

# Converting Colors

YIQ(69.7570, 24.4750, 46.5470)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(69.7570, 24.4750, 46.5470)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(69.7570, 24.4750, 46.5470)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(69.7570, 24.4750,  
46.5470)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7A217A
RGB	122, 33, 122
RGB Percent	48%, 13%, 48%
CMY	0.5213, 0.8707, 0.5215
CMYK	0.00, 0.73, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	300°, 57%, 30%
HSV	300°, 73%, 48%
XYZ	12.0918, 6.6335, 19.0578
YIQ	69.7570, 24.4750, 46.5470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

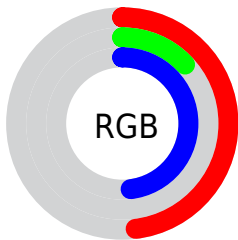
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	122, 33, 122
Decimal	8003962
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	30.96, 49.07, -30.91
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	31, 57.994, 327.788
Yxy	6.6335, 0.3200, 0.1756
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286194042 (0xFF7A217A)
YUV	69.7570, 25.7558, 45.8171
Hunter-Lab	25.7556, 38.7303, -25.8425

# Details

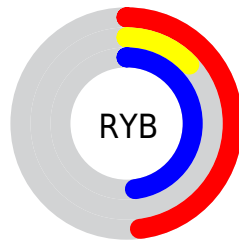
The YIQ color **69.7570, 24.4750, 46.5470** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **85.2430, -24.4750, -46.5470**, and the grayscale version is **69.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **123.9420, 25.3920, 46.4480**, and **28.9530, 17.6910, 37.3310** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62.7130, 27.7750, 52.8230**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **76.8010, 21.1750, 40.2710**.

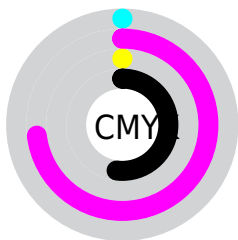
# Distribution



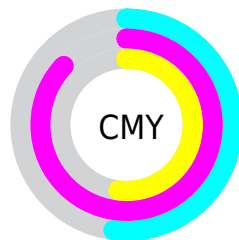
- Red (48%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (52%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 69.7570, 24.4750, 46.5470 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 69.7570, 24.4750, 46.5470 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



