

# Converting Colors

YIQ(74.6810, 74.3590, 45.5830)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(74.6810, 74.3590, 45.5830)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(74.6810, 74.3590,  
45.5830)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AE1946
RGB	174, 25, 70
RGB Percent	68%, 10%, 27%
CMY	0.3173, 0.9021, 0.7252
CMYK	0.00, 0.86, 0.60, 0.32
HSL	342°, 75%, 39%
HSV	342°, 86%, 68%
XYZ	18.9312, 10.1455, 6.7658
YIQ	74.6810, 74.3590, 45.5830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

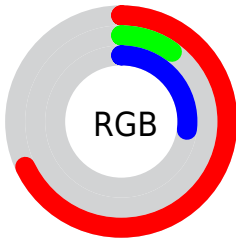
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	174, 25, 70
Decimal	11409734
CIE Lab	38.10, 58.80, 14.06
CIE LCh	38, 60.459, 13.451
Yxy	10.1455, 0.5282, 0.2831
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289599814 (0xFFAE1946)
YUV	74.6810, -2.3077, 87.1028
Hunter-Lab	31.8520, 50.3501, 9.7023

# Details

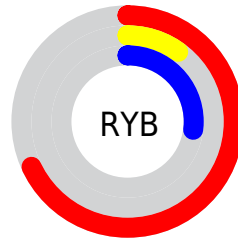
The YIQ color **74.6810, 74.3590, 45.5830** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **124.3190, -74.3590, -45.5830**, and the grayscale version is **75.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **135.9600, 77.7070, 39.9710**, and **37.2780, 58.9560, 32.8760** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63.3340, 82.8860, 50.7420**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.0280, 65.8320, 40.4240**.

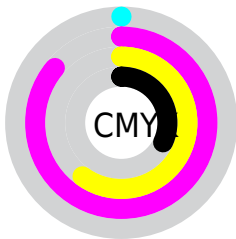
# Distribution



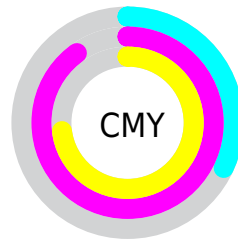
- Red (68%)
- Green (10%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (32%)




- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (73%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 74.6810, 74.3590, 45.5830 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 74.6810, 74.3590, 45.5830 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 74.6810, 74.3590,  
45.5830

 74.6810, 74.3590,  
45.5830


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

 48.5280, 70.4160,  
45.4560


 135.3730, 77.9820,  
40.4940


 37.2780, 58.9560,  
32.8760


 161.3400, 73.5810,  
37.6530


 25.7140, 51.2560,  
18.2320

 180.7400, 57.5350,  
31.0950

 17.5700, 33.9260,  
12.9180

 200.2540, 41.1680,  
24.8480

 5.3820, 10.7280,  
3.8160

 220.4690, 24.2050,  
18.3890

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 240.7980, 6.9210,

12.2410

■ 74.6810, 74.3590,  
45.5830

■ 74.6810, 74.3590,  
45.5830

■ 63.3340, 82.8860,  
50.7420

■ 86.0280, 65.8320,  
40.4240

■ 58.0680, 86.6910,  
53.3710

■ 97.9620, 57.0300,  
34.7420

■ 109.3090, 48.5030,  
29.5830

■ 121.3570, 39.3800,  
24.2120

■ 132.7040, 30.8530,  
19.0530

■ 144.0510, 22.3260,  
13.8940

■ 155.9850, 13.5240,  
8.2120

■ 167.3320, 4.9970,  
3.0530

■ 179.2660, -3.8050,  
-2.6290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.9620, 49.0030, 53.5710



