

Converting Colors

YIQ(66.9870, 11.1830, 23.1110)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(66.9870, 11.1830, 23.1110)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(66.9870, 11.1830,
23.1110)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 5C315E |
| RGB | 92, 49, 94 |
| RGB Percent | 36%, 19%, 37% |
| CMY | 0.6391, 0.8079, 0.6314 |
| CMYK | 0.02, 0.48, 0.00, 0.63 |
| HSL | 297°, 31%, 28% |
| HSV | 297°, 48%, 37% |
| XYZ | 7.5350, 5.2803, 11.2123 |
| YIQ | 66.9870, 11.1830, 23.1110 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

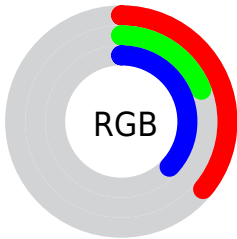
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| RYB | 92, 49, 94 |
| Decimal | 6041950 |
| CIELab | 27.52, 27.21, -18.71 |
| CIElCh | 28, 33.023, 325.486 |
| Yxy | 5.2803, 0.3136, 0.2198 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4284232030 (0xFF5C315E) |
| YUV | 66.9870, 13.3174, 21.9364 |
| Hunter-Lab | 22.9790, 18.3184, -12.8445 |

Details

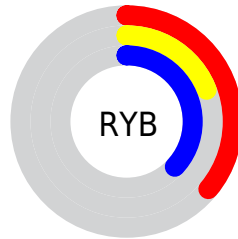
The YIQ color **66.9870, 11.1830, 23.1110** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **76.0130, -11.1830, -23.1110**, and the grayscale version is **67.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **116.2260, 12.0080, 24.6800**, and **20.9760, 9.7160, 22.1640** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.7040, 13.6580, 27.8180**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.2700, 8.7080, 18.4040**.

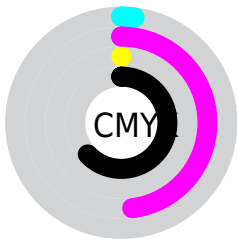
Distribution



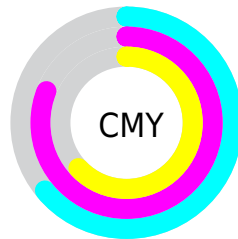
- Red (36%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (63%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 66.9870, 11.1830, 23.1110 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 66.9870, 11.1830, 23.1110 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

