

Converting Colors

YIQ(76.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(76.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(76.4410, 3.0720,
-0.6080)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4F4C48
RGB	79, 76, 72
RGB Percent	31%, 30%, 28%
CMY	0.6902, 0.7020, 0.7176
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.09, 0.69
HSL	34°, 5%, 30%
HSV	34°, 9%, 31%
XYZ	6.9787, 7.2990, 7.1726
YIQ	76.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

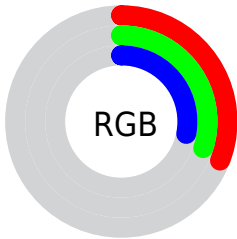
Format	Color
R_YB	77, 79, 72
Decimal	5196872
CIE Lab	32.48, 0.41, 2.81
CIE LCh	32, 2.840, 81.622
Yxy	7.2990, 0.3253, 0.3403
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283386952 (0xFF4F4C48)
YUV	76.4410, -2.1894, 2.2442
Hunter-Lab	27.0166, -1.1702, 3.1708

Details

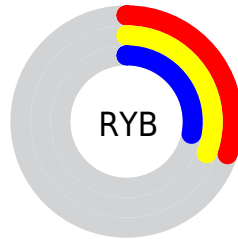
The YIQ color **76.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **74.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080**, and the grayscale version is **76.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **125.3270, 3.3930, -0.9190**, and **32.5550, 2.7510, -0.2970** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.7680, 6.4650, -1.5270**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **79.1140, -0.3210, 0.3110**.

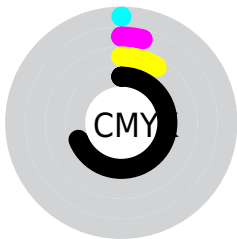
Distribution



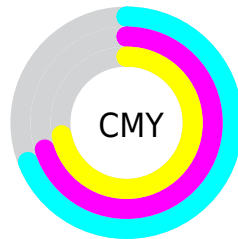
- Red (31%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (28%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (69%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 76.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 76.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 76.4410, 3.0720,
-0.6080

