

Converting Colors

YIQ(68.3130, -71.9400, 15.2280)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(68.3130, -71.9400, 15.2280)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(68.3130, -71.9400,
15.2280)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	094EAE
RGB	9, 78, 174
RGB Percent	4%, 31%, 68%
CMY	0.9647, 0.6940, 0.3180
CMYK	0.95, 0.55, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	215°, 90%, 36%
HSV	215°, 95%, 68%
XYZ	10.4698, 8.5633, 41.0986
YIQ	68.3130, -71.9400, 15.2280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

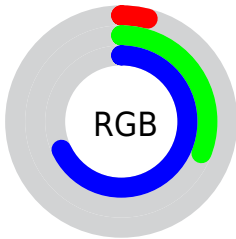
Format	Color
R_{YB}	9, 58, 174
Decimal	609966
CIE _{Lab}	35.13, 19.30, -56.38
CIE _{LCh}	35, 59.596, 288.893
Yxy	8.5633, 0.1741, 0.1424
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278800046 (0xFF094EAE)
YUV	68.3130, 52.1037, -52.0175
Hunter-Lab	29.2630, 12.6540, -62.7859

Details

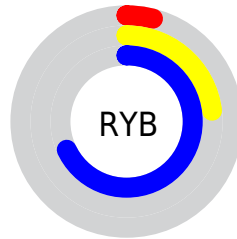
The YIQ color **68.3130, -71.9400, 15.2280** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366CC**. A complement of this color would be **114.6870, 71.9400, -15.2280**, and the grayscale version is **68.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **127.9890, -53.0520, 25.3480**, and **34.3390, -48.4660, 19.3260** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62.6870, -75.9290, 15.9350**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **79.2660, -64.5580, 13.6020**.

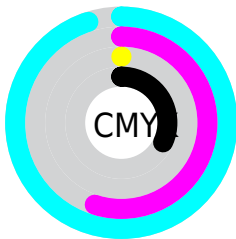
Distribution



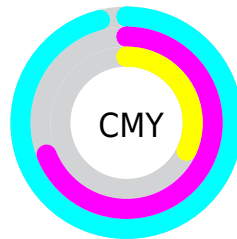
- Red (4%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (32%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 68.3130, -71.9400, 15.2280 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 68.3130, -71.9400, 15.2280 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 68.3130, -71.9400,
15.2280

■ 68.3130, -71.9400,
15.2280

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 49.6300, -62.5870,
16.4290

■ 127.9890,
-53.0520, 25.3480

■ 34.2250, -48.1450,
19.0150

■ 155.0710,
-50.3470, 25.8850

■ 20.2220, -34.8950,
21.1770

■ 179.8900,
-39.8920, 18.1240

■ 12.6760, -24.6700,
17.5860

■ 204.7090,
-29.4370, 10.3630

■ 7.7060, -16.1870,
12.5250

■ 230.1150,
-19.2570, 2.0790

■ 3.4370, -8.3000,
7.2520

■ 251.4120, -7.1520,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

-2.5440

0.0000

■ 68.3130, -71.9400,
15.2280

■ 68.3130, -71.9400,
15.2280

■ 62.6870, -75.9290,
15.9350

■ 79.2660, -64.5580,
13.6020

■ 90.5180, -56.5800,
12.1880

■ 101.4710,
-49.1980, 10.5620

■ 112.7230,
-41.2200, 9.1480

■ 124.2630,
-34.1130, 6.9990

■ 135.2160,
-26.7310, 5.3730

■ 146.4680,
-18.7530, 3.9590

■ 157.4210,
-11.3710, 2.3330

■ 168.6730, -3.3930,
0.9190

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.3560, -82.6670, 5.8850



68.3130, -71.9400, 15.2280



83.0480, 10.3540, 43.6500

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.3130, -71.9400, 15.2280



73.8730, 72.2570, 6.5690



67.0560, -48.2730, -33.7530

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.3130, -71.9400, 15.2280



114.6870, 71.9400, -15.2280

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.2100, -28.8760, -49.3880



68.3130, -71.9400, 15.2280



78.1220, 48.7860, -14.1100

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.3130, -71.9400, 15.2280



66.1600, 74.2680, 41.7240



74.0700, 19.0330, -31.0710



73.2290, -64.2770, -19.0370

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.3130, -71.9400, 15.2280



75.3140, 42.0800, 52.3840



74.0700, 19.0330, -31.0710



64.5310, -42.5410, -38.5170

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.3130, -71.9400, 15.2280



186.1450, -27.9690, 5.7830



116.4570, -75.2280, -57.3720



89.8380, -16.9190, 3.7610



242.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.3130, -71.9400, 15.2280



81.6430, -98.9920, 20.9120



31.0990, -46.4090, 53.6470



81.3740, -3.9890, 0.7070



54.0810, -65.4750, 13.7010



8.4920, -10.1330, 1.9230

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.2010, 76.1910, 56.4390



78.7030, 104.7970, 77.6690



151.9010, 46.4090, -53.6470



81.1470, 4.0800, 3.1520



52.0320, 69.1770, 51.3930



8.0170, 10.4980, 7.9860

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 68.3130, -71.9400, 15.2280 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 68.3130, -71.9400, 15.2280 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

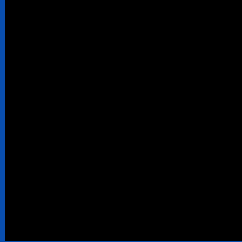
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 68.3130, -71.9400, 15.2280

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 68.3130, -71.9400, 15.2280.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 68.3130, -71.9400,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

68.3130, -71.9400, 15.2280

Protanopia

65.6390, -75.9740, 11.2420

Deuteranopia

66.4250, -69.9200, 0.6400



Tritanopia

65.0620, -56.4370, -17.9490

Trichromacy



Original Color

68.3130, -71.9400, 15.2280

Protanomaly

66.7640, -74.8280, 12.5000

Deuteranomaly

66.8150, -70.8380, 6.2660

Tritanomaly

66.2160, -62.2620, -5.9900

Monochromacy



Original Color

68.3130, -71.9400, 15.2280

Achromatopsia

68.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

68.5150, -26.1350, 5.5850

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 68.3130, -71.9400, 15.2280 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(9, 78, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(9, 78, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(9, 78, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(9, 78, 174) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 68.3130, -71.9400, 15.2280 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(9, 78, 174) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(9, 78, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(9, 78, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(9, 78, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(9, 78, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(9, 78, 174)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 68.3130, -71.9400, 15.2280 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(9, 78, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(9, 78,  
174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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