

Converting Colors

YIQ(76.3430, -2.7040, -6.0640)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(76.3430, -2.7040, -6.0640)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(76.3430, -2.7040,
-6.0640)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	465145
RGB	70, 81, 69
RGB Percent	27%, 32%, 27%
CMY	0.7255, 0.6823, 0.7294
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.15, 0.68
HSL	115°, 8%, 29%
HSV	115°, 15%, 32%
XYZ	6.5421, 7.6170, 6.7556
YIQ	76.3430, -2.7040, -6.0640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

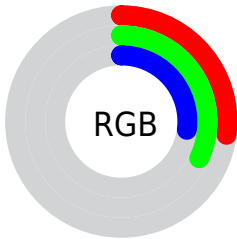
Format	Color
RYB	69, 81, 80
Decimal	4608325
CIELab	33.17, -7.04, 5.60
CIElCh	33, 8.996, 141.481
Yxy	7.6170, 0.3128, 0.3642
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282798405 (0xFF465145)
YUV	76.3430, -3.6201, -5.5628
Hunter-Lab	27.5989, -5.9860, 4.8064

Details

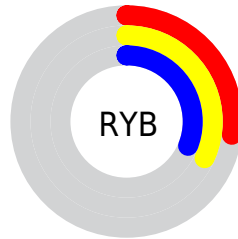
The YIQ color **76.3430, -2.7040, -6.0640** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **73.6570, 2.7040, 6.0640**, and the grayscale version is **76.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **124.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870**, and **32.1690, -2.1540, -5.0180** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.3380, -4.3080, -10.0360**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **79.3480, -1.1000, -2.0920**.

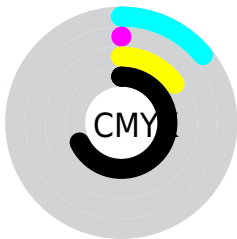
Distribution



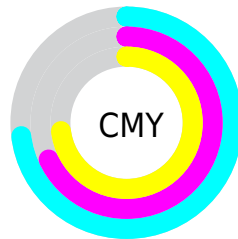
- Red (27%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (68%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 76.3430, -2.7040, -6.0640 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 76.3430, -2.7040, -6.0640 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 76.3430, -2.7040,
-6.0640

