

Converting Colors

YIQ(71.9390, -41.5880, 15.8200)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(71.9390, -41.5880, 15.8200)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(71.9390, -41.5880,
15.8200)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2A4991
RGB	42, 73, 145
RGB Percent	16%, 29%, 57%
CMY	0.8353, 0.7137, 0.4316
CMYK	0.71, 0.50, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	222°, 55%, 37%
HSV	222°, 71%, 57%
XYZ	8.4444, 7.3015, 27.7296
YIQ	71.9390, -41.5880, 15.8200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

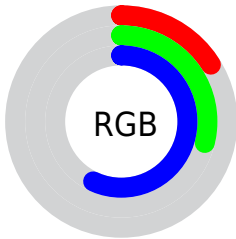
Format	Color
R_{YB}	42, 66, 145
Decimal	2771345
CIE _{Lab}	32.48, 14.13, -43.18
CIE _{LCh}	32, 45.432, 288.115
Yxy	7.3015, 0.1942, 0.1679
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280961425 (0xFF2A4991)
YUV	71.9390, 36.0191, -26.2565
Hunter-Lab	27.0213, 8.4959, -41.9292

Details

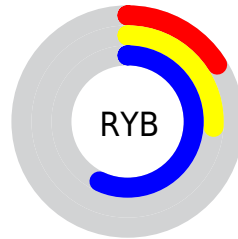
The YIQ color **71.9390, -41.5880, 15.8200** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **115.0610, 41.5880, -15.8200**, and the grayscale version is **72.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **123.6130, -37.5540, 19.8060**, and **28.3260, -38.4240, 13.5440** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.8830, -47.1820, 18.0820**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81.9950, -35.9940, 13.5580**.

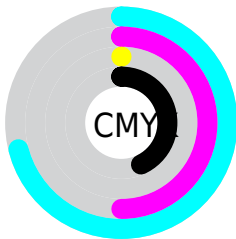
Distribution



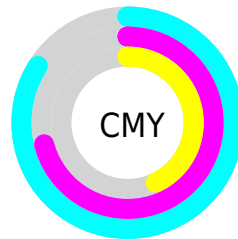
- Red (16%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 71.9390, -41.5880, 15.8200 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 71.9390, -41.5880, 15.8200 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 71.9390, -41.5880,
15.8200

■ 71.9390, -41.5880,
15.8200

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 43.5030, -52.2240,
10.3360

■ 123.6130,
-37.5540, 19.8060

■ 28.3260, -38.4240,
13.5440

■ 150.5530,
-37.3250, 21.1630

■ 11.5020, -24.1200,
18.6320

■ 177.2650,
-36.4540, 21.8980

■ 7.5920, -15.8660,
12.2140

■ 201.7850,
-26.5950, 13.9250

■ 3.4370, -8.3000,
7.2520

■ 226.8920,
-17.0110, 5.4290

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 251.4120, -7.1520,

-2.5440

■ 71.9390, -41.5880,
15.8200

■ 71.9390, -41.5880,
15.8200

■ 61.8830, -47.1820,
18.0820

■ 81.9950, -35.9940,
13.5580

■ 51.5280, -53.3720,
20.1320

■ 92.3500, -29.8040,
11.5080

■ 42.3580, -58.6450,
22.0830

■ 102.4060,
-24.2100, 9.2460

■ 113.3480,
-18.2950, 6.6730

■ 123.4040,
-12.7010, 4.4110

■ 133.7590, -6.5110,
2.3610

■ 143.8150, -0.9170,
0.0990

■ 154.1700, 5.2730,
-1.9510

■ 164.2260, 10.8670,
-4.2130

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.6530, -70.5620, 1.2620



71.9390, -41.5880, 15.8200



78.5170, 7.0550, 31.8470

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.9390, -41.5880, 15.8200



72.5920, 54.0550, 6.0470



60.8440, -44.5600, -29.4560

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.9390, -41.5880, 15.8200



115.0610, 41.5880, -15.8200

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.8670, -17.0040, -33.2600



71.9390, -41.5880, 15.8200



72.4850, 43.3300, -14.3500

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.9390, -41.5880, 15.8200



70.8380, 54.1430, 26.4870



69.0750, 20.6370, -27.0990



65.7630, -57.0330, -18.1610

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.9390, -41.5880, 15.8200



75.9450, 29.3370, 35.5210



69.0750, 20.6370, -27.0990



58.8890, -40.4330, -32.6650

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.9390, -41.5880, 15.8200



160.6040, -16.1400, 6.1640



110.4410, -50.7950, -32.0990



77.7310, -9.3080, 3.4920



222.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.9390, -41.5880, 15.8200



75.1170, -65.1560, 24.4440



59.4230, -21.7390, 36.0610



65.9720, -2.7970, 1.1310



39.4570, -54.6100, 20.5420



2.0860, -3.1180, 1.4420

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.3310, 51.4370, 31.4770



81.7250, 80.2270, 49.3710



127.5770, 21.7390, -36.0610



66.3210, 3.5300, 2.1060



45.0390, 67.2990, 41.3710



2.6200, 4.1260, 2.3180

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 71.9390, -41.5880, 15.8200 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 71.9390, -41.5880, 15.8200 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

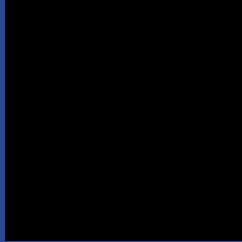
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 71.9390, -41.5880, 15.8200

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 71.9390, -41.5880, 15.8200.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 71.9390, -41.5880,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

71.9390, -41.5880, 15.8200

Protanopia

70.5470, -46.3560, 14.1240

Deuteranopia

61.2900, -65.1060, 1.5020



Tritanopia

60.2690, -52.5860, -16.1540

Trichromacy



Original Color

71.9390, -41.5880, 15.8200

Protanomaly

71.4440, -44.5680, 14.7600

Deuteranomaly

64.9430, -56.5790, 6.6610

Tritanomaly

64.6860, -48.9660, -4.6620

Monochromacy



Original Color

71.9390, -41.5880, 15.8200

Achromatopsia

72.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

71.7890, -15.2230, 6.0650

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 71.9390, -41.5880, 15.8200 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(42, 73, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(42, 73, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(42, 73, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(42, 73, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 71.9390, -41.5880, 15.8200 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(42, 73, 145) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(42, 73, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(42, 73, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(42, 73, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 73, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 73,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 71.9390, -41.5880, 15.8200 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(42, 73, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(42, 73,  
145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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