

Converting Colors

YIQ(74.2590, -11.0950, -2.6710)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(74.2590, -11.0950, -2.6710)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(74.2590, -11.0950,
-2.6710)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3E4F52
RGB	62, 79, 82
RGB Percent	24%, 31%, 32%
CMY	0.7569, 0.6902, 0.6785
CMYK	0.24, 0.04, 0.00, 0.68
HSL	189°, 14%, 28%
HSV	189°, 24%, 32%
XYZ	6.3050, 7.2258, 9.0427
YIQ	74.2590, -11.0950, -2.6710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

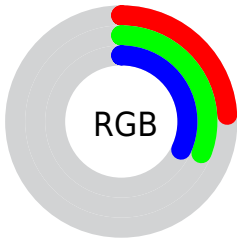
Format	Color
RYB	62, 71, 82
Decimal	4083538
CIELab	32.32, -5.85, -3.96
CIElCh	32, 7.064, 214.057
Yxy	7.2258, 0.2793, 0.3201
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282273618 (0xFF3E4F52)
YUV	74.2590, 3.8163, -10.7511
Hunter-Lab	26.8809, -5.1737, -1.1284

Details

The YIQ color **74.2590, -11.0950, -2.6710** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **69.7410, 11.0950, 2.6710**, and the grayscale version is **74.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **122.9600, -11.6910, -2.8830**, and **30.4440, -10.1780, -2.7700** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.2800, -15.5880, -3.8440**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.2380, -6.6020, -1.4980**.

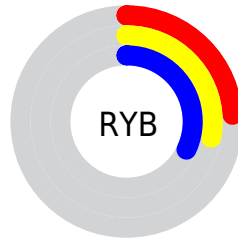
Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (31%)

Blue (32%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (28%)

Blue (32%)

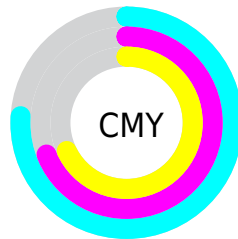


Cyan (24%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (68%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 74.2590, -11.0950, -2.6710 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 74.2590, -11.0950, -2.6710 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 74.2590, -11.0950,
-2.6710

■ 74.2590, -11.0950,
-2.6710

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 51.5580, -10.4990,
-2.4590

■ 122.9600,
-11.6910, -2.8830

■ 30.4440, -10.1780,
-2.7700

■ 148.6610,
-12.2870, -3.0950

■ 9.5690, -9.0320,
-1.5120

■ 175.6610,
-12.2870, -3.0950

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 202.7750,
-12.6080, -2.7840

