

# Converting Colors

YIQ(76.0470, 37.3170, 23.0530)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(76.0470, 37.3170, 23.0530)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(76.0470, 37.3170, 23.0530)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(76.0470, 37.3170,  
23.0530)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7E334A
RGB	126, 51, 74
RGB Percent	49%, 20%, 29%
CMY	0.5057, 0.8001, 0.7097
CMYK	0.00, 0.60, 0.41, 0.51
HSL	342°, 42%, 35%
HSV	342°, 60%, 49%
XYZ	11.0310, 7.2991, 7.3119
YIQ	76.0470, 37.3170, 23.0530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

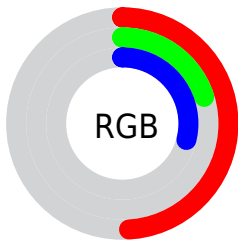
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	126, 51, 74
Decimal	8270666
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	32.48, 34.93, 2.29
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	32, 35.008, 3.751
Yxy	7.2991, 0.4302, 0.2847
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286460746 (0xFF7E334A)
YUV	76.0470, -1.0092, 43.8088
Hunter-Lab	27.0169, 25.6023, 2.8655

# Details

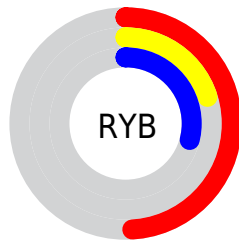
The YIQ color **76.0470, 37.3170, 23.0530** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **100.9530, -37.3170, -23.0530**, and the grayscale version is **76.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **127.4280, 40.6180, 23.8020**, and **25.3610, 33.5570, 25.1170** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67.3900, 43.7810, 27.0530**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84.7040, 30.8530, 19.0530**.

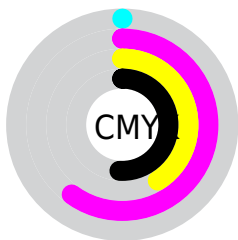
# Distribution



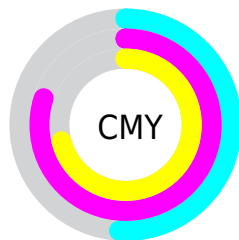
- Red (49%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (29%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (29%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (71%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 76.0470, 37.3170, 23.0530 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 76.0470, 37.3170, 23.0530 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



