

Converting Colors

YIQ(73.9310, -3.5790, 15.3090)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(73.9310, -3.5790, 15.3090)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(73.9310, -3.5790,
15.3090)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	504168
RGB	80, 65, 104
RGB Percent	31%, 25%, 41%
CMY	0.6862, 0.7451, 0.5922
CMYK	0.23, 0.37, 0.00, 0.59
HSL	263°, 23%, 33%
HSV	263°, 37%, 41%
XYZ	7.6976, 6.4853, 13.9398
YIQ	73.9310, -3.5790, 15.3090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

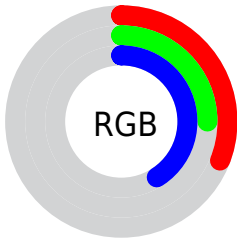
Format	Color
R_{YB}	80, 65, 104
Decimal	5259624
CIE _{Lab}	30.61, 15.44, -20.45
CIE _{LCh}	31, 25.623, 307.061
Yxy	6.4853, 0.2737, 0.2306
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283449704 (0xFF504168)
YUV	73.9310, 14.8240, 5.3225
Hunter-Lab	25.4662, 9.3890, -14.6280

Details

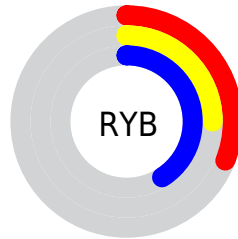
The YIQ color **73.9310, -3.5790, 15.3090** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **95.0690, 3.5790, -15.3090**, and the grayscale version is **74.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **122.8710, -3.3500, 16.6660**, and **29.5780, -4.0830, 13.4290** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.2670, -4.4050, 19.2670**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81.5950, -2.7530, 11.3510**.

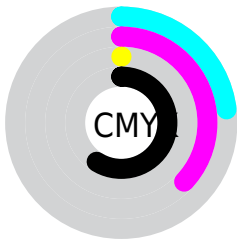
Distribution



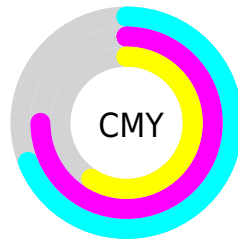
- Red (31%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 73.9310, -3.5790, 15.3090 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 73.9310, -3.5790, 15.3090 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 73.9310, -3.5790,
15.3090