74.6810, 74.3590, 45.5830



81.4700, 75.1900, 13.9900

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.6810, 74.3590, 45.5830



68.2240, -14.2960, -49.3040



81.4370, -87.3890, 3.3550

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.6810, 74.3590, 45.5830



124.3190, -74.3590, -45.5830

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.8810, -80.3720, -8.1800



74.6810, 74.3590, 45.5830



70.8230, -49.2350, -38.3470

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.6810, 74.3590, 45.5830



81.7890, 27.1940, -30.2940



77.8110, -66.1560, -23.5320



73.4470, -84.1810, 11.2990



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.6810, 74.3590, 45.5830



83.8470, 65.9780, -6.2940



77.8110, -66.1560, -23.5320



82.5140, -86.2880, -0.0800

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.6810, 74.3590, 45.5830



187.6930, 29.3860, 18.1060



72.4840, 12.9630, 67.9630



91.0180, 17.9250, 11.0530



242.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.6810, 74.3590, 45.5830



75.7390, 113.1430, 69.5830



85.4000, 81.3790, 17.4670



81.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410



50.0940, 74.6340, 46.1060



7.6750, 11.4610, 7.0530



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.6810, 74.3590, 45.5830



75.7390, 113.1430, 69.5830



113.6000, -81.3790, -17.4670



81.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410



50.0940, 74.6340, 46.1060



7.6750, 11.4610, 7.0530



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 74.6810, 74.3590, 45.5830 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

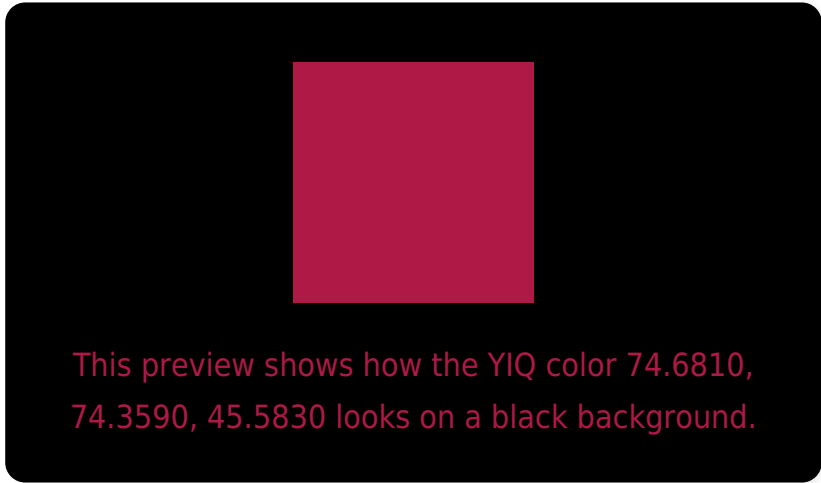
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

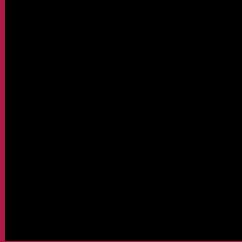
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 74.6810, 74.3590, 45.5830

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 74.6810, 74.3590, 45.5830.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 74.6810, 74.3590,

45.5830.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.6810, 74.3590, 45.5830

### Protanopia

91.9120, -2.5680, 2.4880

### Deuteranopia

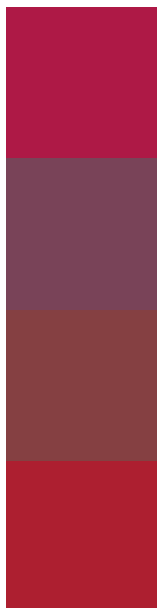
90.8420, 20.8160, -2.8000



## Tritanopia

76.2620, 82.2480, 29.2560

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.6810, 74.3590, 45.5830

## Protanomaly

85.5400, 25.4430, 17.9790

## Deuteranomaly

84.8590, 40.4820, 15.2500

## Tritanomaly

75.3960, 79.1750, 35.3910

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.6810, 74.3590, 45.5830

## Achromatopsia

75.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

74.9700, 27.0480, 16.4240

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 74.6810, 74.3590, 45.5830 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 25, 70)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 25, 70)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 25, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 25, 70) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 74.6810, 74.3590, 45.5830 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 25, 70) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 25, 70) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 25, 70)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 25, 70); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 25, 70);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 25,  
70) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 74.6810, 74.3590, 45.5830 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 25, 70) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174, 25,  
70) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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