

Converting Colors

YIQ(69.5490, 73.9500, 25.4540)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(69.5490, 73.9500, 25.4540)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(69.5490, 73.9500,
25.4540)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9C211F
RGB	156, 33, 31
RGB Percent	61%, 13%, 12%
CMY	0.3879, 0.8708, 0.8781
CMYK	0.00, 0.79, 0.80, 0.39
HSL	1°, 67%, 37%
HSV	1°, 80%, 61%
XYZ	14.5154, 8.2595, 2.1307
YIQ	69.5490, 73.9500, 25.4540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

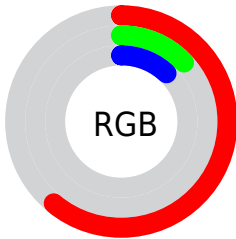
Format	Color
R_{YB}	156, 33, 31
Decimal	10232095
CIE Lab	34.52, 49.51, 33.20
CIE LCh	35, 59.615, 33.847
Yxy	8.2595, 0.5828, 0.3316
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288422175 (0xFF9C211F)
YUV	69.5490, -19.0047, 75.8175
Hunter-Lab	28.7394, 39.8614, 15.7218

Details

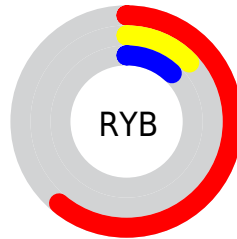
The YIQ color **69.5490, 73.9500, 25.4540** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **117.4510, -73.9500, -25.4540**, and the grayscale version is **70.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **125.7900, 80.4610, 23.0930**, and **28.7040, 57.2160, 20.3520** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.9200, 83.2110, 28.3230**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80.1780, 64.6890, 22.5850**.

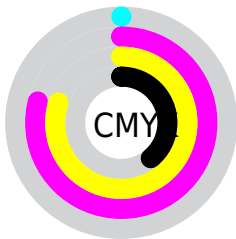
Distribution



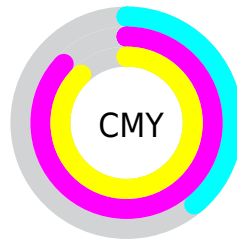
- Red (61%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 69.5490, 73.9500, 25.4540 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 69.5490, 73.9500, 25.4540 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 69.5490, 73.9500,
25.4540

■ 69.5490, 73.9500,
25.4540

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 38.7000, 72.2070,
29.5110

■ 125.7900, 80.4610,
23.0930

■ 29.0030, 57.8120,
20.5640

■ 153.6440, 83.8080,
23.0080

■ 20.3320, 40.5280,
14.4160

■ 174.4360, 72.5300,
18.1460

■ 11.7750, 22.9230,
8.5790

■ 193.8360, 56.4840,
11.5880

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 213.3500, 40.1170,
5.3410

■ 233.5650, 23.1540,

-1.1180

■ 252.6060, 6.7410,
-6.5310

■ 69.5490, 73.9500,
25.4540

■ 69.5490, 73.9500,
25.4540

■ 58.9200, 83.2110,
28.3230

■ 80.1780, 64.6890,
22.5850

■ 47.8180, 92.4260,
32.0260

■ 91.2800, 55.4740,
18.8820

■ 101.9090, 46.2130,
16.0130

■ 112.5380, 36.9520,
13.1440

■ 123.6400, 27.7370,
9.4410

■ 134.2690, 18.4760,
6.5720

■ 145.3710, 9.2610,
2.8690

■ 156.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 166.6290, -9.2610,
-2.8690

