

Converting Colors

YIQ(75.1350, 23.8310, 58.2230)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(75.1350, 23.8310, 58.2230)
contains.

YIQ(75.1350, 23.8310, 58.2230)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(75.1350, 23.8310,
58.2230)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	861F94
RGB	134, 31, 148
RGB Percent	53%, 12%, 58%
CMY	0.4742, 0.8786, 0.4196
CMYK	0.09, 0.79, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	293°, 65%, 35%
HSV	293°, 79%, 58%
XYZ	15.6787, 8.1909, 28.7720
YIQ	75.1350, 23.8310, 58.2230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

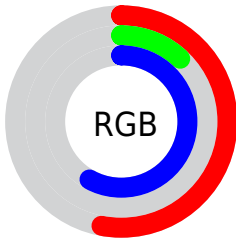
Format	Color
R_{YB}	134, 31, 148
Decimal	8789908
CIE _{Lab}	34.38, 57.07, -41.48
CIE _{LCh}	34, 70.557, 323.988
Yxy	8.1909, 0.2978, 0.1556
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286979988 (0xFF861F94)
YUV	75.1350, 35.9224, 51.6246
Hunter-Lab	28.6197, 47.7029, -39.5718

Details

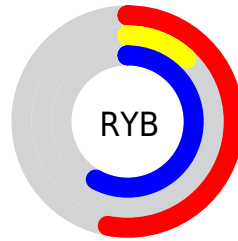
The YIQ color **75.1350, 23.8310, 58.2230** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993399**. A complement of this color would be **103.8650, -23.8310, -58.2230**, and the grayscale version is **75.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **131.6080, 23.8770, 57.3890**, and **34.8640, 16.8640, 46.8160** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.7320, 26.7640, 65.6440**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84.5380, 20.8980, 50.8020**.

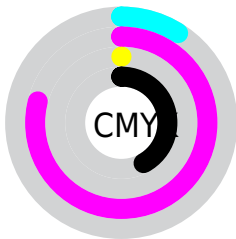
Distribution



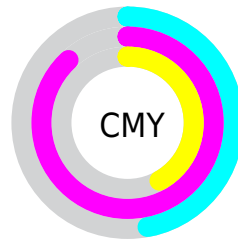
- Red (53%)
- Green (12%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (88%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 75.1350, 23.8310, 58.2230 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 75.1350, 23.8310, 58.2230 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 75.1350, 23.8310,
58.2230

