

Converting Colors

YIQ(67.6550, 32.5490, 21.3570)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(67.6550, 32.5490, 21.3570)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(67.6550, 32.5490,
21.3570)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	702D44
RGB	112, 45, 68
RGB Percent	44%, 18%, 27%
CMY	0.5606, 0.8236, 0.7332
CMYK	0.00, 0.60, 0.39, 0.56
HSL	339°, 43%, 31%
HSV	339°, 60%, 44%
XYZ	8.6693, 5.7400, 6.1244
YIQ	67.6550, 32.5490, 21.3570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

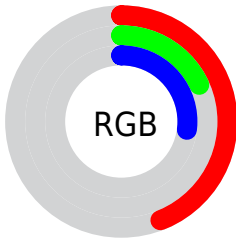
Format	Color
R_{YB}	112, 45, 68
Decimal	7351620
CIE Lab	28.75, 32.20, 0.52
CIE LCh	29, 32.201, 0.925
Yxy	5.7400, 0.4222, 0.2795
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285541700 (0xFF702D44)
YUV	67.6550, 0.1701, 38.8906
Hunter-Lab	23.9583, 22.6633, 1.6146

Details

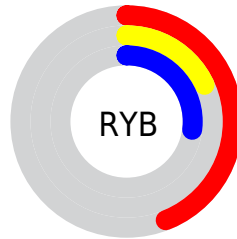
The YIQ color **67.6550, 32.5490, 21.3570** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **89.3450, -32.5490, -21.3570**, and the grayscale version is **68.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **118.0360, 35.8500, 22.1060**, and **20.7900, 27.7350, 20.4950** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60.4000, 37.8210, 24.9330**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74.9100, 27.2770, 17.7810**.

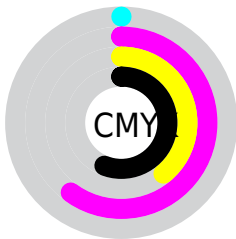
Distribution



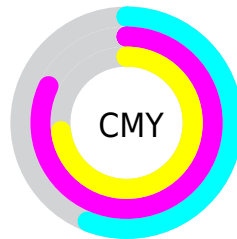
- Red (44%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 67.6550, 32.5490, 21.3570 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 67.6550, 32.5490, 21.3570 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

