

Converting Colors

YIQ(77.5760, -10.9100,
-11.5340)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(77.5760, -10.9100, -11.5340)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(77.5760, -10.9100,
-11.5340)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3C5846
RGB	60, 88, 70
RGB Percent	24%, 35%, 27%
CMY	0.7648, 0.6548, 0.7255
CMYK	0.32, 0.00, 0.20, 0.65
HSL	141°, 19%, 29%
HSV	141°, 32%, 35%
XYZ	6.4582, 8.3835, 7.0709
YIQ	77.5760, -10.9100, -11.5340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

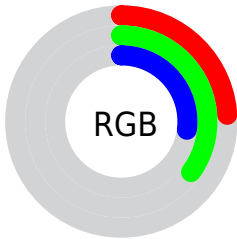
Format	Color
RYB	60, 81, 88
Decimal	3954758
CIELab	34.77, -14.80, 7.14
CIElCh	35, 16.436, 154.239
Yxy	8.3835, 0.2947, 0.3826
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282144838 (0xFF3C5846)
YUV	77.5760, -3.7350, -15.4142
Hunter-Lab	28.9543, -10.8558, 5.7888




Details

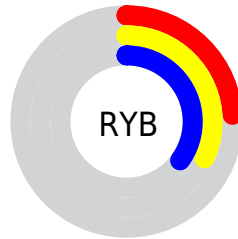
The YIQ color **77.5760, -10.9100, -11.5340** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **70.4240, 10.9100, 11.5340**, and the grayscale version is **78.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **126.7500, -11.4600, -12.5800**, and **32.5160, -10.6810, -10.1770** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74.2010, -14.3480, -15.3080**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80.9510, -7.4720, -7.7600**.

Distribution







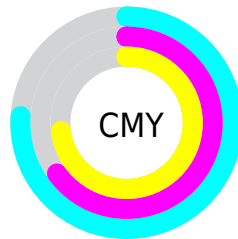
-  Red (24%)
-  Green (35%)
-  Blue (27%)






-  Red (24%)
-  Yellow (32%)
-  Blue (35%)



-  Cyan (32%)
-  Magenta (0%)
-  Yellow (20%)
-  Black (65%)



-  Cyan (76%)
-  Magenta (65%)
-  Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 77.5760, -10.9100, -11.5340 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 77.5760, -10.9100, -11.5340 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 77.5760, -10.9100,
-11.5340

■ 77.5760, -10.9100,
-11.5340

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 54.6900, -11.2310,
-11.2230

■ 126.7500,
-11.4600, -12.5800

■ 32.5160, -10.6810,
-10.1770

■ 152.7500,
-11.4600, -12.5800

■ 13.5010, -6.3250,
-12.0290

■ 179.9240,
-12.0100, -13.6260

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 207.0380,
-12.3310, -13.3150

