

Converting Colors

YIQ(68.4680, -18.7530, 3.9590)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(68.4680, -18.7530, 3.9590)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(68.4680, -18.7530,
3.9590)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	354760
RGB	53, 71, 96
RGB Percent	21%, 28%, 38%
CMY	0.7922, 0.7215, 0.6236
CMYK	0.45, 0.26, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	215°, 29%, 29%
HSV	215°, 45%, 38%
XYZ	5.8318, 6.1082, 11.9322
YIQ	68.4680, -18.7530, 3.9590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

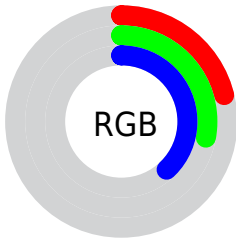
Format	Color
R _Y B	53, 66, 96
Decimal	3491680
CIE Lab	29.68, 0.29, -16.94
CIE LCh	30, 16.946, 270.996
Yxy	6.1082, 0.2443, 0.2559
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281681760 (0xFF354760)
YUV	68.4680, 13.5733, -13.5654
Hunter-Lab	24.7148, -1.1316, -11.3245

Details

The YIQ color **68.4680, -18.7530, 3.9590** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **80.5320, 18.7530, -3.9590**, and the grayscale version is **68.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **117.1090, -19.1200, 5.1040**, and **23.6310, -20.7700, 1.9660** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.9560, -23.0630, 4.9770**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74.9800, -14.4430, 2.9410**.

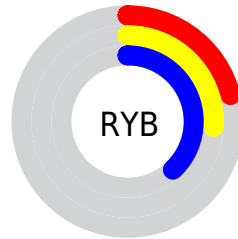
Distribution



 Red (21%)

 Green (28%)

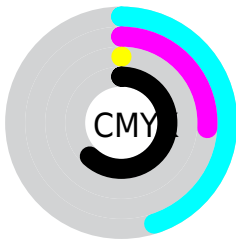
 Blue (38%)




 Red (21%)

 Yellow (26%)

 Blue (38%)

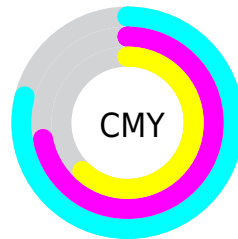


 Cyan (45%)


 Magenta (26%)

 Yellow (0%)

 Black (62%)



 Cyan (79%)

 Magenta (72%)

 Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 68.4680, -18.7530, 3.9590 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 68.4680, -18.7530, 3.9590 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 68.4680, -18.7530,
3.9590

