

Converting Colors

YIQ(75.1430, 47.7160, 71.3960)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(75.1430, 47.7160, 71.3960)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(75.1430, 47.7160,
71.3960)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A51090
RGB	165, 16, 144
RGB Percent	65%, 6%, 56%
CMY	0.3525, 0.9374, 0.4352
CMYK	0.00, 0.90, 0.13, 0.35
HSL	308°, 82%, 35%
HSV	308°, 90%, 65%
XYZ	20.7603, 10.3943, 27.3069
YIQ	75.1430, 47.7160, 71.3960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

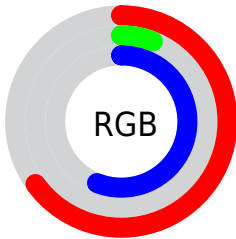
Format	Color
R_{YB}	165, 16, 144
Decimal	10817680
CIE _{Lab}	38.54, 66.03, -32.09
CIE _{LCh}	39, 73.411, 334.080
Yxy	10.3943, 0.3551, 0.1778
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289007760 (0xFFA51090)
YUV	75.1430, 33.9465, 78.8046
Hunter-Lab	32.2401, 58.5205, -27.6496

Details

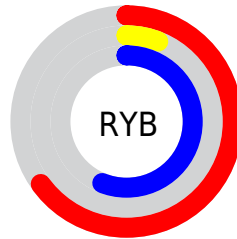
The YIQ color **75.1430, 47.7160, 71.3960** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **105.8570, -47.7160, -71.3960**, and the grayscale version is **75.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **140.0300, 46.2960, 64.0880**, and **43.1930, 35.1110, 52.0310** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.5230, 52.7580, 79.1420**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84.7630, 42.6740, 63.6500**.

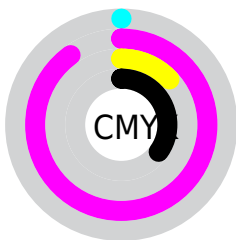
Distribution



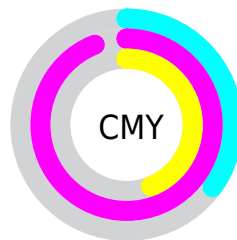
- Red (65%)
- Green (6%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (94%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 75.1430, 47.7160, 71.3960 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 75.1430, 47.7160, 71.3960 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 75.1430, 47.7160,
71.3960

■ 75.1430, 47.7160,
71.3960

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 54.4150, 43.7740,
65.7420

■ 140.0300, 46.2960,
64.0880

■ 43.1930, 35.1110,
52.0310

■ 169.2150, 47.2130,
63.9890

■ 32.0850, 26.1270,
38.6310

■ 189.2560, 30.8000,
58.5760

■ 21.9880, 18.6100,
26.1780

■ 206.2790, 22.8250,
43.4090

■ 9.9120, 6.6000,
12.5520

■ 223.3020, 14.8500,
28.2420

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 240.3250, 6.8750,

13.0750

■ 75.1430, 47.7160,
71.3960

■ 75.1430, 47.7160,
71.3960

■ 65.5230, 52.7580,
79.1420

■ 84.7630, 42.6740,
63.6500

■ 95.0840, 37.0360,
55.6920

■ 104.7040, 31.9940,
47.9460

■ 114.9110, 26.6770,
39.6770

■ 125.2320, 21.0390,
31.7190

■ 134.8520, 15.9970,
23.9730

■ 145.0590, 10.6800,
15.7040

■ 154.7930, 5.3170,
8.2690

■ 165.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.3720, -25.7290, 42.2950