69.7570, 24.4750,  
46.5470

69.7570, 24.4750,  
46.5470

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

39.4630, 25.4830,  
50.3070

123.9420, 25.3920,  
46.4480

29.2520, 18.2870,  
37.5430

150.9530, 26.8590,  
47.3950

19.7530, 11.9620,  
25.5140

178.7790, 27.4090,  
48.4410

5.8830, -3.6240,  
10.6160

203.3440, 24.2000,  
46.0240

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

220.3670, 16.2250,  
30.8570

236.8030, 8.5250,

16.2130

253.8260, 0.5500,  
1.0460

■ 69.7570, 24.4750,  
46.5470

■ 69.7570, 24.4750,  
46.5470

■ 62.7130, 27.7750,  
52.8230

■ 76.8010, 21.1750,  
40.2710

■ 55.6690, 31.0750,  
59.0990

■ 83.8450, 17.8750,  
33.9950

■ 50.3860, 33.5500,  
63.8060

■ 91.4760, 14.3000,  
27.1960

■ 98.5200, 11.0000,  
20.9200

■ 105.5640, 7.7000,  
14.6440

■ 112.6080, 4.4000,  
8.3680

■ 119.6520, 1.1000,  
2.0920

■ 127.2830, -2.4750,  
-4.7070

■ 134.3270, -5.7750,  
-10.9830

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.3950, -33.7040, 27.1280



69.7570, 24.4750, 46.5470



52.8450, 62.5740, 55.4220

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.7570, 24.4750, 46.5470



68.8970, 36.1780, -16.8940



67.0000, -61.8940, -12.6620

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.7570, 24.4750, 46.5470



85.2430, -24.4750, -46.5470

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.1690, -46.8530, -26.4450



69.7570, 24.4750, 46.5470



62.7850, 6.6540, -32.4980

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.7570, 24.4750, 46.5470



66.4370, 61.6210, 1.0850



53.7080, -29.9780, -40.4260



69.3430, -72.6250, 0.1030



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.7570, 24.4750, 46.5470



50.0230, 73.3960, 46.5160



53.7080, -29.9780, -40.4260



65.2900, -57.0790, -17.3270

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.7570, 24.4750, 46.5470



137.4550, 9.6250, 18.3050



43.1460, -28.5690, 27.6790



66.6730, 5.7750, 10.9830



207.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



79.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.7570, 24.4750, 46.5470



76.4070, 38.2250, 72.6970



64.7410, 38.5990, 32.8630



57.4780, 1.6500, 3.1380



51.6250, 34.3750, 65.3750



104.0760, 69.3000, 131.7960



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.7570, 24.4750, 46.5470



76.4070, 38.2250, 72.6970



90.3730, -38.9200, -32.5520



57.4780, 1.6500, 3.1380



51.6250, 34.3750, 65.3750



104.0760, 69.3000, 131.7960



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 69.7570, 24.4750, 46.5470 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

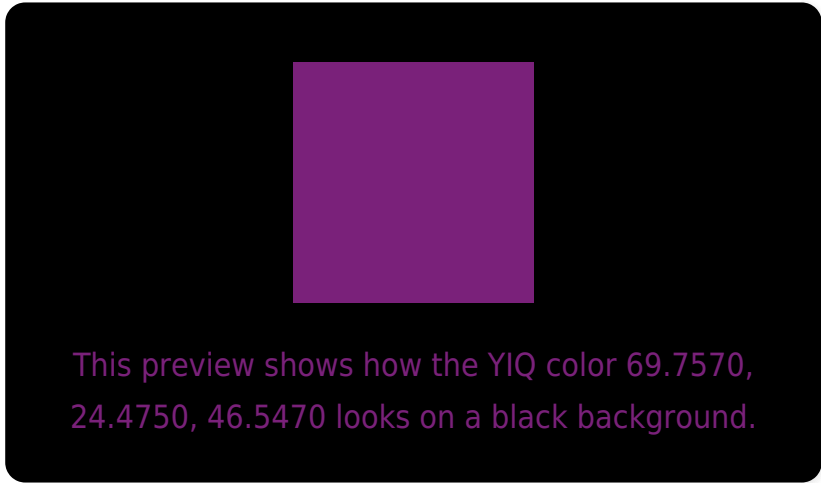
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

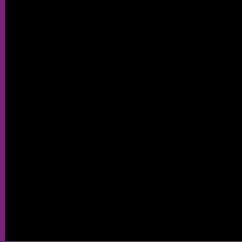
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 69.7570, 24.4750, 46.5470

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 69.7570, 24.4750, 46.5470.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 69.7570, 24.4750,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

69.7570, 24.4750, 46.5470

### Protanopia

59.0050, -68.3170, 10.1390

### Deuteranopia

72.2100, -26.5940, 8.3980



## Tritanopia

73.3960, 34.4760, 13.9640

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

69.7570, 24.4750, 46.5470

## Protanomaly

62.6890, -34.7120, 23.3680

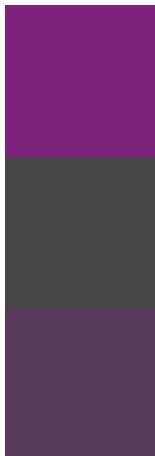
## Deuteranomaly

71.1080, -8.2110, 22.1650

## Tritanomaly

72.2190, 31.0810, 25.9370

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

69.7570, 24.4750, 46.5470

## Achromatopsia

70.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

70.2160, 8.8000, 16.7360

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 69.7570, 24.4750, 46.5470 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 33, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 33, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 33, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 33, 122) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 69.7570, 24.4750, 46.5470 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 33, 122) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 33, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 33, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 33, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 33, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 33,  
122) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 69.7570, 24.4750, 46.5470 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 33, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122, 33,  
122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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