■ 235.6250,
-12.6060, -13.8380

■ 251.5970, -6.2350,

-2.6430

■ 77.5760, -10.9100,
-11.5340

■ 77.5760, -10.9100,
-11.5340

■ 74.2010, -14.3480,
-15.3080

■ 80.9510, -7.4720,
-7.7600

■ 70.9400, -18.1070,
-18.7710

■ 84.2120, -3.7130,
-4.2970

■ 67.8640, -20.9490,
-22.3330

■ 87.2880, -0.8710,
-0.7350

■ 64.4890, -24.3870,
-26.1070

■ 90.6630, 2.5670,
3.0390

■ 61.2280, -28.1460,
-29.5700

■ 93.9240, 6.3260,
6.5020

■ 57.8530, -31.5840,
-33.3440

■ 97.2990, 9.7640,
10.2760

■ 55.1900, -34.1510,
-36.3830

■ 100.6740, 13.2020,
14.0500

■ 103.6360, 16.3650,
17.3010

■ 107.0110, 19.8030,
21.0750

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.1600, 2.0650, -9.8950



77.5760, -10.9100, -11.5340



75.7580, -23.1060, -10.7700

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.5760, -10.9100, -11.5340



80.7780, -16.6900, 5.1180



82.5960, 21.8690, 5.6530

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.5760, -10.9100, -11.5340



70.4240, 10.9100, 11.5340

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.3770, 18.2920, 9.9080



77.5760, -10.9100, -11.5340



83.2420, -3.2570, 9.4710

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.5760, -10.9100, -11.5340



77.4020, -27.5550, -1.7230



83.9400, 9.3970, 11.4210



82.1240, 20.0820, -0.5100

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.5760, -10.9100, -11.5340



75.2890, -28.9750, -9.0310



83.9400, 9.3970, 11.4210



83.3510, 21.1810, 7.1090

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.5760, -10.9100, -11.5340



110.5000, -4.5840, -5.0320



81.8180, 3.0280, -10.8280



56.3370, -2.5670, -3.0390



186.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



59.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.5760, -10.9100, -11.5340



98.6520, -17.2360, -18.0360



79.1720, -15.4040, -7.1800



41.5760, -1.7420, -1.4700



67.1410, -41.6230, -44.1430



147.5210, -91.5890, -96.7810

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.4240, 10.9100, 11.5340



87.3480, 17.2360, 18.0360



68.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800



40.5380, 1.4210, 1.7810



39.8590, 41.6230, 44.1430



87.4790, 91.5890, 96.7810

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 77.5760, -10.9100, -11.5340 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

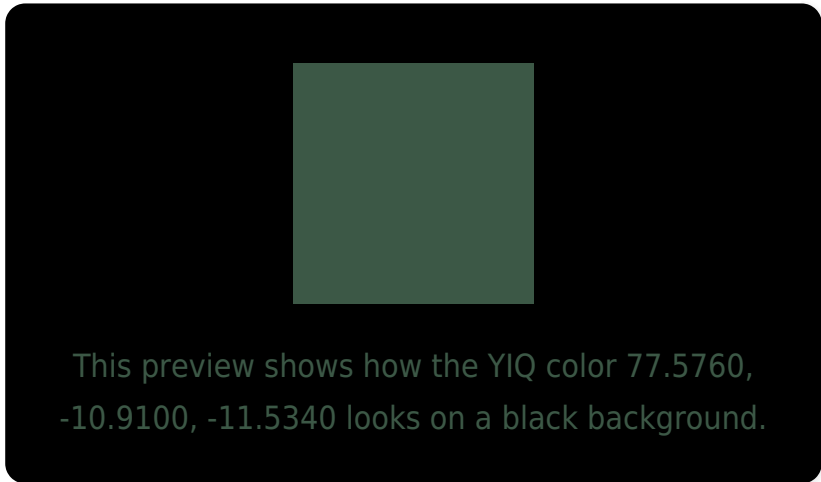
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

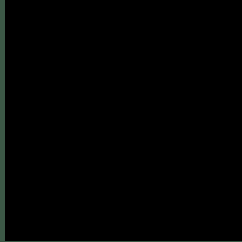
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 77.5760, -10.9100, -11.5340

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 77.5760, -10.9100, -11.5340.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 77.5760, -10.9100,

-11.5340.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

77.5760, -10.9100, -11.5340

Protanopia

80.8990, 7.4740, -3.2940

Deuteranopia

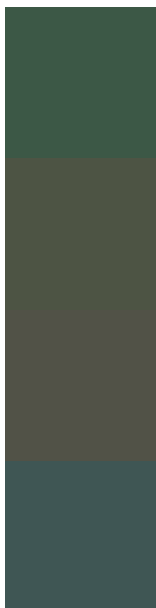
82.3880, 10.5910, 0.7910



Tritanopia

79.5190, -14.7630, -2.2750

Trichromacy



Original Color

77.5760, -10.9100, -11.5340

Protanomaly

80.0830, 0.9640, -6.4600

Deuteranomaly

80.4470, 2.9350, -3.6330

Tritanomaly

78.8950, -13.0660, -5.4980

Monochromacy



Original Color

77.5760, -10.9100, -11.5340

Achromatopsia

78.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

77.9130, -4.3090, -4.5090

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 77.5760, -10.9100, -11.5340 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 88, 70)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 88, 70)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 88, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 88, 70) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 77.5760, -10.9100, -11.5340 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 88, 70) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 88, 70) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(60, 88, 70)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 88, 70); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 88, 70);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 88, 70)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 77.5760, -10.9100, -11.5340 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 88, 70) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 88,  
70) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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