

Converting Colors

YIQ(69.2300, -90.0990, 30.4530)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(69.2300, -90.0990, 30.4530)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(69.2300, -90.0990,
30.4530)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	024ADD
RGB	2, 74, 221
RGB Percent	1%, 29%, 87%
CMY	0.9920, 0.7097, 0.1338
CMYK	0.99, 0.66, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	220°, 98%, 44%
HSV	220°, 99%, 87%
XYZ	15.5107, 10.1285, 69.4601
YIQ	69.2300, -90.0990, 30.4530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

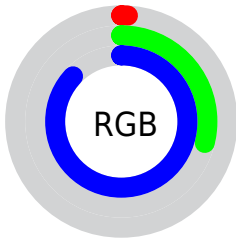
Format	Color
R _Y B	2, 56, 221
Decimal	150237
CIE Lab	38.07, 40.16, -78.94
CIE LCh	38, 88.572, 296.967
Yxy	10.1285, 0.1631, 0.1065
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278340317 (0xFF024ADD)
YUV	69.2300, 74.8226, -58.9607
Hunter-Lab	31.8253, 31.3016, -107.1255

Details

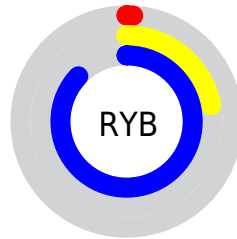
The YIQ color **69.2300, -90.0990, 30.4530** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0033CC**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **153.7700, 90.0990, -30.4530**, and the grayscale version is **69.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **132.3780, -52.2290, 37.9710**, and **36.8930, -61.1690, 34.7910** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68.0450, -91.0160, 30.5520**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84.6130, -81.1120, 27.2720**.

Distribution



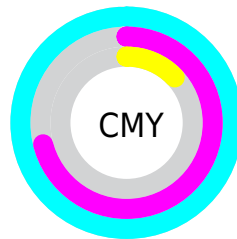
- Red (1%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 69.2300, -90.0990, 30.4530 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 69.2300, -90.0990, 30.4530 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 69.2300, -90.0990,
30.4530

■ 69.2300, -90.0990,
30.4530

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 52.4120, -75.9320,
32.5160

■ 132.3780,
-52.2290, 37.9710

■ 37.4800, -61.4440,
34.2680

■ 157.8060,
-39.1150, 31.5810

■ 24.4230, -48.1020,
34.7620

■ 182.9240,
-28.0640, 24.0320

■ 12.6540, -35.6310,
34.5210

■ 208.3410,
-16.4170, 16.6950

■ 16.7340, -30.5850,
20.1590

■ 234.0460, -5.6410,
8.6230

■ 10.4760, -21.2310,
15.8330

■ 6.0930, -13.0230,

10.2490

■ 2.2970, -5.0900,
4.1420

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 69.2300, -90.0990,
30.4530

■ 69.2300, -90.0990,
30.4530

■ 68.0450, -91.0160,
30.5520

■ 84.6130, -81.1120,
27.2720

■ 99.9960, -72.1250,
24.0910

■ 114.7920,
-62.8630, 21.4330

■ 130.1750,
-53.8760, 18.2520

■ 145.5580,
-44.8890, 15.0710

■ 161.2400,
-35.3060, 12.1020

■ 176.6230,
-26.3190, 8.9210

■ 192.0060,
-17.3320, 5.7400

■ 206.8020, -8.0700,
3.0820

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.4790, -104.4020, 19.8380



69.2300, -90.0990, 30.4530



68.0030, 42.8990, 87.1150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.2300, -90.0990, 30.4530



76.6470, 87.7530, 12.0810



76.6250, -57.3050, -35.2650

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.2300, -90.0990, 30.4530



153.7700, 90.0990, -30.4530

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.7440, -30.8000, -58.5760



69.2300, -90.0990, 30.4530



84.5790, 45.7610, -19.8630

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.2300, -90.0990, 30.4530



63.6330, 109.8450, 52.2530



73.0080, -4.7600, -45.9120



86.2350, -81.6090, -13.2970

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.2300, -90.0990, 30.4530



72.4410, 76.4160, 79.9040



73.0080, -4.7600, -45.9120



73.0740, -48.6840, -42.8280

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.2300, -90.0990, 30.4530



202.3390, -31.2710, 10.5610



147.1970, -107.0910, -69.1310



96.0490, -18.8910, 6.4610



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.2300, -90.0990, 30.4530



78.3780, -104.9550, 35.3730



38.0290, -48.2470, 75.9530



102.0150, -4.3560, 1.8520



53.1810, -71.2080, 23.9920



14.0490, -18.8910, 6.4610

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.6890, 107.4120, 68.8200



85.8210, 125.0160, 80.1840



184.9710, 48.2470, -75.9530



102.6310, 5.5930, 3.2650



58.2250, 84.8110, 54.4030



15.4640, 22.6010, 14.4170

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 69.2300, -90.0990, 30.4530 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 69.2300, -90.0990, 30.4530 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

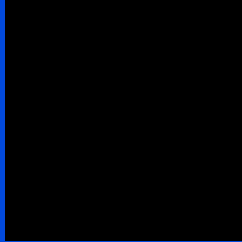
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 69.2300, -90.0990, 30.4530

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 69.2300, -90.0990, 30.4530.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 69.2300, -90.0990,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

69.2300, -90.0990, 30.4530

Protanopia

71.2300, -82.0720, 11.6240

Deuteranopia

71.6740, -75.0550, 0.0890



Tritanopia

70.0830, -60.9300, -19.1220

Trichromacy



Original Color

69.2300, -90.0990, 30.4530

Protanomaly

70.7770, -84.8700, 18.2820

Deuteranomaly

70.6000, -80.2380, 11.4260

Tritanomaly

69.8870, -71.3410, -1.1410

Monochromacy



Original Color

69.2300, -90.0990, 30.4530

Achromatopsia

69.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

69.2680, -32.5090, 10.9710

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 69.2300, -90.0990, 30.4530 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 74, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 74, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 74, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 74, 221) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 69.2300, -90.0990, 30.4530 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 74, 221) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 74, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 74, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 74, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 74, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 74, 221)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 69.2300, -90.0990, 30.4530 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 74, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 74,  
221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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