67.6550, 32.5490,
21.3570

67.6550, 32.5490,
21.3570

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

42.6980, 30.9900,
22.0780

118.0360, 35.8500,
22.1060

21.0890, 28.3310,
20.7070

144.0470, 37.3170,
23.0530

12.0740, 23.5190,
8.7910

171.5310, 38.8300,
23.1660

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

199.1290, 40.0220,
23.5900

219.0670, 25.3970,
18.8130

239.3960, 8.1130,

12.6650

■ 67.6550, 32.5490,
21.3570

■ 67.6550, 32.5490,
21.3570

■ 60.4000, 37.8210,
24.9330

■ 74.9100, 27.2770,
17.7810

■ 53.0310, 43.4140,
28.1980

■ 82.2790, 21.6840,
14.5160

■ 45.1890, 48.9610,
32.2970

■ 90.1210, 16.1370,
10.4170

■ 37.9340, 54.2330,
35.8730

■ 97.3760, 10.8650,
6.8410

■ 104.7450, 5.2720,
3.5760

■ 112.0000, -0.0000,
0.0000

■ 119.3690, -5.5930,
-3.2650

■ 127.2110,
-11.1400, -7.3640

■ 134.4660,
-16.4120, -10.9400

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.0260, 15.4470, 22.9270



67.6550, 32.5490, 21.3570



66.6800, 39.4280, 12.3240

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.6550, 32.5490, 21.3570



62.3910, 5.3680, -20.2000



57.8530, -56.8060, -5.7500

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.6550, 32.5490, 21.3570



89.3450, -32.5490, -21.3570

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.9750, -51.5780, -12.3940



67.6550, 32.5490, 21.3570



55.9560, -24.2040, -23.9160

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.6550, 32.5490, 21.3570



64.8450, 24.7610, -13.7270



54.7120, -43.8280, -20.6920



55.6240, -54.4230, 0.6250

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.6550, 32.5490, 21.3570



66.5130, 38.1000, 3.3480



54.7120, -43.8280, -20.6920



57.8700, -55.4760, -7.8280

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.6550, 32.5490, 21.3570



127.8000, 12.6070, 8.3110



65.7940, 4.7170, 30.1650



63.3540, 7.9310, 4.9470



201.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



74.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.6550, 32.5490, 21.3570



76.2000, 50.4280, 33.2440



70.9030, 37.1820, 8.9740



52.0220, 2.9340, 1.8940



40.5540, 58.3590, 38.1910



83.5430, 119.9270, 78.7990

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.6550, 32.5490, 21.3570



76.2000, 50.4280, 33.2440



86.0970, -37.1820, -8.9740



52.0220, 2.9340, 1.8940



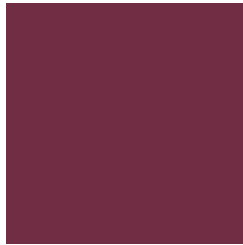
40.5540, 58.3590, 38.1910



83.5430, 119.9270, 78.7990

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 67.6550, 32.5490, 21.3570 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

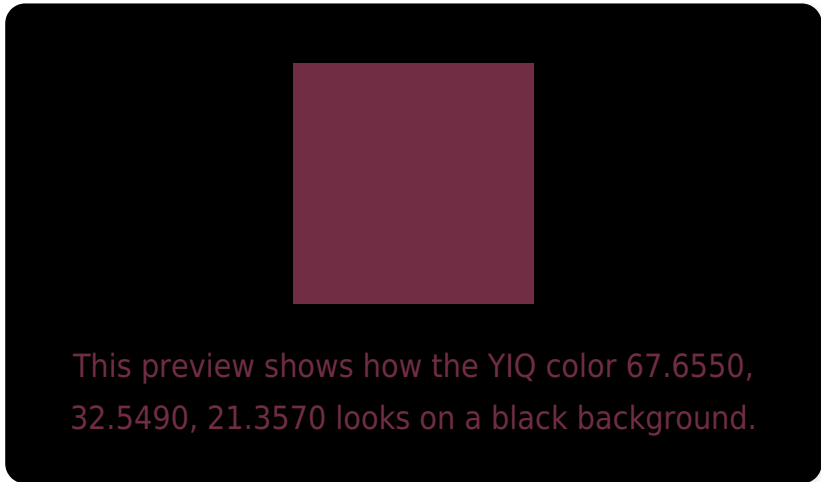
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

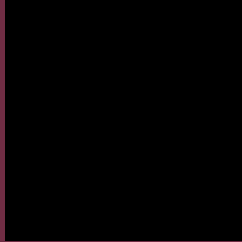
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 67.6550, 32.5490, 21.3570

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 67.6550, 32.5490, 21.3570.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 67.6550, 32.5490,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

67.6550, 32.5490, 21.3570

Protanopia

68.9980, -5.6860, 3.9300

Deuteranopia

69.1750, 6.8770, 2.0210



Tritanopia

67.2930, 36.2640, 14.6000

Trichromacy



Original Color

67.6550, 32.5490, 21.3570

Protanomaly

68.8150, 8.2510, 10.1630

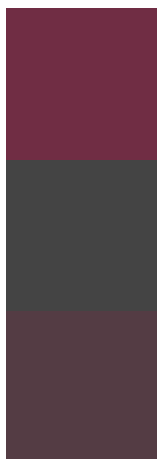
Deuteranomaly

68.4800, 16.5040, 9.2720

Tritanomaly

67.3900, 34.6130, 16.9890

Monochromacy



Original Color

67.6550, 32.5490, 21.3570

Achromatopsia

68.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

68.0880, 11.7360, 7.5760

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 67.6550, 32.5490, 21.3570 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 45, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 45, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 45, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 45, 68) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 67.6550, 32.5490, 21.3570 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 45, 68) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 45, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 45, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 45, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 45, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 45,  
68) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 67.6550, 32.5490, 21.3570 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 45, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112, 45,  
68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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