

Converting Colors

YIQ(74.9740, -24.6150,
-32.9910)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(74.9740, -24.6150, -32.9910)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(74.9740, -24.6150,
-32.9910)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1F672E
RGB	31, 103, 46
RGB Percent	12%, 40%, 18%
CMY	0.8786, 0.5960, 0.8197
CMYK	0.70, 0.00, 0.55, 0.60
HSL	133°, 54%, 26%
HSV	133°, 70%, 40%
XYZ	5.9096, 10.1941, 4.2396
YIQ	74.9740, -24.6150, -32.9910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

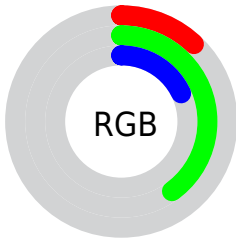
Format	Color
R_{YB}	31, 91, 103
Decimal	2058030
CIE _{Lab}	38.19, -35.49, 25.64
CIE _{LCh}	38, 43.784, 144.153
Yxy	10.1941, 0.2905, 0.5011
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280248110 (0xFF1F672E)
YUV	74.9740, -14.2842, -38.5652
Hunter-Lab	31.9282, -22.8358, 14.4770




Details

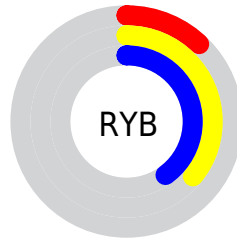
The YIQ color **74.9740, -24.6150, -32.9910** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **59.0260, 24.6150, 32.9910**, and the grayscale version is **75.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **127.0020, -21.8180, -34.1220**, and **32.2850, -15.1250, -28.7650** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.0720, -28.0070, -37.5990**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78.8760, -21.2230, -28.3830**.

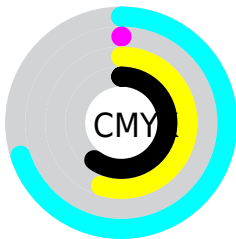
Distribution







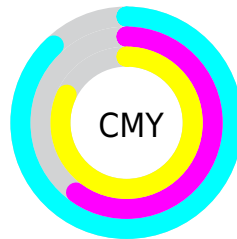
-  Red (12%)
-  Green (40%)
-  Blue (18%)






-  Red (12%)
-  Yellow (36%)
-  Blue (40%)



-  Cyan (70%)
-  Magenta (0%)
-  Yellow (55%)
-  Black (60%)



-  Cyan (88%)
-  Magenta (60%)
-  Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 74.9740, -24.6150, -32.9910 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 74.9740, -24.6150, -32.9910 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 74.9740, -24.6150,
-32.9910

■ 74.9740, -24.6150,
-32.9910

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 48.5220, -29.1540,
-33.3300

■ 127.0020,
-21.8180, -34.1220

■ 32.2850, -15.1250,
-28.7650

■ 153.7740,
-21.1760, -34.7440

■ 20.5450, -9.6250,
-18.3050

■ 181.2470,
-21.1300, -35.5780

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 208.8340,
-21.4050, -36.1010

