

Converting Colors

YIQ(66.8880, -12.3290,
-24.3690)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(66.8880, -12.3290, -24.3690)
contains.

YIQ(66.8880, -12.3290, -24.3690)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(66.8880, -12.3290,
-24.3690)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	285627
RGB	40, 86, 39
RGB Percent	16%, 34%, 15%
CMY	0.8433, 0.6627, 0.8471
CMYK	0.54, 0.00, 0.55, 0.66
HSL	119°, 38%, 25%
HSV	119°, 55%, 34%
XYZ	4.5692, 7.2555, 3.0788
YIQ	66.8880, -12.3290, -24.3690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

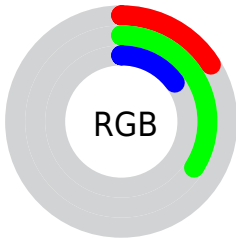
Format	Color
R_YB	39, 86, 85
Decimal	2643495
CIE _{Lab}	32.38, -26.74, 22.49
CIE _{LCh}	32, 34.936, 139.937
Yxy	7.2555, 0.3066, 0.4868
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280833575 (0xFF285627)
YUV	66.8880, -13.7488, -23.5808
Hunter-Lab	26.9361, -16.8591, 12.0784

Details

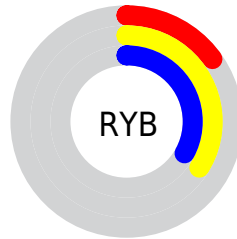
The YIQ color **66.8880, -12.3290, -24.3690** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **58.1120, 12.3290, 24.3690**, and the grayscale version is **67.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **116.1330, -11.6410, -25.8250**, and **23.4800, -11.0000, -20.9200** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63.4700, -14.2080, -28.8640**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70.3060, -10.4500, -19.8740**.

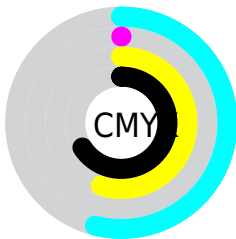
Distribution



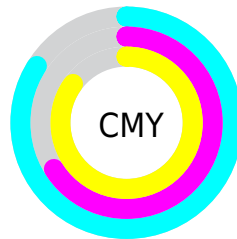
- Red (16%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Black (66%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (85%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 66.8880, -12.3290, -24.3690 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 66.8880, -12.3290, -24.3690 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 66.8880, -12.3290,
-24.3690

■ 66.8880, -12.3290,
-24.3690

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 42.5180, -14.1630,
-24.1710

■ 116.1330,
-11.6410, -25.8250

■ 23.4800, -11.0000,
-20.9200

■ 142.6060,
-11.5950, -26.6590

■ 8.8050, -4.1250,
-7.8450

■ 169.0790,
-11.5490, -27.4930

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 196.6660,
-11.8240, -28.0160

■ 224.5520,
-11.5030, -28.3270

■ 241.3990, -6.2780,

-18.3900

253.2620, 2.0180,
-3.5340

66.8880, -12.3290,
-24.3690

66.8880, -12.3290,
-24.3690

63.4700, -14.2080,
-28.8640

70.3060, -10.4500,
-19.8740

59.8670, -17.0040,
-33.2600

73.9090, -7.6540,
-15.4780

56.4490, -18.8830,
-37.7550

77.3270, -5.7750,
-10.9830

52.8460, -21.6790,
-42.1510

80.9300, -2.9790,
-6.5870

51.0800, -22.4580,
-44.5540

84.3480, -1.1000,
-2.0920

■ 88.0650, 1.3750,
2.6150

■ 91.3690, 3.5750,
6.7990

■ 94.7870, 5.4540,
11.2940

■ 98.3900, 8.2500,
15.6900

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.0670, 15.0880, -20.1440



66.8880, -12.3290, -24.3690



59.7670, -45.6610, -26.0210

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.8880, -12.3290, -24.3690



62.9540, -64.2800, -2.4560



74.9240, 41.8570, 17.8650

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.8880, -12.3290, -24.3690



58.1120, 12.3290, 24.3690

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.9200, 30.4850, 25.7250



66.8880, -12.3290, -24.3690



75.3830, -25.4030, 14.3490

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.8880, -12.3290, -24.3690



64.5210, -61.8030, -8.8030



78.7740, 7.4690, 24.3410



75.0790, 42.3180, 3.9980

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.8880, -12.3290, -24.3690



62.5200, -52.0350, -20.6350



78.7740, 7.4690, 24.3410



75.3630, 39.2430, 21.1870

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.8880, -12.3290, -24.3690



104.8650, -4.3540, -9.2020



79.4680, 15.6370, -13.5710



51.7560, -2.4290, -5.5410



184.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



56.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.8880, -12.3290, -24.3690