■ 73.9310, -3.5790,
15.3090

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 51.1050, -4.1290,
14.2630

■ 122.8710, -3.3500,
16.6660

■ 29.5780, -4.0830,
13.4290

■ 148.3980, -3.3960,
17.5000

■ 8.7740, -1.6990,
14.2770

■ 175.5120, -3.7170,
17.8110

■ 1.1400, -3.2100,
3.1100

■ 202.9250, -3.4420,
18.3340

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 229.9700, 0.6850,
15.1250

■ 250.8910, 1.9250,

3.6610

■ 73.9310, -3.5790,
15.3090

■ 73.9310, -3.5790,
15.3090

■ 66.2670, -4.4050,
19.2670

■ 81.5950, -2.7530,
11.3510

■ 57.7170, -5.5520,
23.5360

■ 90.1450, -1.6060,
7.0820

■ 50.0530, -6.3780,
27.4940

■ 97.8090, -0.7800,
3.1240

■ 41.5030, -7.5250,
31.7630

■ 106.3590, 0.3670,
-1.1450

■ 33.8390, -8.3510,
35.7210

■ 114.0230, 1.1930,
-5.1030

■ 26.1750, -9.1770,
39.6790

■ 121.6870, 2.0190,
-9.0610

■ 23.8160, -9.5440,
40.8240

■ 130.2370, 3.1660,
-13.3300

■ 137.9010, 3.9920,
-17.2880

■ 146.4510, 5.1390,
-21.5570

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.9710, -27.4190, 6.8290



73.9310, -3.5790, 15.3090



74.2770, 15.9980, 18.4460

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.9310, -3.5790, 15.3090



71.1480, 28.7020, -2.5460



56.7980, -46.9460, -19.2500

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73.9310, -3.5790, 15.3090



95.0690, 3.5790, -15.3090

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.2000, -21.7750, -18.3750



73.9310, -3.5790, 15.3090



69.7180, 17.9290, -11.0550

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73.9310, -3.5790, 15.3090



72.5110, 32.4140, 7.2780



67.5740, 0.5990, -16.3690



59.0780, -53.3660, -13.0300

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73.9310, -3.5790, 15.3090



73.7140, 24.8930, 16.9330



67.5740, 0.5990, -16.3690



56.0000, -44.6990, -21.4270

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.9310, -3.5790, 15.3090



123.5040, -1.2390, 5.9370



83.5340, -19.1190, -0.4230



61.9230, -1.1010, 3.4350



196.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



69.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.9310, -3.5790, 15.3090



88.1300, -5.2770, 24.0590



79.6120, 7.7450, 19.3370



47.1680, -0.4130, 1.9790



26.2660, -10.6910, 45.0930



55.3950, -22.2540, 94.9780

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79.3970, 15.5400, 15.7320



96.5710, 24.1580, 24.7500



89.3880, -7.7450, -19.3370



47.8370, 2.0170, 1.9930



42.4790, 45.7490, 46.4610



89.3440, 96.4030, 97.6430

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 73.9310, -3.5790, 15.3090 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

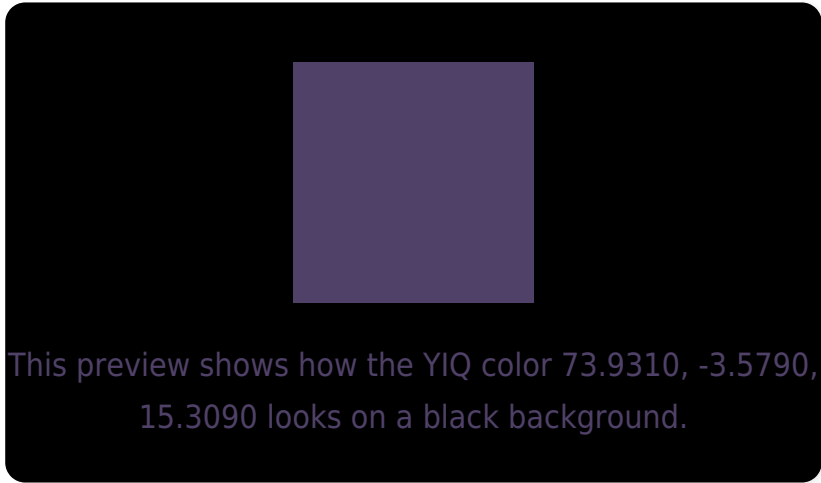
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

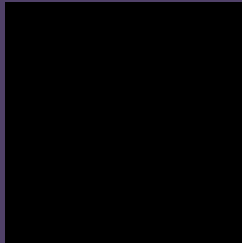
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 73.9310, -3.5790, 15.3090

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 73.9310, -3.5790, 15.3090.

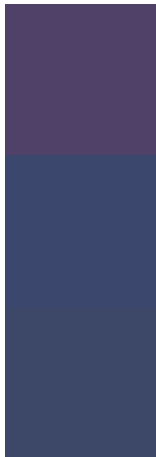


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 73.9310, -3.5790,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

73.9310, -3.5790, 15.3090

Protanopia

71.7440, -19.3500, 9.2740

Deuteranopia

71.6580, -16.2320, 7.8320



Tritanopia

72.7660, 0.7790, 2.4030

Trichromacy



Original Color

73.9310, -3.5790, 15.3090

Protanomaly

72.7340, -13.3900, 11.3940

Deuteranomaly

72.5770, -11.5100, 10.3620

Tritanomaly

73.3300, -0.6890, 6.9830

Monochromacy



Original Color

73.9310, -3.5790, 15.3090

Achromatopsia

74.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

74.0910, -1.5140, 5.4140

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 73.9310, -3.5790, 15.3090 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 65, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 65, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 65, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 65, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 73.9310, -3.5790, 15.3090 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 65, 104) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 65, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 65, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 65, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 65, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 65,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 73.9310, -3.5790, 15.3090 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 65, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 65,  
104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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