■ 76.3430, -2.7040,
-6.0640

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 53.7560, -2.4290,
-5.5410

■ 124.9300, -2.9790,
-6.5870

■ 32.1690, -2.1540,
-5.0180

■ 150.9300, -2.9790,
-6.5870

■ 9.3920, -4.4000,
-8.3680

■ 177.8160, -2.6580,
-6.8980

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 205.4030, -2.9330,
-7.4210

■ 233.4030, -2.9330,
-7.4210

254.7720, 0.6420,

-0.6220

■ 76.3430, -2.7040,
-6.0640

■ 76.3430, -2.7040,
-6.0640

■ 73.3380, -4.3080,
-10.0360

■ 79.3480, -1.1000,
-2.0920

■ 70.0340, -6.5080,
-14.2200

■ 82.6520, 1.1000,
2.0920

■ 67.0290, -8.1120,
-18.1920

■ 85.6570, 2.7040,
6.0640

■ 63.7250, -10.3120,
-22.3760

■ 88.9610, 4.9040,
10.2480

■ 60.6060, -11.5950,
-26.6590

■ 92.0800, 6.1870,
14.5310

■ 57.3020, -13.7950,
-30.8430

■ 95.3840, 8.3870,
18.7150

■ 54.2970, -15.3990,
-34.8150

■ 98.3890, 9.9910,
22.6870

■ 51.2920, -17.0030,
-38.7870

■ 101.3940, 11.5950,
26.6590

■ 49.6400, -18.1030,
-40.8790

■ 104.6980, 13.7950,
30.8430

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.1050, 3.8980, -4.5660



76.3430, -2.7040, -6.0640



75.6350, -9.3980, -5.8940

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.3430, -2.7040, -6.0640



77.1930, -10.7290, 1.7110



78.9800, 11.9200, 4.2400

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.3430, -2.7040, -6.0640



73.6570, 2.7040, 6.0640

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.1800, 8.4810, 5.9930



76.3430, -2.7040, -6.0640



78.5960, -4.4940, 4.3540

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.3430, -2.7040, -6.0640



75.9320, -14.4880, -1.7520



79.3580, 2.1080, 5.8520



78.8720, 12.1040, 0.9040

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.3430, -2.7040, -6.0640



75.3080, -12.7910, -4.9750



79.3580, 2.1080, 5.8520



79.2080, 11.2780, 4.8620

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.3430, -2.7040, -6.0640



103.2340, -0.7790, -2.4030



79.0450, 4.1270, -3.2090



52.7610, -0.8250, -1.5690



181.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



54.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.3430, -2.7040, -6.0640



97.4520, -4.6290, -9.7250



76.6140, -4.9050, -4.7210



39.3480, -1.1000, -2.0920



64.3260, -23.5110, -53.0070



141.8650, -52.4760, -117.3080

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.6570, 2.7040, 6.0640



93.2490, 4.0330, 9.5130



73.3860, 4.9050, 4.7210



38.3530, 0.5040, 1.8800



40.6740, 23.5110, 53.0070



90.1350, 52.4760, 117.3080

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 76.3430, -2.7040, -6.0640 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

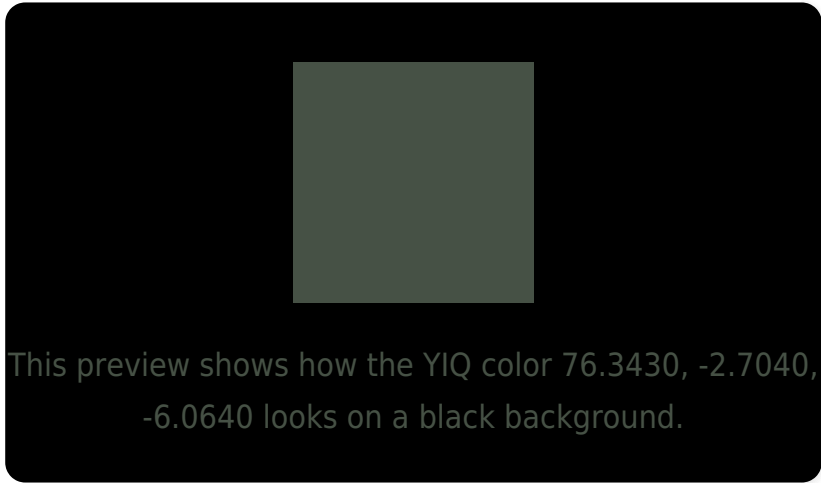
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

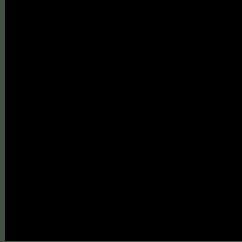
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 76.3430, -2.7040, -6.0640

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 76.3430, -2.7040, -6.0640.



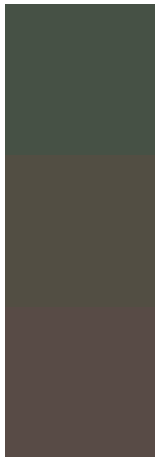
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 76.3430, -2.7040, -6.0640.

-6.0640.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

76.3430, -2.7040, -6.0640

Protanopia

77.9420, 5.9150, -2.5730

Deuteranopia

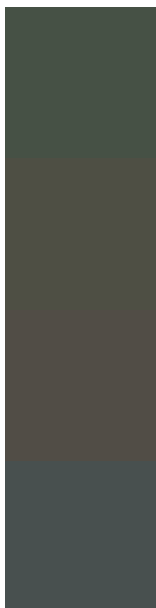
78.3170, 9.3530, 1.2010



Tritanopia

77.8900, -5.5020, 0.5940

Trichromacy



Original Color

76.3430, -2.7040, -6.0640

Protanomaly

77.4470, 2.9350, -3.6330

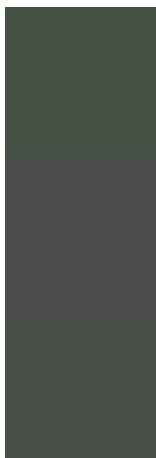
Deuteranomaly

77.3980, 4.6310, -1.3290

Tritanomaly

77.4940, -4.4470, -2.0070

Monochromacy



Original Color

76.3430, -2.7040, -6.0640

Achromatopsia

76.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

76.2340, -0.7790, -2.4030

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 76.3430, -2.7040, -6.0640 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(70, 81, 69)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(70, 81, 69)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 81, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(70, 81, 69) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 76.3430, -2.7040, -6.0640 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(70, 81, 69) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(70, 81, 69) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(70, 81, 69)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(70, 81, 69); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 81, 69);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 81, 69)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 76.3430, -2.7040, -6.0640 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(70, 81, 69) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(70, 81,  
69) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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