82.0360, -19.1580, -38.2780



69.0970, -19.9870, -17.7390



41.3480, -1.1000, -2.0920



63.4070, -28.2330, -55.5370



139.4400, -61.6450, -121.8450

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.1120, 12.3290, 24.3690



68.2630, 19.7540, 38.4900



55.9030, 19.9870, 17.7390



40.6520, 1.1000, 2.0920



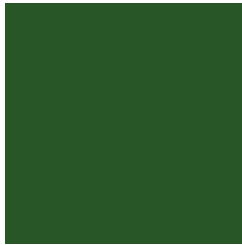
43.5930, 28.2330, 55.5370



95.5600, 61.6450, 121.8450

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 66.8880, -12.3290, -24.3690 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

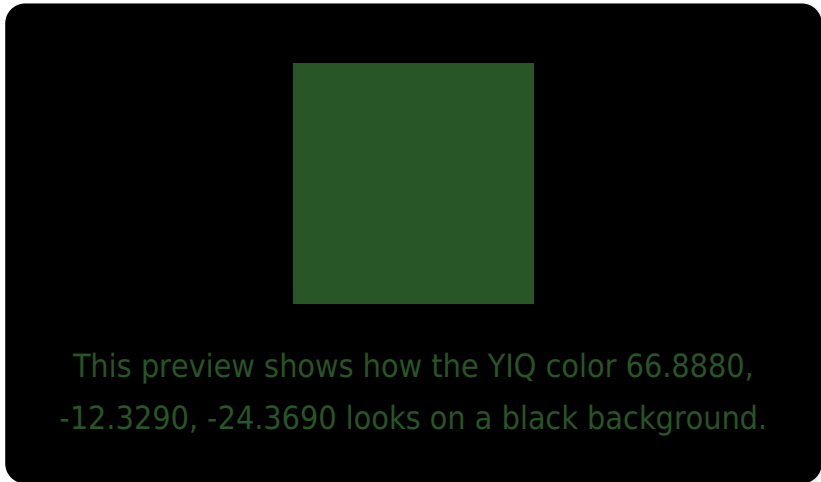
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

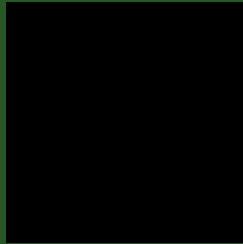
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 66.8880, -12.3290, -24.3690

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 66.8880, -12.3290, -24.3690.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 66.8880, -12.3290,

-24.3690.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66.8880, -12.3290, -24.3690

Protanopia

73.8320, 17.6080, -10.7440

Deuteranopia

74.9730, 21.8250, -4.5670



Tritanopia

72.7140, -19.8060, -4.4940

Trichromacy



Original Color

66.8880, -12.3290, -24.3690

Protanomaly

71.5100, 6.6510, -15.9170

Deuteranomaly

72.1130, 9.4470, -11.5210

Tritanomaly

70.7540, -17.2830, -11.6750

Monochromacy



Original Color

66.8880, -12.3290, -24.3690

Achromatopsia

67.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

66.9790, -4.6750, -8.8910

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 66.8880, -12.3290, -24.3690 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(40, 86, 39)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(40, 86, 39)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(40, 86, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(40, 86, 39) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 66.8880, -12.3290, -24.3690 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(40, 86, 39) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(40, 86, 39) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(40, 86, 39)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(40, 86, 39); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 86, 39);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 86, 39)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 66.8880, -12.3290, -24.3690 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(40, 86, 39) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(40, 86,  
39) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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