■ 231.3620,
-12.8830, -3.3070

■ 252.0100, -5.9600,

-2.1200

■ 74.2590, -11.0950,
-2.6710

■ 74.2590, -11.0950,
-2.6710

■ 71.2800, -15.5880,
-3.8440

■ 77.2380, -6.6020,
-1.4980

■ 68.3010, -20.0810,
-5.0170

■ 80.2170, -2.1090,
-0.3250

■ 64.4360, -24.8950,
-5.8790

■ 84.0820, 2.7050,
0.5370

■ 61.4570, -29.3880,
-7.0520

■ 87.0610, 7.1980,
1.7100

■ 58.4780, -33.8810,
-8.2250

■ 90.0400, 11.6910,
2.8830

■ 55.4990, -38.3740,
-9.3980

■ 93.0190, 16.1840,
4.0560

■ 51.9330, -42.5920,
-10.0480

■ 96.5850, 20.4020,
4.7060

■ 50.4380, -45.5720,
-11.1080

■ 99.8630, 25.4910,
6.0910

■ 102.8420, 29.9840,
7.2640

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.9880, -8.8940, -4.0140



74.2590, -11.0950, -2.6710



75.0250, -10.3160, -0.2680

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.2590, -11.0950, -2.6710



77.2010, 3.9880, 4.8200



75.9420, 5.9150, -2.5730

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.2590, -11.0950, -2.6710



69.7410, 11.0950, 2.6710

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.3770, 9.1240, -0.1560



74.2590, -11.0950, -2.6710



76.8270, 7.9770, 4.1130

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.2590, -11.0950, -2.6710



76.4500, -1.1470, 4.2690



77.1430, 9.9030, 2.2470



75.2510, 0.5510, -4.4810

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.2590, -11.0950, -2.6710



75.7480, -7.9780, 1.4140



77.1430, 9.9030, 2.2470



75.9530, 7.3820, -1.6260

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.2590, -11.0950, -2.6710



104.3200, -3.8970, -0.9610



74.0820, -6.4630, -9.5270



51.9180, -2.7050, -0.5370



181.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



54.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.2590, -11.0950, -2.6710



94.7960, -17.1010, -3.9570



68.3890, -8.3450, 2.5590



39.2170, -2.1090, -0.3250



64.2130, -58.1800, -13.8920



142.0870, -128.6470, -30.8790

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.9180, 6.4630, 9.5270



88.2330, 10.1300, 14.6580



75.6110, 8.3450, -2.5590



38.5380, 1.4210, 1.7810



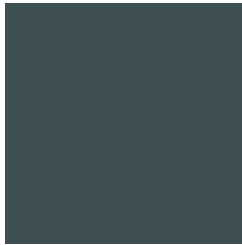
41.5410, 34.0110, 49.9390



91.8260, 75.0350, 110.4510

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 74.2590, -11.0950, -2.6710 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

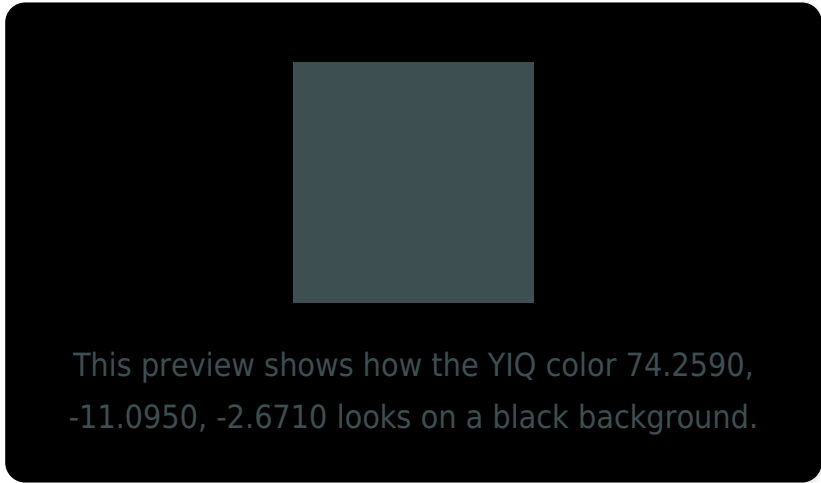
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

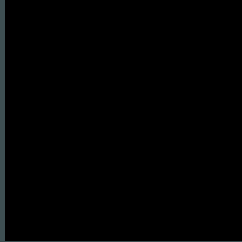
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

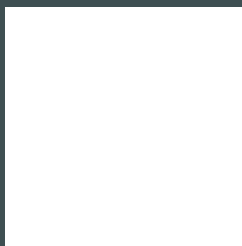
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 74.2590, -11.0950, -2.6710

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 74.2590, -11.0950, -2.6710.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 74.2590, -11.0950,

-2.6710.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

74.2590, -11.0950, -2.6710

Protanopia

75.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670

Deuteranopia

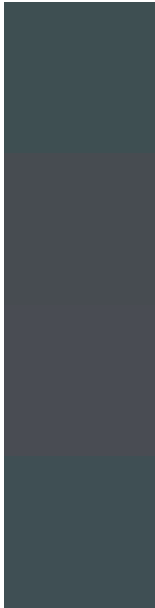
76.8200, 0.6870, 4.0710



Tritanopia

74.9000, -11.4620, -1.5260

Trichromacy



Original Color

74.2590, -11.0950, -2.6710

Protanomaly

75.0750, -4.5850, 0.4950

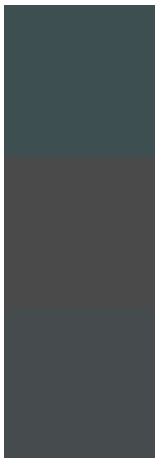
Deuteranomaly

75.9010, -4.0350, 1.5410

Tritanomaly

74.7860, -11.1410, -1.8370

Monochromacy



Original Color

74.2590, -11.0950, -2.6710

Achromatopsia

74.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

74.3200, -3.8970, -0.9610

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 74.2590, -11.0950, -2.6710 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(62, 79, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(62, 79, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(62, 79, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(62, 79, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 74.2590, -11.0950, -2.6710 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(62, 79, 82) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(62, 79, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(62, 79, 82)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(62, 79, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(62, 79, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(62, 79, 82)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 74.2590, -11.0950, -2.6710 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(62, 79, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(62, 79,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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