

# Converting Colors

YIQ(77.1480, 11.5070, 6.2190)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(77.1480, 11.5070, 6.2190)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(77.1480, 11.5070,  
6.2190)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	5C464B
RGB	92, 70, 75
RGB Percent	36%, 27%, 29%
CMY	0.6392, 0.7255, 0.7058
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.18, 0.64
HSL	346°, 14%, 32%
HSV	346°, 24%, 36%
XYZ	7.8750, 7.1633, 7.6261
YIQ	77.1480, 11.5070, 6.2190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

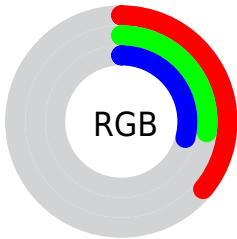
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	92, 70, 75
Decimal	6047307
CIELab	32.18, 10.32, 0.62
CIElCh	32, 10.339, 3.442
Yxy	7.1633, 0.3475, 0.3161
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284237387 (0xFF5C464B)
YUV	77.1480, -1.0590, 13.0252
Hunter-Lab	26.7644, 5.6829, 1.8413

# Details

The YIQ color **77.1480, 11.5070, 6.2190** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **84.8520, -11.5070, -6.2190**, and the grayscale version is **77.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **126.1590, 12.9740, 7.1660**, and **33.1370, 10.0400, 5.2720** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.0670, 16.2290, 8.7490**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.2290, 6.7850, 3.6890**.

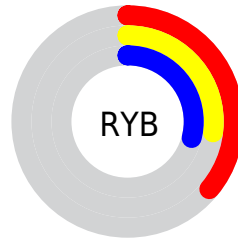
# Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (27%)

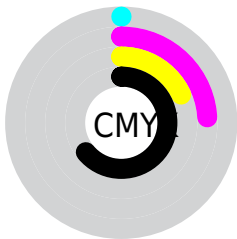
Blue (29%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (29%)

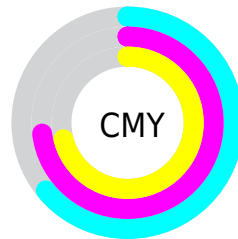


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (64%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (71%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 77.1480, 11.5070, 6.2190 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 77.1480, 11.5070, 6.2190 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 77.1480, 11.5070,  
6.2190

■ 77.1480, 11.5070,  
6.2190

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 54.4360, 10.6360,  
5.4840

■ 126.1590, 12.9740,  
7.1660

■ 33.1370, 10.0400,  
5.2720

■ 152.0450, 13.2950,  
6.8550

■ 8.8710, 13.8450,  
7.9010

■ 179.3440, 13.8910,  
7.0670

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 206.7570, 14.1660,  
7.5900

