

Converting Colors

YIQ(77.5310, -5.8690, 1.7390)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(77.5310, -5.8690, 1.7390)
contains.

YIQ(77.5310, -5.8690, 1.7390)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(77.5310, -5.8690,
1.7390)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	494E57
RGB	73, 78, 87
RGB Percent	29%, 31%, 34%
CMY	0.7137, 0.6941, 0.6589
CMYK	0.16, 0.10, 0.00, 0.66
HSL	219°, 9%, 31%
HSV	219°, 16%, 34%
XYZ	7.1921, 7.5535, 10.0941
YIQ	77.5310, -5.8690, 1.7390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

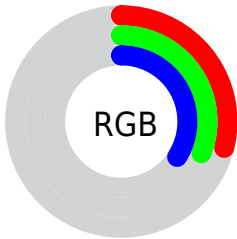
Format	Color
R_{YB}	73, 77, 87
Decimal	4804183
CIE Lab	33.04, 0.12, -5.97
CIE LCh	33, 5.975, 271.195
Yxy	7.5535, 0.2895, 0.3041
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282994263 (0xFF494E57)
YUV	77.5310, 4.6682, -3.9737
Hunter-Lab	27.4836, -1.3854, -2.5373

Details

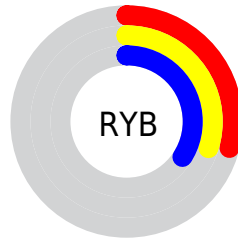
The YIQ color **77.5310, -5.8690, 1.7390** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **82.4690, 5.8690, -1.7390**, and the grayscale version is **77.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **126.6450, -6.1900, 2.0500**, and **33.4170, -5.5480, 1.4280** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.3180, -9.5830, 2.9690**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.7440, -2.1550, 0.5090**.

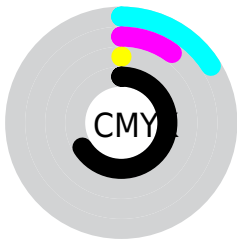
Distribution



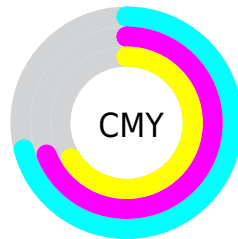
- Red (29%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (66%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 77.5310, -5.8690, 1.7390 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 77.5310, -5.8690, 1.7390 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 77.5310, -5.8690,
1.7390