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.5640, 70.7350, 56.1990



69.5490, 73.9500, 25.4540



75.8620, 61.6220, -4.4420

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.5490, 73.9500, 25.4540



62.2170, -38.7810, -40.5810



70.6600, -80.4670, 10.0690

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.5490, 73.9500, 25.4540



117.4510, -73.9500, -25.4540

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.9770, -80.2820, 1.2060



69.5490, 73.9500, 25.4540



69.0910, -55.3810, -26.0770

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.5490, 73.9500, 25.4540



67.4480, 0.0530, -39.5230



74.4490, -70.4680, -11.4600



81.6250, -19.4920, 33.8840

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.5490, 73.9500, 25.4540



76.9040, 43.4680, -16.8520



74.4490, -70.4680, -11.4600



73.0080, -81.5670, 7.9770

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.5490, 73.9500, 25.4540



170.2380, 28.9290, 9.8650



82.6250, 34.3750, 65.3750



81.5570, 17.6050, 5.8370



230.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



102.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.5490, 73.9500, 25.4540



68.3650, 115.9910, 39.9830



105.3560, 57.1750, -6.4490



73.3920, 4.7680, 1.6960



43.9310, 84.6780, 29.2700



4.4850, 8.9400, 3.1800

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



117.4510, -73.9500, -25.4540



143.6350, -115.9910, -39.9830



82.2310, -57.4500, 5.9260



76.6080, -4.7680, -1.6960



99.0690, -84.6780, -29.2700



10.5150, -8.9400, -3.1800

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 69.5490, 73.9500, 25.4540 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

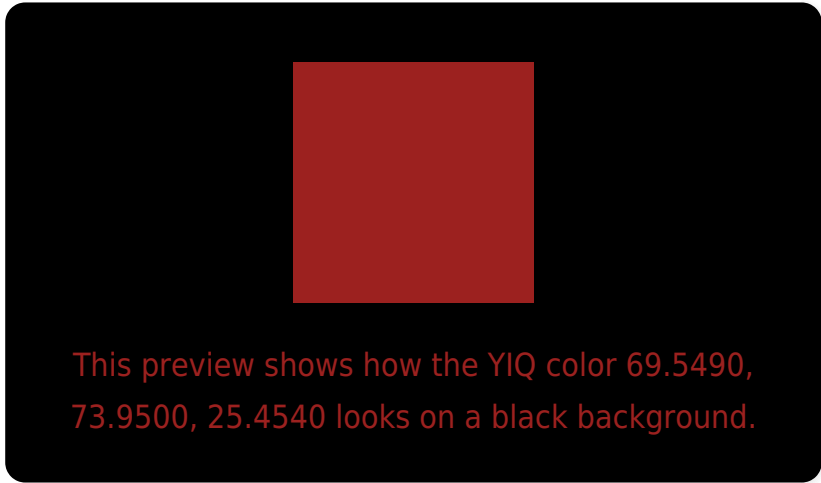
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 69.5490, 73.9500, 25.4540

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 69.5490, 73.9500, 25.4540.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 69.5490, 73.9500,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

69.5490, 73.9500, 25.4540

Protanopia

81.0600, 16.9660, -10.1220

Deuteranopia

79.1620, 34.1140, -12.5260



Tritanopia

69.7770, 73.3080, 26.0760

Trichromacy



Original Color

69.5490, 73.9500, 25.4540

Protanomaly

77.1000, 37.8250, 2.8250

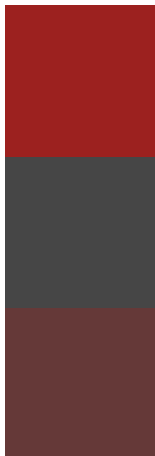
Deuteranomaly

75.9070, 48.5540, 1.1140

Tritanomaly

69.6630, 73.6290, 25.7650

Monochromacy



Original Color

69.5490, 73.9500, 25.4540

Achromatopsia

70.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

70.0420, 26.5450, 9.0170

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 69.5490, 73.9500, 25.4540 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 33, 31)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 33, 31)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 33, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 33, 31) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 69.5490, 73.9500, 25.4540 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 33, 31) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 33, 31) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 33, 31)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 33, 31); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 33, 31);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 33,  
31) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 69.5490, 73.9500, 25.4540 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 33, 31) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156, 33,  
31) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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