

Converting Colors

YIQ(77.7850, 7.7950, -3.6050)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(77.7850, 7.7950, -3.6050)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(77.7850, 7.7950,
-3.6050)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	534E3F
RGB	83, 78, 63
RGB Percent	33%, 31%, 25%
CMY	0.6745, 0.6941, 0.7529
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.24, 0.67
HSL	45°, 14%, 29%
HSV	45°, 24%, 33%
XYZ	7.1891, 7.6465, 5.8012
YIQ	77.7850, 7.7950, -3.6050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

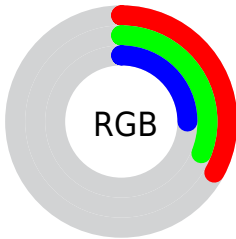
Format	Color
R_YB	70, 83, 63
Decimal	5459519
CIE Lab	33.24, -0.77, 9.63
CIE LCh	33, 9.662, 94.564
Yxy	7.6465, 0.3484, 0.3705
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283649599 (0xFF534E3F)
YUV	77.7850, -7.2890, 4.5736
Hunter-Lab	27.6523, -1.9849, 6.9181

Details

The YIQ color **77.7850, 7.7950, -3.6050** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **68.2150, -7.7950, 3.6050**, and the grayscale version is **78.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **126.9700, 8.7120, -3.7040**, and **33.7140, 6.5570, -3.1950** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.6990, 10.9130, -5.0470**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **79.8710, 4.6770, -2.1630**.

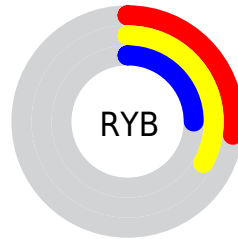
Distribution



 Red (33%)

 Green (31%)

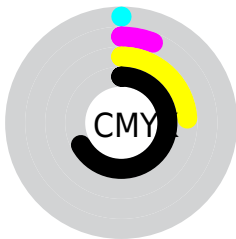
 Blue (25%)



 Red (27%)

 Yellow (33%)

 Blue (25%)

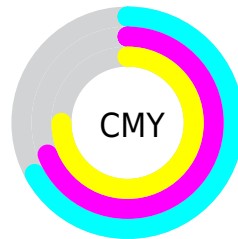


 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (6%)

 Yellow (24%)

 Black (67%)



 Cyan (67%)

 Magenta (69%)

 Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 77.7850, 7.7950, -3.6050 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 77.7850, 7.7950, -3.6050 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 77.7850, 7.7950,
-3.6050