■ 77.5310, -5.8690,
1.7390

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 54.5310, -5.8690,
1.7390

■ 126.6450, -6.1900,
2.0500

■ 33.4170, -5.5480,
1.4280

■ 152.3460, -6.7860,
1.8380

■ 10.4600, -7.1070,
2.1490

■ 179.3460, -6.7860,
1.8380

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 206.4600, -7.1070,
2.1490

■ 234.7590, -6.5110,
2.3610

■ 77.5310, -5.8690,
1.7390

■ 77.5310, -5.8690,
1.7390

■ 71.3180, -9.5830,
2.9690

■ 83.7440, -2.1550,
0.5090

■ 65.9910, -12.9760,
3.8880

■ 89.0710, 1.2380,
-0.4100

■ 59.7780, -16.6900,
5.1180

■ 95.2840, 4.9520,
-1.6400

■ 54.1520, -20.6790,
5.8250

■ 100.9100, 8.9410,
-2.3470

■ 48.2380, -23.7970,
7.2670

■ 106.8240, 12.0590,
-3.7890

■ 42.0250, -27.5110,
8.4970

■ 113.0370, 15.7730,
-5.0190

■ 36.3990, -31.5000,
9.2040

■ 118.6630, 19.7620,
-5.7260

■ 30.1860, -35.2140,

■ 124.8760, 23.4760,

10.4340

-6.9560

■ 28.1150, -36.4520,
10.8440

■ 130.2030, 26.8690,
-7.8750

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.5090, -8.8030, -0.1550



77.5310, -5.8690, 1.7390



78.0370, -1.4220, 3.7460

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.5310, -5.8690, 1.7390



78.6590, 8.3900, 2.1340



76.5110, -3.1170, -4.0850

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.5310, -5.8690, 1.7390



82.4690, 5.8690, -1.7390

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.0770, 1.1010, -3.4350



77.5310, -5.8690, 1.7390



78.3060, 7.8860, 0.2540

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.5310, -5.8690, 1.7390



78.9300, 6.1890, 3.4770



77.1700, 5.2730, -1.9510



76.4720, -7.3810, -3.9010

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.5310, -5.8690, 1.7390



79.0050, 1.6040, 3.9720



77.1700, 5.2730, -1.9510



76.6960, -2.2000, -4.1840

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.5310, -5.8690, 1.7390



108.7440, -2.1550, 0.5090



82.2440, -6.7390, -4.5230



53.9290, -1.2380, 0.4100



184.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



56.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.5310, -5.8690, 1.7390



98.0900, -8.9410, 2.3470



75.1940, -3.3020, 4.7780



40.6300, -1.8340, 0.1980



34.5040, -44.7970, 13.4030



76.0980, -98.5350, 29.1530

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.7560, 6.7390, 4.5230



98.1910, 9.9480, 6.9400



84.8060, 3.3020, -4.7780



40.4240, 1.7420, 1.4700



36.3250, 51.5740, 34.5020



79.8410, 113.0960, 75.9440

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 77.5310, -5.8690, 1.7390 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

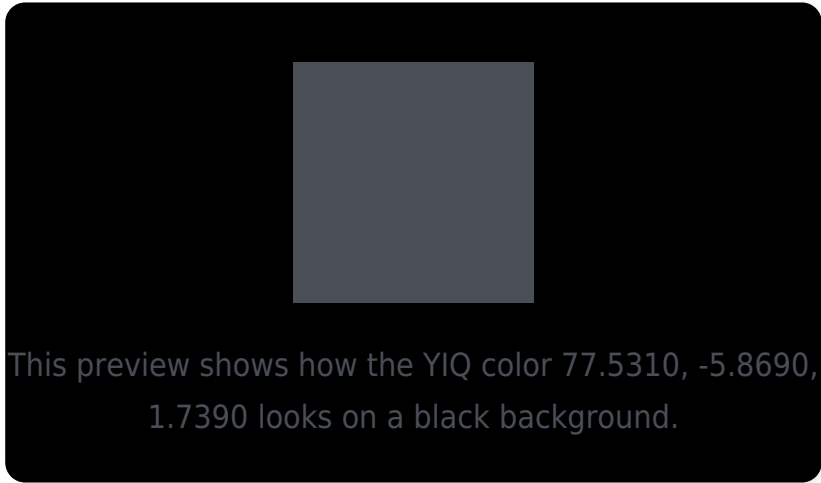
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

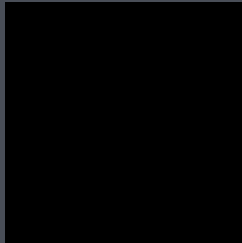
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

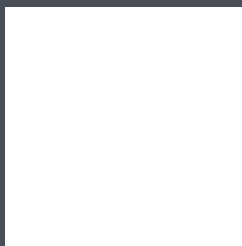
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 77.5310, -5.8690, 1.7390

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 77.5310, -5.8690, 1.7390.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 77.5310, -5.8690,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

77.5310, -5.8690, 1.7390

Protanopia

77.7270, -3.4850, 2.5870

Deuteranopia

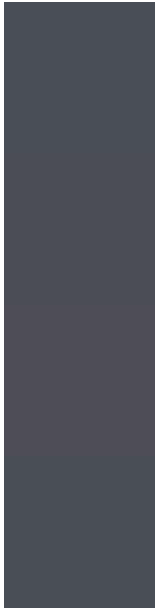
78.7490, -0.5510, 4.4810



Tritanopia

77.3030, -5.2270, 1.1170

Trichromacy



Original Color

77.5310, -5.8690, 1.7390

Protanomaly

77.4280, -4.0810, 2.3750

Deuteranomaly

78.4390, -2.6140, 3.3220

Tritanomaly

77.4170, -5.5480, 1.4280

Monochromacy



Original Color

77.5310, -5.8690, 1.7390

Achromatopsia

78.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

77.7440, -2.1550, 0.5090

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 77.5310, -5.8690, 1.7390 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 78, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(73, 78, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 78, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 78, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 77.5310, -5.8690, 1.7390 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 78, 87) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 78, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 78, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(73, 78, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 78, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 78, 87)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 77.5310, -5.8690, 1.7390 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 78, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 78,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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