■ 75.1350, 23.8310,
58.2230

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 45.9010, 24.6100,
60.6260

■ 131.6080, 23.8770,
57.3890

■ 34.8640, 16.8640,
46.8160

■ 159.3200, 24.7480,
58.1240

■ 24.3540, 9.0720,
33.8400

■ 187.4620, 27.2240,
57.3040

■ 13.9580, 0.9590,
21.1750

■ 205.6920, 23.1000,
43.9320

■ 3.6650, -8.9420,
7.8740

■ 222.1280, 15.4000,
29.2880

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 239.1510, 7.4250,

14.1210

■ 75.1350, 23.8310,
58.2230

■ 75.1350, 23.8310,
58.2230

■ 65.7320, 26.7640,
65.6440

■ 84.5380, 20.8980,
50.8020

■ 56.6280, 30.2930,
73.2770

■ 93.9410, 17.9650,
43.3810

■ 55.7420, 29.9720,
73.5880

■ 102.4580, 14.7110,
36.2710

■ 111.8610, 11.7780,
28.8500

■ 121.2640, 8.8450,
21.4290

■ 130.6670, 5.9120,
14.0080

■ 139.7710, 2.3830,
6.3750

■ 148.5870, -0.2750,
-0.5230

■ 157.9900, -3.2080,
-7.9440

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.5510, -69.3740, 23.7940



75.1350, 23.8310, 58.2230



61.6600, 70.8250, 65.5850

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.1350, 23.8310, 58.2230



76.6160, 44.3390, -16.1170



74.7110, -68.4500, -14.9940

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.1350, 23.8310, 58.2230



103.8650, -23.8310, -58.2230

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.5120, -49.5570, -32.5090



75.1350, 23.8310, 58.2230



70.1610, 8.3510, -35.7210

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.1350, 23.8310, 58.2230



70.9660, 76.4290, 8.0530



58.1130, -27.2250, -51.7770



78.8950, -82.9870, 0.6690

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.1350, 23.8310, 58.2230



58.6380, 85.0860, 54.9260



58.1130, -27.2250, -51.7770



72.6590, -62.6720, -20.5920

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.1350, 23.8310, 58.2230



162.5030, 9.6700, 22.9980



53.7300, -41.9570, 28.0190



79.6670, 5.9120, 14.0080



224.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



97.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.1350, 23.8310, 58.2230



78.4740, 37.2590, 90.2110



74.4190, 45.9780, 47.8180



69.5920, 1.3290, 3.4490



51.9110, 27.8180, 68.5700



3.8310, 2.1540, 5.0180

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.5790, 65.2380, 29.1580



66.5130, 101.1350, 44.9030



104.5810, -45.9780, -47.8180



69.0930, 4.1720, 1.4840



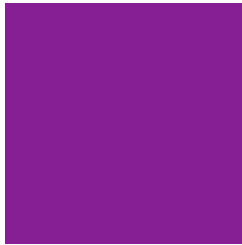
43.0860, 77.1120, 34.2320



3.1040, 5.6390, 2.4310

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 75.1350, 23.8310, 58.2230 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

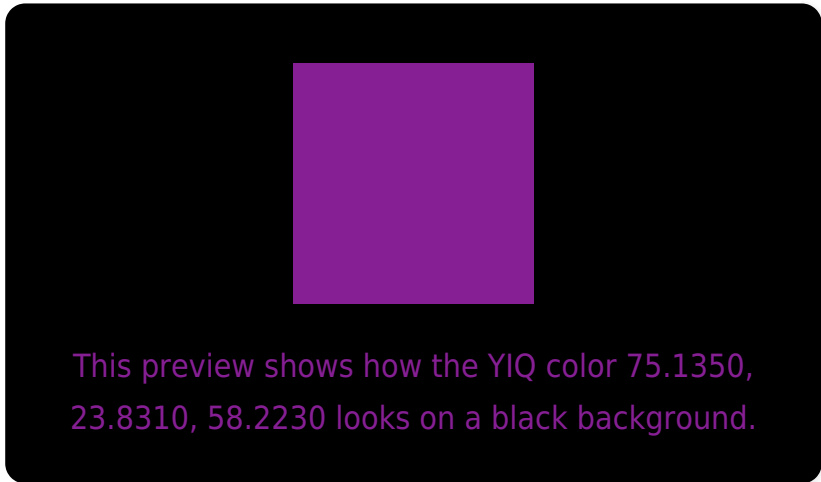
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

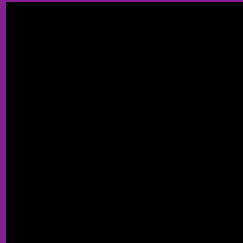
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 75.1350, 23.8310, 58.2230

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 75.1350, 23.8310, 58.2230.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 75.1350, 23.8310,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

75.1350, 23.8310, 58.2230

Protanopia

65.5250, -75.6530, 10.9310

Deuteranopia

76.3420, -44.5210, 8.3990



Tritanopia

81.8090, 34.7510, 14.4870

Trichromacy



Original Color

75.1350, 23.8310, 58.2230

Protanomaly

69.3990, -39.5270, 28.0330

Deuteranomaly

75.9960, -19.3990, 26.6890

Tritanomaly

79.2670, 31.1260, 30.6300

Monochromacy



Original Color

75.1350, 23.8310, 58.2230

Achromatopsia

75.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

74.9650, 8.2490, 21.2170

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 75.1350, 23.8310, 58.2230 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 31, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 31, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 31, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 31, 148) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 75.1350, 23.8310, 58.2230 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 31, 148) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 31, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 31, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 31, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 31, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 31,  
148) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 75.1350, 23.8310, 58.2230 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 31, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134, 31,  
148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor