

Converting Colors

YIQ(72.1890, 12.2890, -7.9590)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(72.1890, 12.2890, -7.9590)
contains.

YIQ(72.1890, 12.2890, -7.9590)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(72.1890, 12.2890,
-7.9590)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4F4A2D
RGB	79, 74, 45
RGB Percent	31%, 29%, 18%
CMY	0.6902, 0.7098, 0.8235
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.43, 0.69
HSL	51°, 27%, 24%
HSV	51°, 43%, 31%
XYZ	6.1470, 6.7491, 3.4632
YIQ	72.1890, 12.2890, -7.9590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

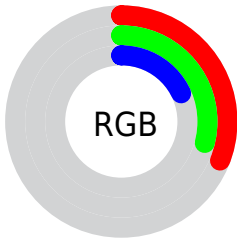
Format	Color
R_{YB}	51, 79, 45
Decimal	5196333
CIE Lab	31.23, -2.87, 18.06
CIE LCh	31, 18.288, 99.040
Yxy	6.7491, 0.3757, 0.4126
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283386413 (0xFF4F4A2D)
YUV	72.1890, -13.4042, 5.9732
Hunter-Lab	25.9790, -3.2278, 10.2815




Details

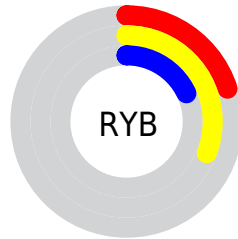
The YIQ color **72.1890, 12.2890, -7.9590** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **51.8110, -12.2890, 7.9590**, and the grayscale version is **72.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **121.1460, 13.8480, -8.6800**, and **28.0750, 12.6100, -8.2700** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.6900, 15.1320, -9.9240**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **73.6880, 9.4460, -5.9940**.

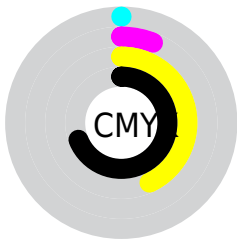
Distribution







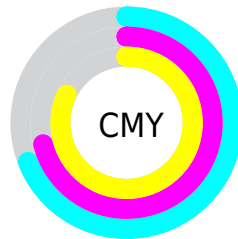
-  Red (31%)
-  Green (29%)
-  Blue (18%)






-  Red (20%)
-  Yellow (31%)
-  Blue (18%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (6%)
-  Yellow (43%)
-  Black (69%)



-  Cyan (69%)
-  Magenta (71%)
-  Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 72.1890, 12.2890, -7.9590 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 72.1890, 12.2890, -7.9590 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 72.1890, 12.2890,
-7.9590