■ 77.7850, 7.7950,
-3.6050

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 54.8990, 7.4740,
-3.2940

■ 126.9700, 8.7120,
-3.7040

■ 33.7140, 6.5570,
-3.1950

■ 152.8560, 9.0330,
-4.0150

■ 11.5290, 5.6400,
-3.0960

■ 179.7420, 9.3540,
-4.3260

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 207.0410, 9.9500,
-4.1140

■ 235.0410, 9.9500,
-4.1140

■ 253.9740, 2.8890,

-2.7990

■ 77.7850, 7.7950,
-3.6050

■ 77.7850, 7.7950,
-3.6050

■ 75.6990, 10.9130,
-5.0470

■ 79.8710, 4.6770,
-2.1630

■ 73.4990, 14.3520,
-6.8000

■ 82.0710, 1.2380,
-0.4100

■ 71.4130, 17.4700,
-8.2420

■ 84.1570, -1.8800,
1.0320

■ 69.3270, 20.5880,
-9.6840

■ 86.2430, -4.9980,
2.4740

■ 67.2410, 23.7060,
-11.1260

■ 88.4430, -8.4370,
4.2270

■ 65.0410, 27.1450,
-12.8790

■ 90.5290, -11.5550,
5.6690

■ 62.3680, 30.5380,
-13.7980

■ 93.2020, -14.9480,
6.5880

■ 61.2110, 32.4180,
-14.8300

■ 95.2880, -18.0660,
8.0300

■ 97.4880, -21.5050,
9.7830

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.3450, 12.1500, 0.0700



77.7850, 7.7950, -3.6050



76.4960, 1.2390, -5.9370

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.7850, 7.7950, -3.6050



75.3940, -15.9090, -3.5330



79.7390, 5.4090, 6.6010

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.7850, 7.7950, -3.6050



68.2150, -7.7950, 3.6050

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.2050, -1.8350, 5.7250



77.7850, 7.7950, -3.6050



76.5730, -14.8550, -0.6070

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.7850, 7.7950, -3.6050



75.6670, -12.4240, -6.1200



77.6170, -8.9870, 3.1810



79.7350, 11.2320, 5.6960

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.7850, 7.7950, -3.6050



76.6310, -3.5750, -6.7990



77.6170, -8.9870, 3.1810



79.3690, 3.5750, 6.7990

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.7850, 7.7950, -3.6050



105.0280, 2.7970, -1.1310



69.5500, 10.3150, 5.7950



52.2560, 2.1550, -0.5090



181.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



54.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.7850, 7.7950, -3.6050



98.7700, 12.1510, -5.4570



79.2250, 3.4400, -7.2800



39.9570, 1.5590, -0.7210



77.1810, 41.1300, -18.5340



171.5060, 90.4220, -41.8180

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.2150, -7.7950, 3.6050



84.2300, -12.1510, 5.4570



66.7750, -3.4400, 7.2800



38.0430, -1.5590, 0.7210



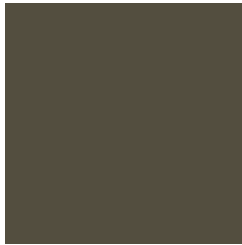
27.2320, -40.8550, 19.0570



60.4940, -90.4220, 41.8180

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 77.7850, 7.7950, -3.6050 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

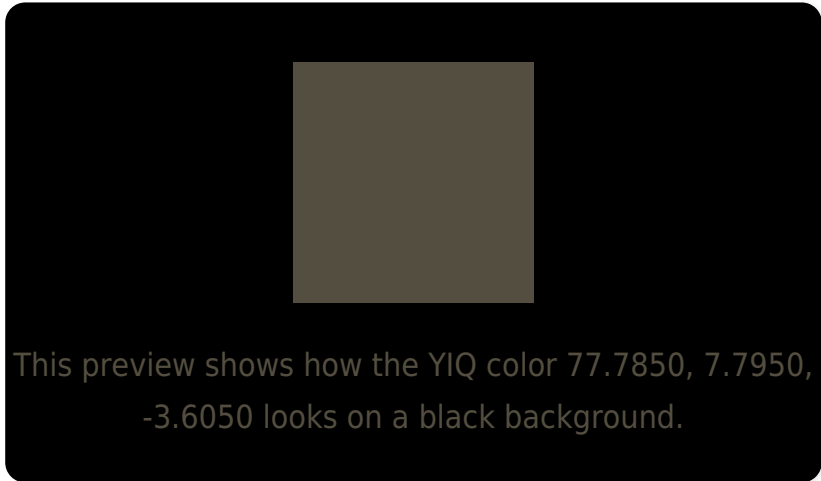
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

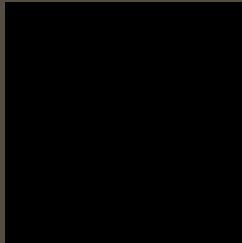
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 77.7850, 7.7950, -3.6050

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 77.7850, 7.7950, -3.6050.



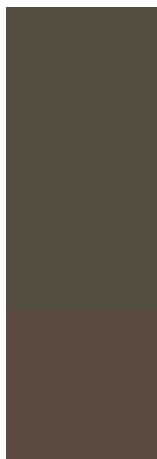
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 77.7850, 7.7950,

-3.6050.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

77.7850, 7.7950, -3.6050

Protanopia

77.7850, 7.7950, -3.6050

Deuteranopia

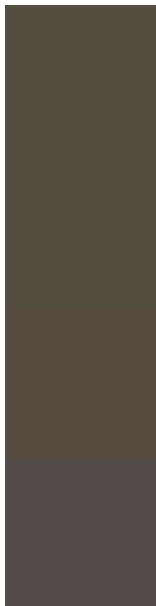
78.5300, 13.0670, -0.0290



Tritanopia

78.6740, 4.0340, 3.9860

Trichromacy



Original Color

77.7850, 7.7950, -3.6050

Protanomaly

77.7850, 7.7950, -3.6050

Deuteranomaly

78.2200, 11.0040, -1.1880

Tritanomaly

78.1640, 5.4100, 1.0740

Monochromacy



Original Color

77.7850, 7.7950, -3.6050

Achromatopsia

78.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

78.0280, 2.7970, -1.1310

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 77.7850, 7.7950, -3.6050 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(83, 78, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(83, 78, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 78, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 78, 63) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 77.7850, 7.7950, -3.6050 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 78, 63) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 78, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(83, 78, 63)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 78, 63); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 78, 63);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 78, 63)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 77.7850, 7.7950, -3.6050 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 78, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 78,  
63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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