

Converting Colors

YIQ(75.0330, -13.9350,
-17.2870)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(75.0330, -13.9350, -17.2870)
contains.

YIQ(75.0330, -13.9350, -17.2870)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(75.0330, -13.9350,
-17.2870)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	335A3D
RGB	51, 90, 61
RGB Percent	20%, 35%, 24%
CMY	0.8001, 0.6470, 0.7608
CMYK	0.43, 0.00, 0.32, 0.65
HSL	135°, 28%, 28%
HSV	135°, 43%, 35%
XYZ	5.8634, 8.3550, 5.7173
YIQ	75.0330, -13.9350, -17.2870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

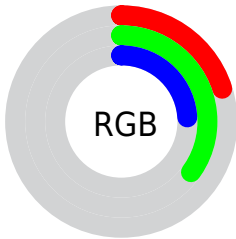
Format	Color
RYB	51, 82, 90
Decimal	3365437
CIELab	34.71, -21.02, 12.54
CIELCh	35, 24.477, 149.180
Yxy	8.3550, 0.2941, 0.4191
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281555517 (0xFF335A3D)
YUV	75.0330, -6.9183, -21.0769
Hunter-Lab	28.9050, -14.3747, 8.5061

Details

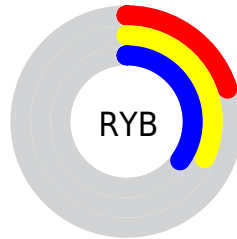
The YIQ color **75.0330, -13.9350, -17.2870** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **65.9670, 13.9350, 17.2870**, and the grayscale version is **75.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **124.5060, -13.8890, -18.1210**, and **28.8910, -16.4110, -16.4670** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.5440, -17.0520, -21.3720**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78.5220, -10.8180, -13.2020**.

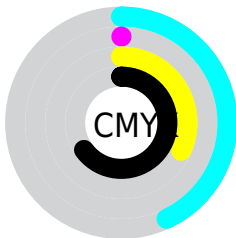
Distribution



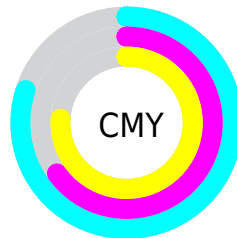
- Red (20%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (65%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 75.0330, -13.9350, -17.2870 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 75.0330, -13.9350, -17.2870 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 75.0330, -13.9350,
-17.2870

■ 75.0330, -13.9350,
-17.2870

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 51.5600, -13.9810,
-16.4530

■ 124.2070,
-14.4850, -18.3330

■ 28.7770, -16.0900,
-16.7780

■ 150.6800,
-14.4390, -19.1670

■ 14.6750, -6.8750,
-13.0750

■ 177.2670,
-14.7140, -19.6900

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 204.8540,
-14.9890, -20.2130