■ 234.7570, 14.1660,  
7.5900

■ 77.1480, 11.5070,  
6.2190

■ 77.1480, 11.5070,  
6.2190

■ 71.0670, 16.2290,  
8.7490

■ 83.2290, 6.7850,  
3.6890

■ 64.9860, 20.9510,  
11.2790

■ 89.3100, 2.0630,  
1.1590

■ 58.3180, 25.9480,  
14.3320

■ 95.9780, -2.9340,  
-1.8940

■ 52.2370, 30.6700,  
16.8620

■ 102.0590, -7.6560,  
-4.4240

■ 46.0420, 35.7130,  
19.0810

■ 108.2540,  
-12.6990, -6.6430

■ 39.9610, 40.4350,  
21.6110

■ 114.3350,  
-17.4210, -9.1730

■ 33.8800, 45.1570,  
24.1410

■ 120.4160,  
-22.1430, -11.7030

■ 29.9020, 48.0910,

■ 127.0840,

26.0350

-27.1400, -14.7560

■ 133.1650,  
-31.8620, -17.2860

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.1520, 5.6840, 7.1240



77.1480, 11.5070, 6.2190



76.8230, 13.8000, 3.2080

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.1480, 11.5070, 6.2190



74.3820, 1.5600, -6.2480



73.3880, -15.7720, -0.5080

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.1480, 11.5070, 6.2190



84.8520, -11.5070, -6.2190

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.6820, -16.7800, -4.2680



77.1480, 11.5070, 6.2190



73.5490, -6.2800, -7.3360

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.1480, 11.5070, 6.2190



75.0840, 8.3910, -3.3930



72.3680, -13.0200, -6.3320



75.4320, -9.9040, 3.2800



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.1480, 11.5070, 6.2190



76.3560, 13.6170, 1.0170



72.3680, -13.0200, -6.3320



73.1490, -16.5970, -2.0770

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.1480, 11.5070, 6.2190



113.9190, 4.7220, 2.5300



77.5910, 3.0700, 10.4460



57.6090, 2.6590, 1.3710



189.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



61.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.1480, 11.5070, 6.2190



96.3770, 18.2920, 9.9080



80.1000, 11.4620, 1.5260



42.6090, 2.6590, 1.3710



35.7400, 57.5350, 31.0950



77.0190, 123.9180, 67.0380



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.1480, 11.5070, 6.2190



96.3770, 18.2920, 9.9080



81.9000, -11.4620, -1.5260



42.6090, 2.6590, 1.3710



35.7400, 57.5350, 31.0950



77.0190, 123.9180, 67.0380



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 77.1480, 11.5070, 6.2190 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

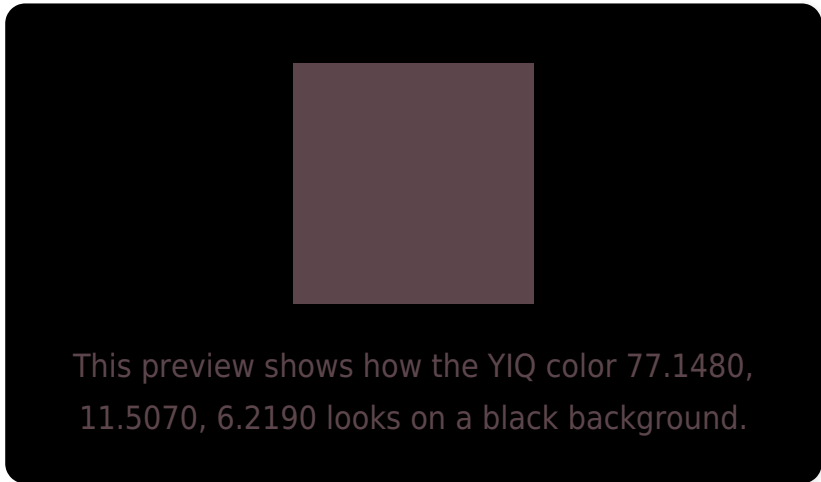
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

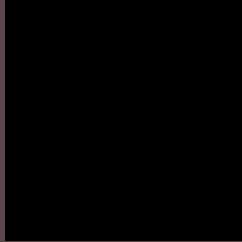
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 77.1480, 11.5070, 6.2190**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 77.1480, 11.5070, 6.2190.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 77.1480, 11.5070,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77.1480, 11.5070, 6.2190

### Protanopia

75.9400, 0.2290, 1.3570

### Deuteranopia

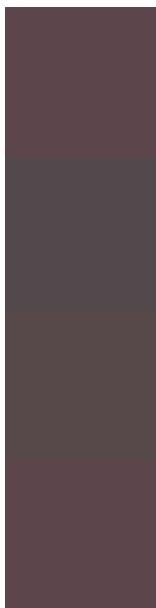
76.4030, 6.2350, 2.6430



## Tritanopia

77.1480, 11.5070, 6.2190

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

77.1480, 11.5070, 6.2190

## Protanomaly

76.1470, 4.0800, 3.1520

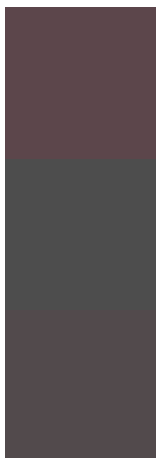
## Deuteranomaly

76.7130, 8.2980, 3.8020

## Tritanomaly

77.1480, 11.5070, 6.2190

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

77.1480, 11.5070, 6.2190

## Achromatopsia

77.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

76.6200, 4.1260, 2.3180

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 77.1480, 11.5070, 6.2190 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 70, 75)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 70, 75)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 70, 75) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 70, 75) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 77.1480, 11.5070, 6.2190 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 70, 75) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 70, 75) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 70, 75) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 70, 75); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 70, 75);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 70, 75)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 77.1480, 11.5070, 6.2190 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 70, 75) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 70,  
75) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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