66.9870, 11.1830,
23.1110

66.9870, 11.1830,
23.1110

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

43.5740, 10.9080,
22.5880

116.2260, 12.0080,
24.6800

20.9760, 9.7160,
22.1640

141.9380, 12.8790,
25.4150

9.6560, 4.4450,
13.0610

168.7640, 13.4290,
26.4610

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

196.1770, 13.7040,
26.9840

224.4760, 14.3000,
27.1960

240.9120, 6.6000,

12.5520

■ 66.9870, 11.1830,
23.1110

■ 66.9870, 11.1830,
23.1110

■ 61.7040, 13.6580,
27.8180

■ 72.2700, 8.7080,
18.4040

■ 55.5350, 15.8120,
32.8360

■ 78.4390, 6.5540,
13.3860

■ 50.2520, 18.2870,
37.5430

■ 83.7220, 4.0790,
8.6790

■ 44.0830, 20.4410,
42.5610

■ 89.8910, 1.9250,
3.6610

■ 38.8000, 22.9160,
47.2680

■ 95.1740, -0.5500,
-1.0460

■ 37.6260, 23.4660,
48.3140

■ 100.7560, -2.4290,
-5.5410

■ 106.6260, -5.1790,
-10.7710

■ 111.9090, -7.6540,
-15.4780

■ 118.0780, -9.8080,
-20.4960

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.5150, -16.9670, 15.6490



66.9870, 11.1830, 23.1110



64.9260, 30.3480, 22.7000

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.9870, 11.1830, 23.1110



61.7530, 28.0160, -12.1440



55.0030, -48.7810, -13.5250

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.9870, 11.1830, 23.1110



76.0130, -11.1830, -23.1110

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.0390, -40.4350, -21.6110



66.9870, 11.1830, 23.1110



59.8430, 9.9070, -19.8610

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.9870, 11.1830, 23.1110



63.6330, 37.6420, 0.6340



54.8920, -18.1520, -23.4640



56.1090, -54.6510, -6.2590

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.9870, 11.1830, 23.1110



63.8850, 37.5930, 18.0490



54.8920, -18.1520, -23.4640



54.0910, -46.2130, -16.0130

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.9870, 11.1830, 23.1110



112.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910



55.3040, -14.9950, 12.9490



55.1300, 2.7500, 5.2300



189.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



61.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.9870, 11.1830, 23.1110



80.6000, 17.1870, 35.4510



65.3050, 18.7950, 17.3150



43.0650, 1.3750, 2.6150



43.9350, 27.2700, 56.4700



94.8910, 59.2150, 121.8310

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.6830, 26.1780, 10.1620



73.9730, 40.1610, 15.5610



77.6950, -18.7950, -17.3150



42.6090, 2.6590, 1.3710



33.4600, 63.9550, 24.8750



72.0030, 138.0420, 53.3540

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 66.9870, 11.1830, 23.1110 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

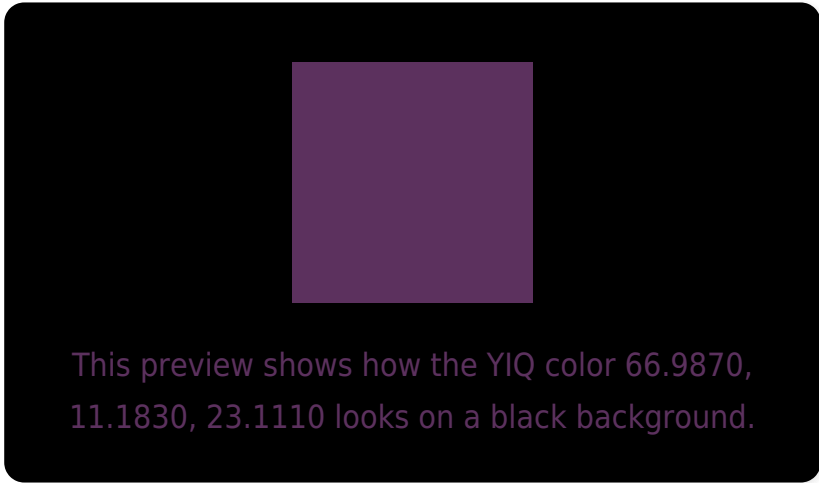
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

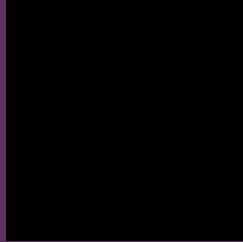
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 66.9870, 11.1830, 23.1110

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 66.9870, 11.1830, 23.1110.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 66.9870, 11.1830,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66.9870, 11.1830, 23.1110

Protanopia

64.4170, -22.7430, 10.1930

Deuteranopia

65.5720, -13.1140, 6.3900



Tritanopia

66.7250, 17.1920, 7.8160

Trichromacy



Original Color

66.9870, 11.1830, 23.1110

Protanomaly

65.6960, -10.2270, 14.6450

Deuteranomaly

66.0510, -4.0370, 12.5950

Tritanomaly

66.6310, 14.7610, 13.3290

Monochromacy



Original Color

66.9870, 11.1830, 23.1110

Achromatopsia

67.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

66.7220, 4.0790, 8.6790

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 66.9870, 11.1830, 23.1110 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 49, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 49, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 49, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 49, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 66.9870, 11.1830, 23.1110 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 49, 94) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 49, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 49, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 49, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 49, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 49, 94)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 66.9870, 11.1830, 23.1110 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 49, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 49,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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