■ 72.1890, 12.2890,
-7.9590

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 50.0040, 11.3720,
-7.8600

■ 121.1460, 13.8480,
-8.6800

■ 28.0750, 12.6100,
-8.2700

■ 146.4450, 14.4440,
-8.4680

■ 4.1090, -1.9250,
-3.6610

■ 173.3310, 14.7650,
-8.7790

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 200.5160, 15.6820,
-8.8780

■ 228.4020, 16.0030,
-9.1890

■ 251.3520, 10.2720,

-9.9520

254.6580, 0.9630,
-0.9330

■ 72.1890, 12.2890,
-7.9590

■ 72.1890, 12.2890,
-7.9590

■ 70.6900, 15.1320,
-9.9240

■ 73.6880, 9.4460,
-5.9940

■ 69.1910, 17.9750,
-11.8890

■ 75.1870, 6.6030,
-4.0290

■ 67.6920, 20.8180,
-13.8540

■ 76.6860, 3.7600,
-2.0640

■ 65.6060, 23.9360,
-15.2960

■ 78.7720, 0.6420,
-0.6220

■ 64.2210, 26.4580,
-16.9500

■ 80.2710, -2.2010,
1.3430

■ 62.9500, 28.6590,
-18.2930

■ 81.6560, -4.7230,
2.9970

■ 83.1550, -7.5660,
4.9620

■ 84.6540, -10.4090,
6.9270

■ 86.1530, -13.2520,
8.8920

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.3690, 20.7700, -1.9660



72.1890, 12.2890, -7.9590



70.4370, -0.2730, -11.5770

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



72.1890, 12.2890, -7.9590



64.5100, -36.9070, -8.4510



75.5490, 12.0560, 12.7920

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72.1890, 12.2890, -7.9590



51.8110, -12.2890, 7.9590

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.0790, -1.2400, 11.4640



72.1890, 12.2890, -7.9590



68.8470, -30.3060, -1.4260

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



72.1890, 12.2890, -7.9590



65.2950, -29.1120, -12.0560



72.7180, -16.4610, 6.4750



75.4590, 20.9970, 10.4450

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72.1890, 12.2890, -7.9590



69.1200, -9.6260, -12.7780



72.7180, -16.4610, 6.4750



75.3960, 8.1130, 12.6650

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72.1890, 12.2890, -7.9590



99.3440, 4.7230, -2.9970



55.7360, 18.6590, 8.7630



49.5010, 2.8430, -1.9650



179.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



51.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72.1890, 12.2890, -7.9590



91.2620, 19.2130, -12.2990



71.5360, 3.7620, -13.1180



37.5440, 1.2840, -1.2440



81.5670, 36.8670, -23.8770



183.8220, 83.1800, -53.7480

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.8110, -12.2890, 7.9590



59.7380, -19.2130, 12.2990



52.4640, -3.7620, 13.1180



35.0430, -1.5590, 0.7210



20.4330, -36.8670, 23.8770



46.1780, -83.1800, 53.7480

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 72.1890, 12.2890, -7.9590 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

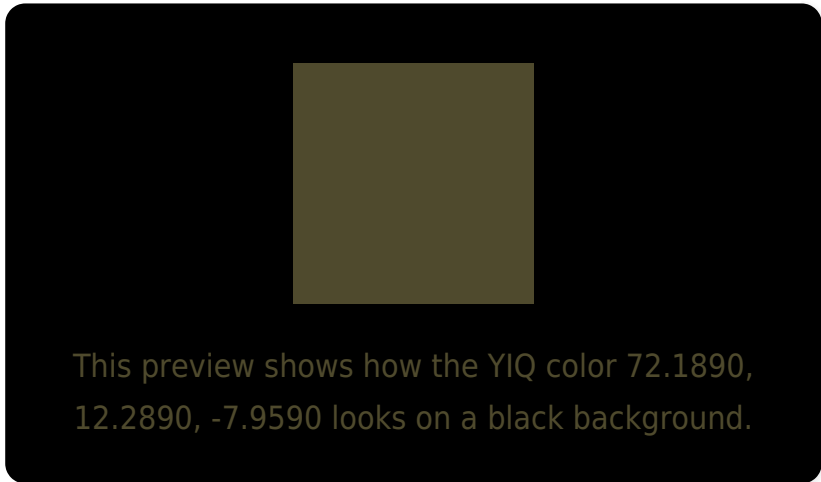
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 72.1890, 12.2890, -7.9590

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 72.1890, 12.2890, -7.9590.



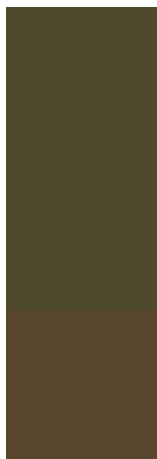
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 72.1890, 12.2890, -7.9590.

-7.9590.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

72.1890, 12.2890, -7.9590

Protanopia

72.4880, 12.8850, -7.7470

Deuteranopia

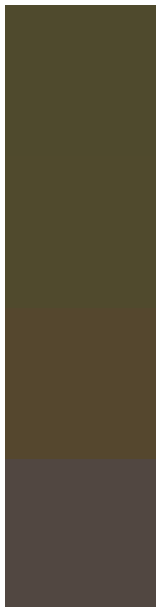
72.9450, 19.0280, -3.4360



Tritanopia

74.2720, 5.2260, 4.4100

Trichromacy



Original Color

72.1890, 12.2890, -7.9590

Protanomaly

72.4880, 12.8850, -7.7470

Deuteranomaly

72.3360, 16.3690, -4.8070

Tritanomaly

73.3060, 7.8860, 0.2540

Monochromacy



Original Color

72.1890, 12.2890, -7.9590

Achromatopsia

72.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

72.3440, 4.7230, -2.9970

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 72.1890, 12.2890, -7.9590 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(79, 74, 45)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(79, 74, 45)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 74, 45) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(79, 74, 45) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 72.1890, 12.2890, -7.9590 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(79, 74, 45) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(79, 74, 45) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(79, 74, 45)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(79, 74, 45); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 74, 45);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 74, 45)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 72.1890, 12.2890, -7.9590 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(79, 74, 45) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(79, 74,  
45) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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