76.0470, 37.3170,  
23.0530

76.0470, 37.3170,  
23.0530

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

50.7910, 35.1620,  
23.5620

127.4280, 40.6180,  
23.8020

25.3610, 33.5570,  
25.1170

154.2110, 42.7270,  
24.1270

15.5200, 28.1950,  
12.1550

181.2220, 44.1940,  
25.0740

2.0930, 4.1720,  
1.4840

205.5200, 37.3630,  
22.2190

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

225.1480, 20.6750,  
16.2830

244.4340, 4.9500,

9.4140

■ 76.0470, 37.3170,  
23.0530

■ 76.0470, 37.3170,  
23.0530

■ 67.3900, 43.7810,  
27.0530

■ 84.7040, 30.8530,  
19.0530

■ 59.4340, 49.6490,  
30.8410

■ 92.6600, 24.9850,  
15.2650

■ 50.7770, 56.1130,  
34.8410

■ 101.3170, 18.5210,  
11.2650

■ 42.7070, 62.3020,  
38.3180

■ 109.3870, 12.3320,  
7.7880

■ 42.1200, 62.5770,  
38.8410

■ 118.0440, 5.8680,  
3.7880

■ 126.5870, -0.2750,  
-0.5230

■ 134.6570, -6.4640,  
-4.0000

■ 143.3140,  
-12.9280, -8.0000

■ 151.3840,  
-19.1170, -11.4770

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.1730, 19.5270, 26.0790



76.0470, 37.3170, 23.0530



75.3060, 43.4170, 11.6170

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.0470, 37.3170, 23.0530



70.3260, 3.9930, -22.8150



64.8460, -64.0960, -5.7920

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.0470, 37.3170, 23.0530



100.9530, -37.3170, -23.0530

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.3270, -58.5010, -13.5810



76.0470, 37.3170, 23.0530



61.6560, -32.2270, -27.1950

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.0470, 37.3170, 23.0530



72.8620, 26.0910, -15.8050



61.8360, -50.1090, -22.5010



66.7000, -51.5810, 4.1870



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.0470, 37.3170, 23.0530



74.7260, 41.8140, 2.1180



61.8360, -50.1090, -22.5010



64.7490, -62.4450, -8.1810

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.0470, 37.3170, 23.0530



143.6970, 14.3950, 8.9470



74.7990, 6.3210, 34.1370



69.9520, 9.1230, 5.3710



209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



82.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.0470, 37.3170, 23.0530



85.7880, 57.5800, 35.7880



81.6430, 40.8500, 8.5780



59.3210, 3.5300, 2.1060



42.7180, 63.7690, 39.2650



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.0470, 37.3170, 23.0530



85.7880, 57.5800, 35.7880



95.3570, -40.8500, -8.5780



59.3210, 3.5300, 2.1060



42.7180, 63.7690, 39.2650

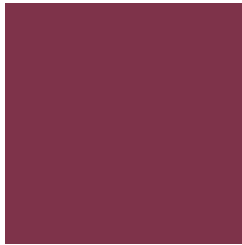


0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 76.0470, 37.3170, 23.0530 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

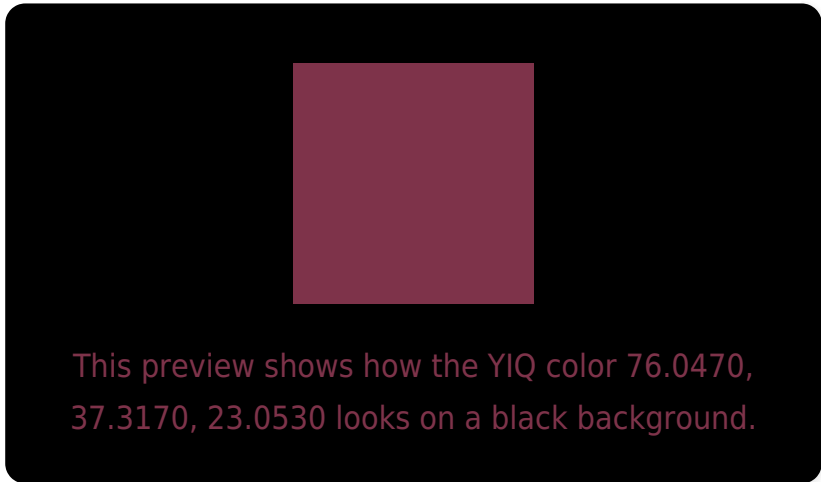
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

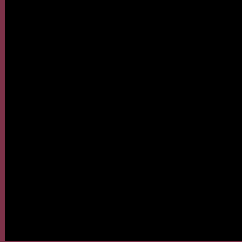
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 76.0470, 37.3170, 23.0530**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 76.0470, 37.3170, 23.0530.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 76.0470, 37.3170,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76.0470, 37.3170, 23.0530

### Protanopia

77.7700, -5.0440, 3.3080

### Deuteranopia

77.4310, 9.0320, 1.5120



## Tritanopia

75.6850, 41.0320, 16.2960

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

76.0470, 37.3170, 23.0530

## Protanomaly

77.5980, 10.3600, 10.4880

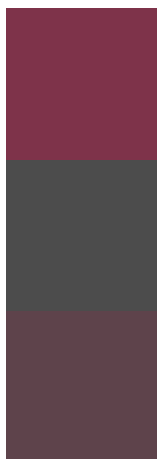
## Deuteranomaly

77.0350, 19.2550, 8.9750

## Tritanomaly

75.7820, 39.3810, 18.6850

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

76.0470, 37.3170, 23.0530

## Achromatopsia

76.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

75.9850, 13.5240, 8.2120

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 76.0470, 37.3170, 23.0530 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 51, 74)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 51, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 51, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 51, 74) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 76.0470, 37.3170, 23.0530 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 51, 74) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 51, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 51, 74)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 51, 74); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 51, 74);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 51,  
74) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 76.0470, 37.3170, 23.0530 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 51, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126, 51,  
74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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