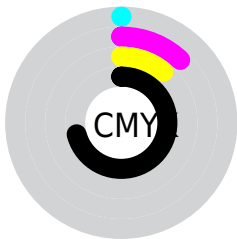
 Blue (25%)



 Red (29%)

 Yellow (25%)

 Blue (25%)

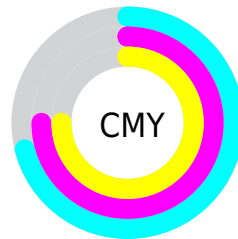


 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (12%)

 Yellow (11%)

 Black (71%)



 Cyan (71%)

 Magenta (75%)

 Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 66.8050, 5.0430,
2.2190

■ 66.8050, 5.0430,
2.2190

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 44.5060, 4.4470,
2.0070

■ 115.1040, 5.6390,
2.4310

■ 24.2070, 3.8510,
1.7950

■ 140.1040, 5.6390,
2.4310

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 166.4030, 6.2350,
2.6430

■ 193.5170, 5.9140,
2.9540

■ 221.4030, 6.2350,
2.6430

■ 249.5060, 4.4470,

2.0070

■ 66.8050, 5.0430,
2.2190

■ 66.8050, 5.0430,
2.2190

■ 62.0120, 8.8940,
4.0140

■ 71.5980, 1.1920,
0.4240

■ 56.5180, 13.3410,
6.0210

■ 77.0920, -3.2550,
-1.5830

■ 51.7250, 17.1920,
7.8160

■ 81.8850, -7.1060,
-3.3780

■ 46.8180, 21.3640,
9.3000

■ 86.7920, -11.2780,
-4.8620

■ 41.4380, 25.4900,
11.6180

■ 92.1720, -15.4040,
-7.1800

■ 36.5310, 29.6620,
13.1020

■ 97.0790, -19.5760,
-8.6640

■ 31.7380, 33.5130,
14.8970

■ 101.8720,
-23.4270, -10.4590

■ 26.8310, 37.6850,
16.3810

■ 106.7790,
-27.5990, -11.9430

■ 22.7390, 40.9400,
17.9640

■ 112.1590,
-31.7250, -14.2610

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.5490, 2.8880, 2.7280



66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190



66.4630, 6.0060, 1.2860

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190



65.4190, 0.1380, -2.5020



65.7760, -5.1810, 0.2830

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190



70.1950, -5.0430, -2.2190

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.5370, -6.0060, -1.2860



66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190



65.4510, -2.8880, -2.7280

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190



65.9140, 3.1180, -1.4420



65.1950, -5.0430, -2.2190



66.0860, -3.1180, 1.4420

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190



66.6370, 5.4560, 0.2400



65.1950, -5.0430, -2.2190



65.4770, -5.7770, 0.0710

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190



91.8970, 1.7880, 0.6360



67.4180, 1.8790, 4.4950



46.5980, 1.1920, 0.4240



176.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



48.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190



84.4140, 7.7020, 3.5900



68.4520, 4.5390, 0.3390



33.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590



30.8550, 55.4730, 24.4090



70.7230, 127.2670, 55.8990

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190



84.4140, 7.7020, 3.5900



68.5480, -4.5390, -0.3390



33.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590



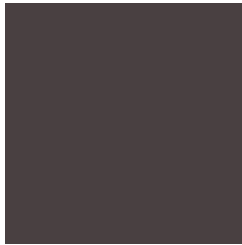
30.8550, 55.4730, 24.4090



70.7230, 127.2670, 55.8990

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

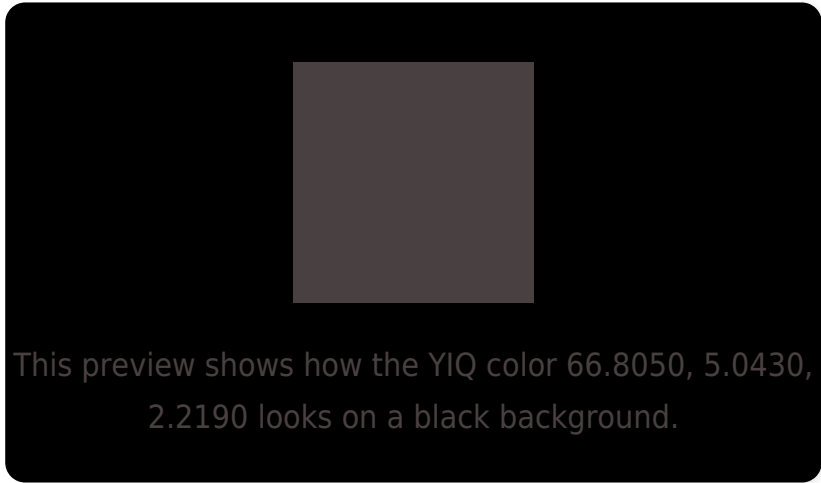
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

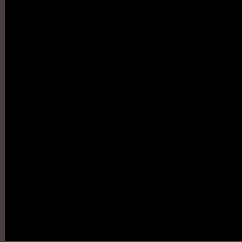
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190.

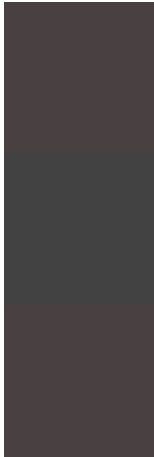


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190

Protanopia

66.2990, 0.5960, 0.2120

Deuteranopia

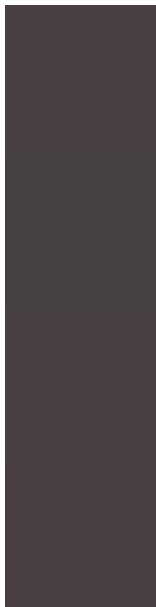
66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190



Tritanopia

66.5600, 4.3550, 3.6750

Trichromacy



Original Color

66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190

Protanomaly

66.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590

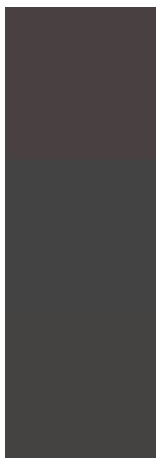
Deuteranomaly

66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190

Tritanomaly

66.4460, 4.6760, 3.3640

Monochromacy



Original Color

66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190

Achromatopsia

67.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

66.8970, 1.7880, 0.6360

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 64, 65)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(73, 64, 65)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 64, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 64, 65) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 64, 65) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 64, 65) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 64, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(73, 64, 65); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 64, 65);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 64, 65)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 66.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 64, 65) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 64,  
65) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor