

Converting Colors

YIQ(67.6270, 3.3890, 21.1890)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(67.6270, 3.3890, 21.1890)
contains.

YIQ(67.6270, 3.3890, 21.1890)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(67.6270, 3.3890,
21.1890)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	543564
RGB	84, 53, 100
RGB Percent	33%, 21%, 39%
CMY	0.6705, 0.7922, 0.6079
CMYK	0.16, 0.47, 0.00, 0.61
HSL	280°, 31%, 30%
HSV	280°, 47%, 39%
XYZ	7.2310, 5.3510, 12.7068
YIQ	67.6270, 3.3890, 21.1890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

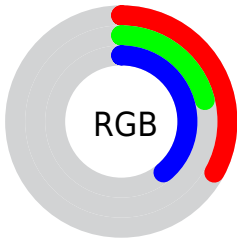
Format	Color
R_{YB}	84, 53, 100
Decimal	5518692
CIE _{Lab}	27.71, 23.45, -22.37
CIE _{LCh}	28, 32.408, 316.348
Yxy	5.3510, 0.2859, 0.2116
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283708772 (0xFF543564)
YUV	67.6270, 15.9599, 14.3591
Hunter-Lab	23.1323, 15.3162, -16.3760

Details

The YIQ color $[67.6270, 3.3890, 21.1890]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 663366 . A complement of this color would be $[85.3730, -3.3890, -21.1890]$, and the grayscale version is $[67.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[116.8660, 4.2140, 22.7580]$, and $[22.3880, 2.5640, 19.6200]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[60.8600, 4.3510, 25.7830]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[74.3940, 2.4270, 16.5950]$.

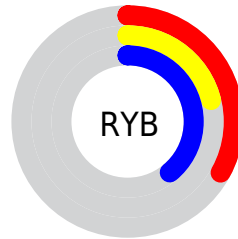
Distribution



 Red (33%)

 Green (21%)

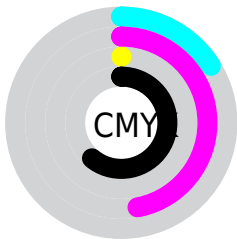
 Blue (39%)



 Red (33%)

 Yellow (21%)

 Blue (39%)

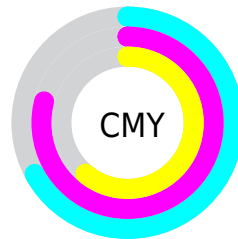


 Cyan (16%)

 Magenta (47%)

 Yellow (0%)

 Black (61%)



 Cyan (67%)

 Magenta (79%)

 Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 67.6270, 3.3890, 21.1890 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 67.6270, 3.3890, 21.1890 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

67.6270, 3.3890,
21.1890

67.6270, 3.3890,
21.1890

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

44.8010, 2.8390,
20.1430

116.2790, 4.4890,
23.2810

22.3880, 2.5640,
19.6200

142.3930, 4.1680,
23.5920

7.5350, -2.5240,
12.7080

169.1050, 5.0390,
24.3270

0.3420, -0.9630,
0.9330

196.6320, 4.9930,
25.1610

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

223.2470, 7.5150,
23.5070

243.2600, 5.5000,

10.4600

■ 67.6270, 3.3890,
21.1890

■ 67.6270, 3.3890,
21.1890

■ 60.8600, 4.3510,
25.7830

■ 74.3940, 2.4270,
16.5950

■ 53.7940, 4.7170,
30.1650

■ 81.4600, 2.0610,
12.2130

■ 47.0270, 5.6790,
34.7590

■ 88.2270, 1.0990,
7.6190

■ 39.9610, 6.0450,
39.1410

■ 95.2930, 0.7330,
3.2370

■ 33.1940, 7.0070,
43.7350

■ 102.0600, -0.2290,
-1.3570

■ 31.1340, 7.2360,
45.0920

■ 108.8270, -1.1910,
-5.9510

■ 115.8930, -1.5570,
-10.3330

■ 122.6600, -2.5190,
-14.9270

■ 129.7260, -2.8850,
-19.3090

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.3180, -26.7780, 11.7340



67.6270, 3.3890, 21.1890



66.1150, 25.4420, 23.5060

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.6270, 3.3890, 21.1890



63.1280, 31.4540, -8.3700



54.2050, -46.5340, -15.7020

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.6270, 3.3890, 21.1890



85.3730, -3.3890, -21.1890

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.2410, -38.1880, -23.7880



67.6270, 3.3890, 21.1890



61.1320, 16.4630, -17.5290

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.6270, 3.3890, 21.1890



63.8660, 38.6040, 5.2280



57.8070, -7.6070, -21.8390



56.1260, -53.3210, -8.3370

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.6270, 3.3890, 21.1890



64.4980, 34.4290, 20.3250



57.8070, -7.6070, -21.8390



53.1790, -43.6450, -18.5010

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.6270, 3.3890, 21.1890



117.6400, 1.3740, 8.1420



67.7500, -19.4870, 6.2490



58.3470, 0.6410, 4.9050



194.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



66.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.6270, 3.3890, 21.1890



79.6740, 5.1750, 32.8790



71.6130, 15.1720, 22.4040



47.4670, 0.1830, 2.1910



35.8340, 8.3810, 51.8770



75.4280, 17.6780, 109.1820

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.8770, 22.8760, 14.9400



81.6770, 35.4830, 23.2510



81.3870, -15.1720, -22.4040



47.7230, 2.3380, 1.6820



38.8310, 56.0210, 36.5090



81.7060, 117.9100, 76.8060

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 67.6270, 3.3890, 21.1890 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 67.6270, 3.3890, 21.1890 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

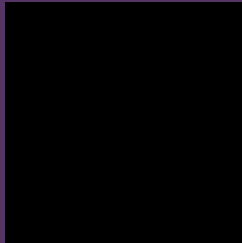
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 67.6270, 3.3890, 21.1890

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 67.6270, 3.3890, 21.1890.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 67.6270, 3.3890,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

67.6270, 3.3890, 21.1890

Protanopia

64.1610, -24.8980, 10.7020

Deuteranopia

64.8750, -18.3410, 7.5070



Tritanopia

66.9520, 9.1230, 5.3710

Trichromacy



Original Color

67.6270, 3.3890, 21.1890

Protanomaly

65.2440, -14.7660, 14.3060

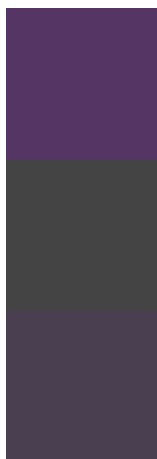
Deuteranomaly

66.2290, -10.4100, 12.4540

Tritanomaly

67.1570, 7.2880, 11.0960

Monochromacy



Original Color

67.6270, 3.3890, 21.1890

Achromatopsia

68.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

68.2270, 1.0990, 7.6190

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 67.6270, 3.3890, 21.1890 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(84, 53, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 53, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 53, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 53, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 67.6270, 3.3890, 21.1890 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 53, 100) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 53, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(84, 53, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 53, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 53, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 53,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 67.6270, 3.3890, 21.1890 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 53, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 53,  
100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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