■ 230.3770,
-18.3800, -30.3480

■ 242.2400,

-10.0840, -15.4920

254.1030, -1.7880,
-0.6360

■ 74.9740, -24.6150,
-32.9910

■ 74.9740, -24.6150,
-32.9910

■ 71.0720, -28.0070,
-37.5990

■ 78.8760, -21.2230,
-28.3830

■ 66.8710, -31.9950,
-42.4190

■ 83.0770, -17.2350,
-23.5630

■ 62.9690, -35.3870,
-47.0270

■ 86.9790, -13.8430,
-18.9550

■ 62.8550, -35.0660,
-47.3380

■ 90.9950, -10.7720,
-14.0360

■ 94.8970, -7.3800,
-9.4280

■ 99.0980, -3.3920,
-4.6080

■ 103.0000, -0.0000,
0.0000

■ 106.9020, 3.3920,
4.6080

■ 111.1030, 7.3800,
9.4280

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.2100, 15.8230, -27.9610



74.9740, -24.6150, -32.9910



71.5700, -55.4720, -29.9360

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.9740, -24.6150, -32.9910



74.7060, -78.0810, -0.1370



86.9750, 55.0150, 21.6950

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.9740, -24.6150, -32.9910



59.0260, 24.6150, 32.9910

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.8940, 42.5420, 32.9900



74.9740, -24.6150, -32.9910



89.4140, -26.6880, 21.1200

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.9740, -24.6150, -32.9910



77.8060, -75.7870, -8.6750



92.6380, 14.0240, 32.2000



87.4730, 52.7720, 1.7640

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.9740, -24.6150, -32.9910



74.8930, -63.4510, -22.9950



92.6380, 14.0240, 32.2000



87.4680, 52.3090, 26.6850

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.9740, -24.6150, -32.9910



124.1200, -9.6260, -12.7780



90.6060, 14.7680, -25.3600



62.3210, -5.6380, -7.9580



196.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



69.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.9740, -24.6150, -32.9910



90.9530, -38.4580, -51.9460



78.9640, -35.8500, -22.1060



49.0490, -1.6960, -2.3040



70.2410, -39.3290, -52.6810



147.8680, -82.9210, -110.7050

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.0260, 24.6150, 32.9910



65.9330, 38.7790, 51.6350



55.0360, 35.8500, 22.1060



47.9510, 1.6960, 2.3040



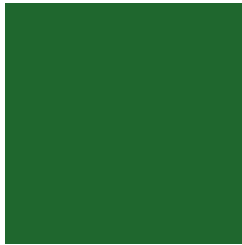
44.7590, 39.3290, 52.6810



94.2460, 82.6000, 111.0160

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 74.9740, -24.6150, -32.9910 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

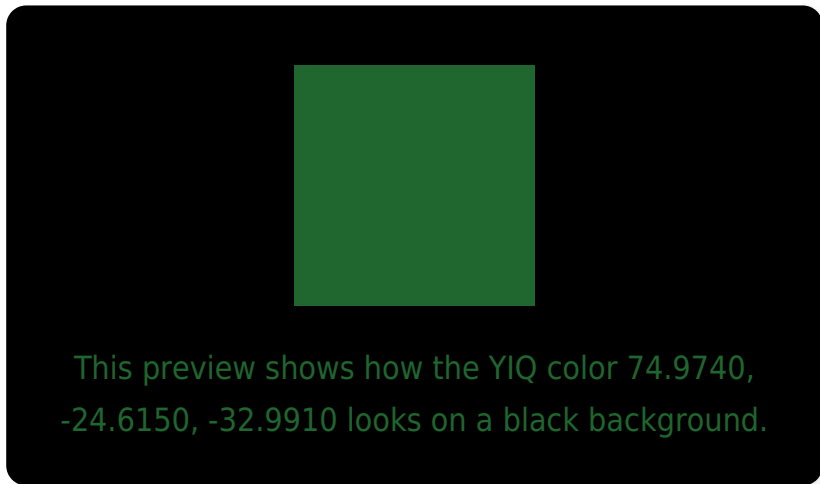
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

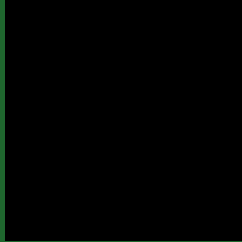
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 74.9740, -24.6150, -32.9910

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 74.9740, -24.6150, -32.9910.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 74.9740, -24.6150,

-32.9910.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

74.9740, -24.6150, -32.9910

Protanopia

87.2190, 20.7720, -13.0200

Deuteranopia

88.3000, 25.2180, -5.4860



Tritanopia

83.5600, -31.1760, -7.6880

Trichromacy



Original Color

74.9740, -24.6150, -32.9910

Protanomaly

82.7930, 4.1760, -20.6240

Deuteranomaly

83.8090, 7.2470, -15.7050

Tritanomaly

80.2470, -29.1570, -16.7490

Monochromacy



Original Color

74.9740, -24.6150, -32.9910

Achromatopsia

75.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

74.8320, -8.7550, -12.0430

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 74.9740, -24.6150, -32.9910 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(31, 103, 46)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(31, 103, 46)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 103, 46) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(31, 103, 46) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 74.9740, -24.6150, -32.9910 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(31, 103, 46) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(31, 103, 46) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 103, 46) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(31, 103, 46); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 103, 46);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 103,  
46) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 74.9740, -24.6150, -32.9910 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(31, 103, 46) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(31, 103,  
46) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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