

Converting Colors

YIQ(77.5950, -2.7530, 11.3510)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(77.5950, -2.7530, 11.3510)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(77.5950, -2.7530,
11.3510)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	524764
RGB	82, 71, 100
RGB Percent	32%, 28%, 39%
CMY	0.6784, 0.7216, 0.6079
CMYK	0.18, 0.29, 0.00, 0.61
HSL	263°, 17%, 34%
HSV	263°, 29%, 39%
XYZ	8.0334, 7.2202, 13.0247
YIQ	77.5950, -2.7530, 11.3510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

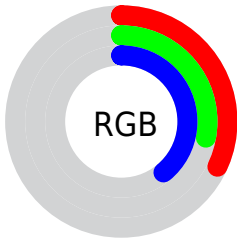
Format	Color
R_{YB}	82, 71, 100
Decimal	5392228
CIE Lab	32.30, 11.23, -15.26
CIE LCh	32, 18.947, 306.331
Yxy	7.2202, 0.2841, 0.2553
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283582308 (0xFF524764)
YUV	77.5950, 11.0457, 3.8632
Hunter-Lab	26.8704, 6.3430, -9.9299

Details

The YIQ color **77.5950, -2.7530, 11.3510** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **93.4050, 2.7530, -11.3510**, and the grayscale version is **77.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **126.5350, -2.5240, 12.7080**, and **33.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69.9310, -3.5790, 15.3090**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85.2590, -1.9270, 7.3930**.

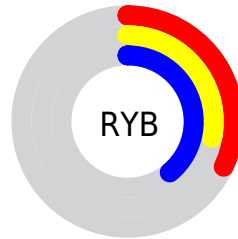
Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (28%)

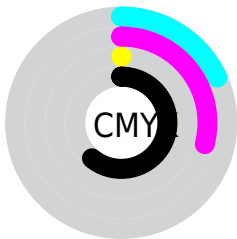
Blue (39%)



Red (32%)

Yellow (28%)

Blue (39%)

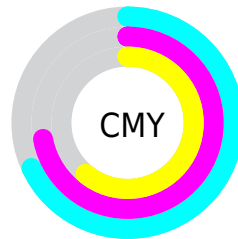


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (61%)



Cyan (68%)

Magenta (72%)

Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 77.5950, -2.7530, 11.3510 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 77.5950, -2.7530, 11.3510 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 77.5950, -2.7530,
11.3510