■ 68.4680, -18.7530,
3.9590

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 45.9410, -18.7070,
3.1250

■ 117.1090,
-19.1200, 5.1040

■ 23.6310, -20.7700,
1.9660

■ 142.8100,
-19.7160, 4.8920

■ 4.4800, -9.8590,
7.9730

■ 169.3370,
-19.7620, 5.7260

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 197.0380,
-20.3580, 5.5140

■ 224.8100,
-19.7160, 4.8920

■ 249.6180,

-10.7280, -3.8160

■ 68.4680, -18.7530,
3.9590

■ 68.4680, -18.7530,
3.9590

■ 61.9560, -23.0630,
4.9770

■ 74.9800, -14.4430,
2.9410

■ 56.3300, -27.0520,
5.6840

■ 80.6060, -10.4540,
2.2340

■ 49.8180, -31.3620,
6.7020

■ 87.1180, -6.1440,
1.2160

■ 44.1920, -35.3510,
7.4090

■ 92.7440, -2.1550,
0.5090

■ 37.6800, -39.6610,
8.4270

■ 99.2560, 2.1550,
-0.5090

■ 34.4240, -41.8160,
8.9360

■ 105.1810, 6.7400,
-1.0040

■ 111.3940, 10.4540,
-2.2340

■ 117.9060, 14.7640,
-3.2520

■ 123.5320, 18.7530,
-3.9590

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.7930, -30.2140, -3.0940



68.4680, -18.7530, 3.9590



70.7580, -4.7700, 9.3580

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.4680, -18.7530, 3.9590



71.0090, 22.1440, 6.1760



65.7610, -9.9930, -11.6330

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.4680, -18.7530, 3.9590



80.5320, 18.7530, -3.9590

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.6440, 3.5780, -9.7820



68.4680, -18.7530, 3.9590



70.1240, 20.0820, -0.5100

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.4680, -18.7530, 3.9590



71.6050, 17.6500, 10.5300



69.1400, 13.9850, -5.6550



63.3450, -23.3810, -11.2930

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.4680, -18.7530, 3.9590



71.7160, 4.2160, 11.7040



69.1400, 13.9850, -5.6550



66.2130, -5.4540, -11.2940

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.4680, -18.7530, 3.9590



114.9330, -7.0610, 1.3150



80.9770, -19.5290, -15.0250



57.4880, -4.3100, 1.0180



191.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



64.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.4680, -18.7530, 3.9590



81.7750, -29.8030, 5.9810



58.7990, -12.0150, 14.0090



45.6300, -1.8340, 0.1980



40.3570, -48.8770, 10.2510



86.0600, -104.5400, 22.3400

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.9090, 19.8500, 14.7140



80.6380, 31.2190, 23.4350



90.2010, 12.0150, -14.0090



45.4240, 1.7420, 1.4700



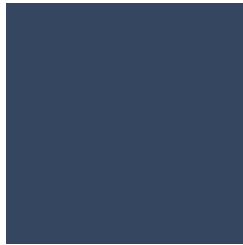
38.8460, 51.6650, 38.3610



83.1600, 110.9400, 81.9800

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 68.4680, -18.7530, 3.9590 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

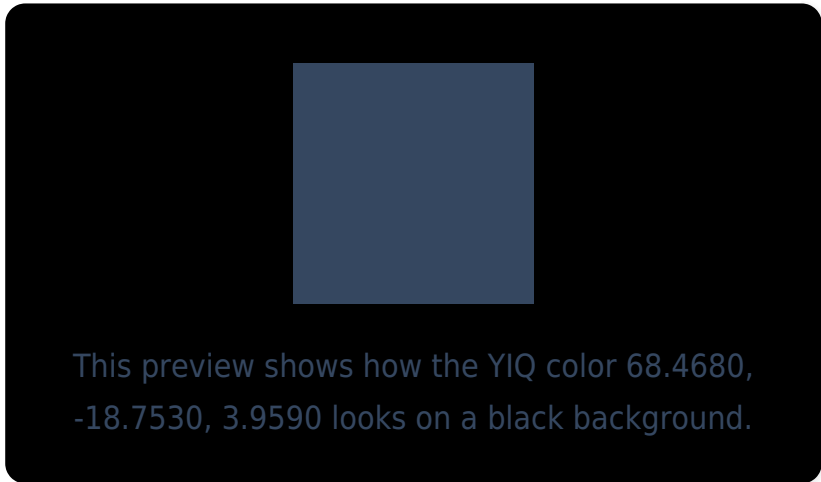
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

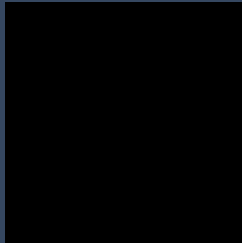
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

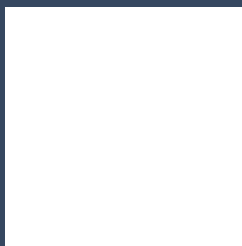
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 68.4680, -18.7530, 3.9590

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 68.4680, -18.7530, 3.9590.

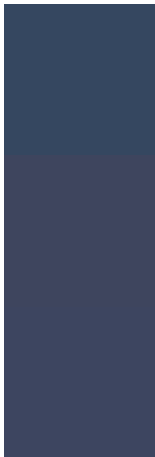


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 68.4680, -18.7530,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

68.4680, -18.7530, 3.9590

Protanopia

69.7570, -12.1970, 6.2910

Deuteranopia

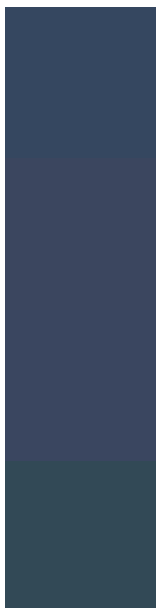
69.6860, -13.4350, 6.7010



Tritanopia

66.9100, -17.4220, -3.6460

Trichromacy



Original Color

68.4680, -18.7530, 3.9590

Protanomaly

69.5610, -14.5810, 5.4430

Deuteranomaly

69.3760, -15.4980, 5.5420

Tritanomaly

67.6050, -17.8810, -0.8330

Monochromacy



Original Color

68.4680, -18.7530, 3.9590

Achromatopsia

68.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

68.2320, -6.4650, 1.5270

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 68.4680, -18.7530, 3.9590 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(53, 71, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(53, 71, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 71, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(53, 71, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 68.4680, -18.7530, 3.9590 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(53, 71, 96) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(53, 71, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(53, 71, 96)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(53, 71, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 71, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 71, 96)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 68.4680, -18.7530, 3.9590 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(53, 71, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(53, 71,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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