■ 76.4410, 3.0720,
-0.6080

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 53.5550, 2.7510,
-0.2970

■ 125.3270, 3.3930,
-0.9190

■ 32.5550, 2.7510,
-0.2970

■ 151.3270, 3.3930,
-0.9190

■ 8.8110, 4.9060,
-0.8060

■ 177.7400, 3.6680,
-0.3960

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 205.3270, 3.3930,
-0.9190

■ 233.6260, 3.9890,
-0.7070

■ 76.4410, 3.0720,
-0.6080

■ 76.4410, 3.0720,
-0.6080

■ 73.7680, 6.4650,
-1.5270

■ 79.1140, -0.3210,
0.3110

■ 70.5080, 10.1330,
-1.9230

■ 82.3740, -3.9890,
0.7070

■ 67.8350, 13.5260,
-2.8420

■ 85.0470, -7.3820,
1.6260

■ 64.5750, 17.1940,
-3.2380

■ 88.3070, -11.0500,
2.0220

■ 62.0160, 20.2660,
-3.8460

■ 90.9800, -14.4430,
2.9410

■ 59.3430, 23.6590,
-4.7650

■ 93.5390, -17.5150,
3.5490

■ 56.0830, 27.3270,
-5.1610

■ 96.7990, -21.1830,
3.9450

■ 53.4100, 30.7200,

■ 99.4720, -24.5760,

-6.0800

4.8640

■ 50.7370, 34.1130,
-6.9990

■ 102.1450,
-27.9690, 5.7830

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.5660, 4.2180, 0.6500



76.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080



76.4300, 1.6050, -1.5550

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080



75.9070, -4.1720, -1.4840



76.6520, 1.1000, 2.0920

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080



74.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.5700, -1.6050, 1.5550



76.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080



75.8470, -3.9430, -0.1270

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080



75.9780, -2.9340, -1.8940



76.2600, -3.6680, 0.3960



77.0220, 2.9340, 1.8940

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080



75.9460, 0.0920, -1.6680



76.2600, -3.6680, 0.3960



77.0540, -0.0920, 1.6680

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080



101.0710, 1.2380, -0.4100



74.4350, 3.2090, 2.4170



50.1850, 0.9170, -0.0990



179.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



51.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080



97.8110, 4.9060, -0.8060



78.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770



36.9570, 1.5590, -0.7210



64.5440, 44.8420, -8.7100



145.6670, 101.0550, -19.7530

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080



95.1890, -4.9060, 0.8060



72.7980, -2.2470, 2.1770



35.6300, -1.8340, 0.1980



37.4560, -44.8420, 8.7100



83.7460, -100.7800, 20.2760

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 76.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

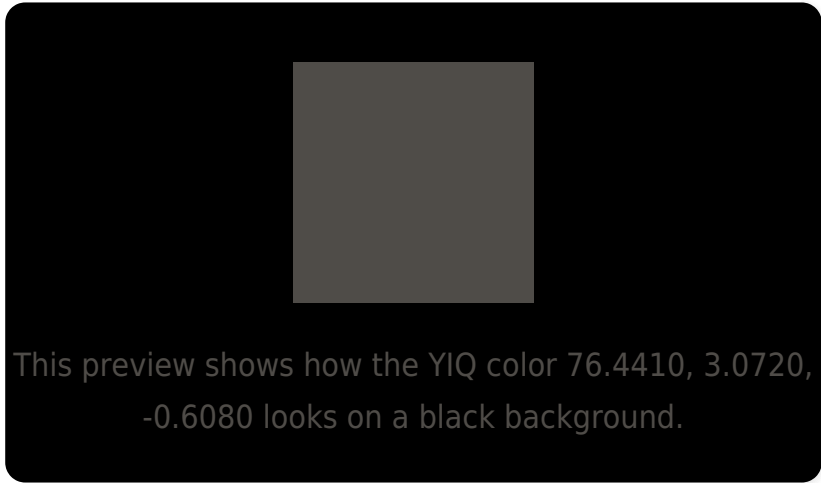
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

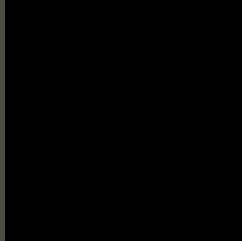
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 76.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 76.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 76.4410, 3.0720,

-0.6080.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

76.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080

Protanopia

76.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080

Deuteranopia

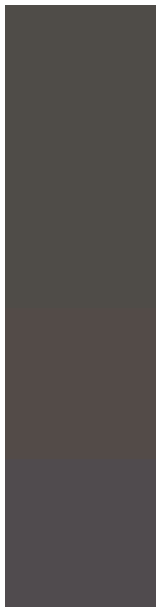
77.0610, 7.1980, 1.7100



Tritanopia

77.1790, 1.0540, 2.9260

Trichromacy



Original Color

76.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080

Protanomaly

76.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080

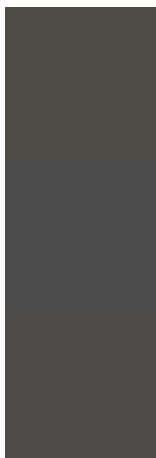
Deuteranomaly

77.0500, 5.7310, 0.7630

Tritanomaly

76.8370, 2.0170, 1.9930

Monochromacy



Original Color

76.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080

Achromatopsia

76.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

76.1850, 0.9170, -0.0990

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 76.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(79, 76, 72)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(79, 76, 72)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 76, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(79, 76, 72) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 76.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(79, 76, 72) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(79, 76, 72) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(79, 76, 72)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(79, 76, 72); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 76, 72);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 76, 72)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 76.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(79, 76, 72) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(79, 76,  
72) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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