■ 77.5950, -2.7530,
11.3510

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 55.0680, -2.7070,
10.5170

■ 126.5350, -2.5240,
12.7080

■ 33.5410, -2.6610,
9.6830

■ 152.6490, -2.8450,
13.0190

■ 9.6170, 0.1810,
13.2450

■ 179.6490, -2.8450,
13.0190

■ 0.5700, -1.6050,
1.5550

■ 207.0620, -2.5700,
13.5420

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 234.3780, -0.6440,
11.6760

■ 77.5950, -2.7530,
11.3510

■ 77.5950, -2.7530,
11.3510

■ 69.9310, -3.5790,
15.3090

■ 85.2590, -1.9270,
7.3930

■ 62.2670, -4.4050,
19.2670

■ 92.9230, -1.1010,
3.4350

■ 54.3040, -5.8270,
23.0130

■ 100.8860, 0.3210,
-0.3110

■ 46.6400, -6.6530,
26.9710

■ 108.5500, 1.1470,
-4.2690

■ 38.9760, -7.4790,
30.9290

■ 116.2140, 1.9730,
-8.2270

■ 31.3120, -8.3050,
34.8870

■ 123.8780, 2.7990,
-12.1850

■ 23.6480, -9.1310,
38.8450

■ 131.5420, 3.6250,
-16.1430

■ 22.7620, -9.4520,

■ 139.5050, 5.0470,

39.1560

-19.8890

■ 147.1690, 5.8730,
-23.8470

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.5220, -18.8450, 5.6270



77.5950, -2.7530, 11.3510



77.7770, 11.4140, 13.4140

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.5950, -2.7530, 11.3510



75.9670, 21.9620, -1.5420



67.8820, -29.3870, -12.5790

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.5950, -2.7530, 11.3510



93.4050, 2.7530, -11.3510

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.6680, -14.1650, -13.1170



77.5950, -2.7530, 11.3510



74.6730, 13.8020, -7.8460

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.5950, -2.7530, 11.3510



77.1510, 24.6200, 5.3560



72.9210, 1.2400, -11.4640



66.2000, -38.9700, -9.6100

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.5950, -2.7530, 11.3510



77.8440, 18.4750, 12.0990



72.9210, 1.2400, -11.4640



68.8070, -24.8020, -13.0740

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.5950, -2.7530, 11.3510



120.8630, -0.8720, 4.7920



84.8720, -14.2590, -0.3950



60.6950, -0.4590, 2.8130



194.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



66.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.5950, -2.7530, 11.3510



95.2130, -4.3130, 17.5990



81.7810, 5.5910, 14.3190



47.1680, -0.4130, 1.9790



26.2660, -10.6910, 45.0930



55.0960, -22.8500, 94.7660

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.7230, 11.5060, 11.7460



101.6470, 17.8320, 18.2480



89.2190, -5.5910, -14.3190



47.8370, 2.0170, 1.9930



42.4790, 45.7490, 46.4610



89.4580, 96.0820, 97.9540

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 77.5950, -2.7530, 11.3510 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

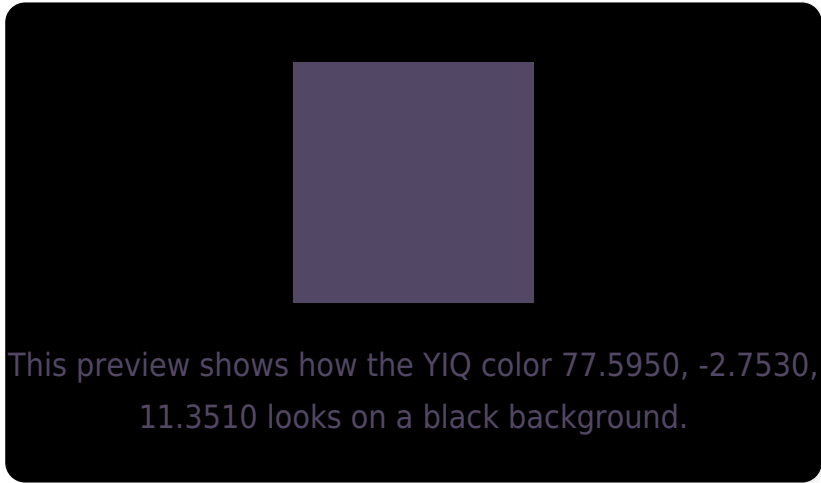
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

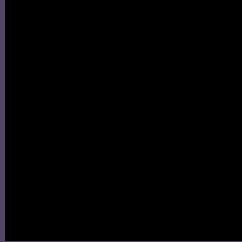
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 77.5950, -2.7530, 11.3510

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 77.5950, -2.7530, 11.3510.

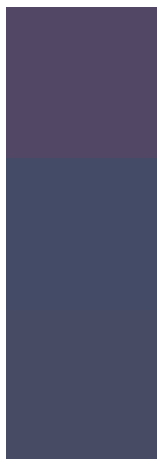


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 77.5950, -2.7530,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

77.5950, -2.7530, 11.3510

Protanopia

76.0990, -13.1600, 7.2240

Deuteranopia

76.5400, -10.0880, 6.6160



Tritanopia

76.8800, 0.4580, 2.7140

Trichromacy



Original Color

77.5950, -2.7530, 11.3510

Protanomaly

76.8930, -9.5840, 8.4960

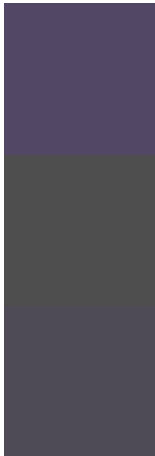
Deuteranomaly

77.1490, -7.4290, 7.9870

Tritanomaly

77.3900, -0.9180, 5.6260

Monochromacy



Original Color

77.5950, -2.7530, 11.3510

Achromatopsia

78.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

77.4500, -1.1470, 4.2690

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 77.5950, -2.7530, 11.3510 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 71, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 71, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 71, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 71, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 77.5950, -2.7530, 11.3510 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 71, 100) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 71, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 71, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 71, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 71, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 71,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 77.5950, -2.7530, 11.3510 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 71, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 71,  
100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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