■ 233.4410,
-15.2640, -20.7360

■ 247.6520, -8.0680,

-7.9720

■ 75.0330, -13.9350,
-17.2870

■ 75.0330, -13.9350,
-17.2870

■ 71.5440, -17.0520,
-21.3720

■ 78.5220, -10.8180,
-13.2020

■ 68.1690, -20.4900,
-25.1460

■ 81.8970, -7.3800,
-9.4280

■ 64.6800, -23.6070,
-29.2310

■ 85.3860, -4.2630,
-5.3430

■ 61.1910, -26.7240,
-33.3160

■ 88.8750, -1.1460,
-1.2580

■ 57.8160, -30.1620,
-37.0900

■ 92.2500, 2.2920,
2.5160

■ 55.4520, -32.1330,
-39.9170

■ 95.7390, 5.4090,
6.6010

■ 99.2280, 8.5260,
10.6860

■ 102.7170, 11.6430,
14.7710

■ 106.0920, 15.0810,
18.5450

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.2650, 5.9630, -14.4610



75.0330, -13.9350, -17.2870



69.1040, -39.0600, -18.9960

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.0330, -13.9350, -17.2870



78.2370, -31.2240, 4.2000



82.4940, 31.0840, 9.3560

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.0330, -13.9350, -17.2870



65.9670, 13.9350, 17.2870

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.1870, 24.9390, 16.0990



75.0330, -13.9350, -17.2870



83.2400, -8.9430, 13.4010

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.0330, -13.9350, -17.2870



65.9510, -60.1980, -10.3580



84.4120, 11.1840, 17.5840



81.3270, 29.7560, 0.3800

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.0330, -13.9350, -17.2870



64.7200, -55.4740, -18.8820



84.4120, 11.1840, 17.5840



82.8900, 30.0290, 11.9570

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.0330, -13.9350, -17.2870



111.2610, -5.4090, -6.6010



82.5640, 6.5590, -14.2490



55.2120, -3.7130, -4.2970



186.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



59.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.0330, -13.9350, -17.2870



93.6310, -21.9110, -26.9270



77.1990, -20.0340, -11.3780



44.0490, -1.6960, -2.3040



67.7620, -39.2380, -48.8220



146.0730, -84.7560, -104.9800

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.9670, 13.9350, 17.2870



79.4830, 21.5900, 27.2380



63.8010, 20.0340, 11.3780



42.9510, 1.6960, 2.3040



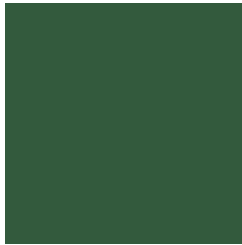
42.2380, 39.2380, 48.8220



90.9270, 84.7560, 104.9800

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 75.0330, -13.9350, -17.2870 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

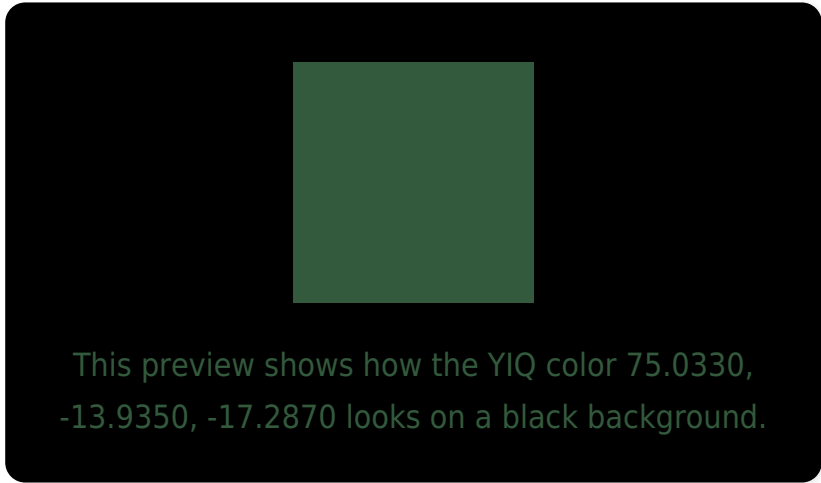
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 75.0330, -13.9350, -17.2870

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 75.0330, -13.9350, -17.2870.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 75.0330, -13.9350,

-17.2870.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

75.0330, -13.9350, -17.2870

Protanopia

80.3570, 11.8760, -5.9800

Deuteranopia

81.4870, 14.6260, -0.7500



Tritanopia

78.4260, -18.9350, -3.7590

Trichromacy



Original Color

75.0330, -13.9350, -17.2870

Protanomaly

78.3450, 2.9820, -9.9940

Deuteranomaly

78.9370, 4.3110, -6.5450

Tritanomaly

76.7480, -17.1460, -8.6500

Monochromacy



Original Color

75.0330, -13.9350, -17.2870

Achromatopsia

75.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

74.6740, -5.1340, -6.0780

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 75.0330, -13.9350, -17.2870 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 90, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 90, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 90, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 90, 61) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 75.0330, -13.9350, -17.2870 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 90, 61) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 90, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(51, 90, 61)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 90, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 90, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 90, 61)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 75.0330, -13.9350, -17.2870 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 90, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 90,  
61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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