75.1430, 47.7160, 71.3960



66.6140, 85.6340, 67.0260

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.1430, 47.7160, 71.3960



84.5130, 36.9590, -25.5450



85.4030, -82.0220, -11.3180

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.1430, 47.7160, 71.3960



105.8570, -47.7160, -71.3960

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.0900, -62.8080, -29.1440



75.1430, 47.7160, 71.3960



72.3990, -7.4190, -47.2830

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.1430, 47.7160, 71.3960



83.8910, 71.8460, -2.5060



69.5060, -41.3930, -48.3130



87.2560, -94.1290, 4.3590

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.1430, 47.7160, 71.3960



61.5700, 96.9610, 54.4730



69.5060, -41.3930, -48.3130



83.2370, -75.9230, -17.2270

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.1430, 47.7160, 71.3960



179.0420, 18.5180, 27.8460



38.9660, -35.9090, 50.5790



86.4720, 10.9550, 16.2270



235.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



107.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.1430, 47.7160, 71.3960



84.9620, 68.4800, 102.5920



66.8210, 71.1490, 48.6930



76.4890, 3.1170, 4.0850



57.6050, 46.2950, 69.6150



7.0920, 5.9130, 8.4810

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.1430, 47.7160, 71.3960



84.9620, 68.4800, 102.5920



114.1790, -71.1490, -48.6930



76.4890, 3.1170, 4.0850



57.6050, 46.2950, 69.6150



7.0920, 5.9130, 8.4810

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 75.1430, 47.7160, 71.3960 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

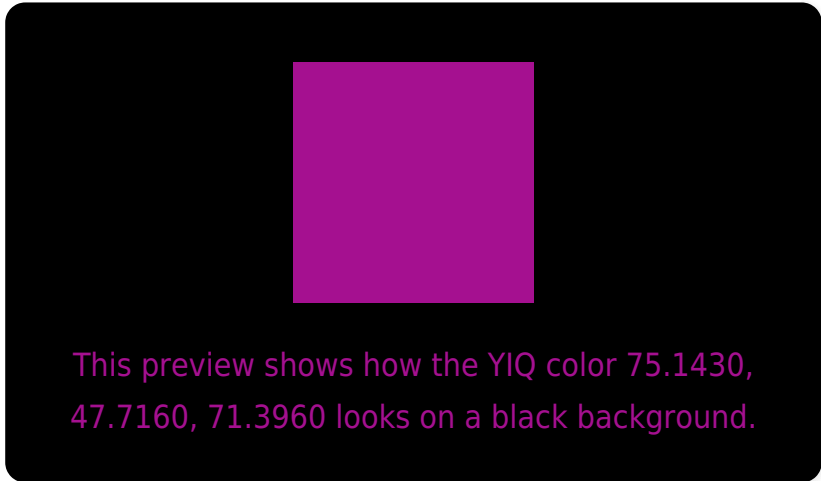
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

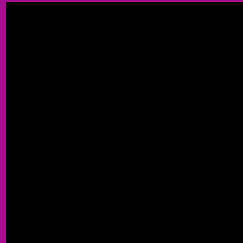
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 75.1430, 47.7160, 71.3960

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 75.1430, 47.7160, 71.3960.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 75.1430, 47.7160,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

75.1430, 47.7160, 71.3960

Protanopia

73.9030, -85.4650, 12.5430

Deuteranopia

91.8190, -23.9350, 9.7690



Tritanopia

88.2420, 58.6370, 22.1330

Trichromacy



Original Color

75.1430, 47.7160, 71.3960



Protanomaly

74.0560, -36.8230, 34.0970



Deuteranomaly

85.5920, 2.4700, 32.3420



Tritanomaly

83.7540, 54.9200, 39.9440

Monochromacy



Original Color

75.1430, 47.7160, 71.3960



Achromatopsia

75.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



Achromatomaly

75.3900, 17.4180, 25.7540

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 75.1430, 47.7160, 71.3960 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 16, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 16, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 16, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 16, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 75.1430, 47.7160, 71.3960 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 16, 144) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 16, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 16, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(165, 16, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 16, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 16,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 75.1430, 47.7160, 71.3960 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 16, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165, 16,  
144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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