

Converting Colors

YIQ(75.5280, 17.6900, 42.8580)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(75.5280, 17.6900, 42.8580)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(75.5280, 17.6900,
42.8580)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	772B81
RGB	119, 43, 129
RGB Percent	47%, 17%, 51%
CMY	0.5331, 0.8315, 0.4941
CMYK	0.08, 0.67, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	293°, 50%, 34%
HSV	293°, 67%, 51%
XYZ	12.4412, 7.2366, 21.5103
YIQ	75.5280, 17.6900, 42.8580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

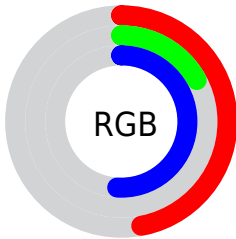
Format	Color
R_{YB}	119, 43, 129
Decimal	7809921
CIE _{Lab}	32.34, 45.51, -33.14
CIE _{LCh}	32, 56.296, 323.940
Yxy	7.2366, 0.3021, 0.1757
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286000001 (0xFF772B81)
YUV	75.5280, 26.3617, 38.1249
Hunter-Lab	26.9010, 35.4762, -28.5782

Details

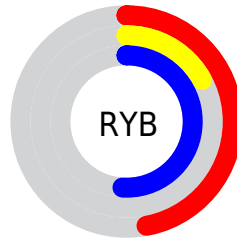
The YIQ color **75.5280, 17.6900, 42.8580** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **96.4720, -17.6900, -42.8580**, and the grayscale version is **75.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **128.5390, 19.1570, 43.8050**, and **29.0390, 14.5730, 38.7730** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67.5980, 20.6690, 49.4450**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.7570, 15.3070, 36.4830**.

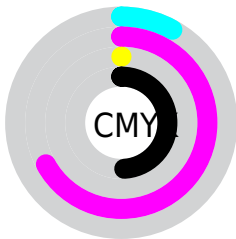
Distribution



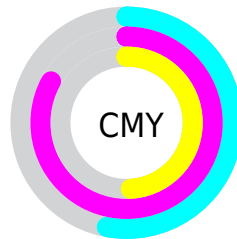
- Red (47%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 75.5280, 17.6900, 42.8580 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 75.5280, 17.6900, 42.8580 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 75.5280, 17.6900,
42.8580

■ 75.5280, 17.6900,
42.8580

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 47.8810, 18.1940,
44.7380

■ 128.5390, 19.1570,
43.8050

■ 29.0390, 14.5730,
38.7730

■ 155.3650, 19.7070,
44.8510

■ 19.5400, 8.2480,
26.7440

■ 182.6040, 20.5320,
46.4200

■ 6.5670, -5.5500,
12.4820

■ 208.0400, 22.0000,
41.8400

■ 0.7980, -2.2470,
2.1770

■ 224.4760, 14.3000,
27.1960

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 241.4990, 6.3250,

12.0290

■ 75.5280, 17.6900,
42.8580

■ 75.5280, 17.6900,
42.8580

■ 67.5980, 20.6690,
49.4450

■ 83.7570, 15.3070,
36.4830

■ 59.3690, 23.0520,
55.8200

■ 91.6870, 12.3280,
29.8960

■ 51.4390, 26.0310,
62.4070

■ 99.9160, 9.9450,
23.5210

■ 48.7920, 26.5350,
64.2870

■ 107.8460, 6.9660,
16.9340

■ 115.4880, 4.8580,
11.0820

■ 123.4180, 1.8790,
4.4950

■ 131.3480, -1.1000,
-2.0920

■ 139.5770, -3.4830,
-8.4670

■ 147.5070, -6.4620,
-15.0540

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.6820, -42.0020, 23.3260



75.5280, 17.6900, 42.8580



61.2140, 56.9810, 52.1570

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.5280, 17.6900, 42.8580



71.8760, 40.6710, -15.7210



68.4190, -61.7560, -15.1640

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.5280, 17.6900, 42.8580



96.4720, -17.6900, -42.8580

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.5880, -46.7150, -28.9470



75.5280, 17.6900, 42.8580



67.2480, 12.6600, -31.2120

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.5280, 17.6900, 42.8580



68.8180, 64.9220, 1.8340



55.2410, -30.1610, -42.6170



70.8760, -72.8080, -2.0880

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.5280, 17.6900, 42.8580



59.1040, 68.6740, 43.9860



55.2410, -30.1610, -42.6170



66.7090, -56.9410, -19.8290

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.5280, 17.6900, 42.8580



147.4330, 6.6910, 16.4110



58.6740, -30.3560, 21.5160



71.6620, 4.3080, 10.0360



212.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



84.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.5280, 17.6900, 42.8580



84.8570, 27.9100, 66.9020



74.7560, 34.2430, 34.7150



59.5920, 1.3290, 3.4490



48.3790, 26.2600, 63.7640



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.8540, 48.0460, 21.3420



75.7760, 75.0490, 33.0730



97.2440, -34.2430, -34.7150



59.2070, 3.8510, 1.7950



39.9820, 71.4730, 31.8010



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 75.5280, 17.6900, 42.8580 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

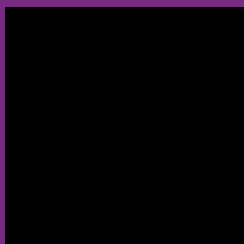
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 75.5280, 17.6900, 42.8580

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 75.5280, 17.6900, 42.8580.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 75.5280, 17.6900,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

75.5280, 17.6900, 42.8580

Protanopia

61.4500, -71.0680, 10.4360

Deuteranopia

74.1710, -30.8580, 8.5820



Tritanopia

77.2210, 27.5990, 11.9430

Trichromacy



Original Color

75.5280, 17.6900, 42.8580

Protanomaly

66.5960, -38.8840, 21.8840

Deuteranomaly

74.8300, -13.3000, 20.7800

Tritanomaly

76.6310, 23.9290, 23.3930

Monochromacy



Original Color

75.5280, 17.6900, 42.8580

Achromatopsia

76.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

75.9060, 6.7370, 15.5770

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 75.5280, 17.6900, 42.8580 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 43, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 43, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 43, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 43, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 75.5280, 17.6900, 42.8580 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 43, 129) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 43, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 43, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 43, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 43, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 43,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 75.5280, 17.6900, 42.8580 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 43, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119, 43,  
129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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