

Converting Colors

YIQ(78.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(78.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410)
contains.

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Color

YIQ(78.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	544B4E
RGB	84, 75, 78
RGB Percent	33%, 29%, 31%
CMY	0.6706, 0.7059, 0.6941
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.07, 0.67
HSL	340°, 6%, 31%
HSV	340°, 11%, 33%
XYZ	7.5478, 7.4668, 8.2519
YIQ	78.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	84, 75, 78
Decimal	5524302
CIE Lab	32.85, 4.37, -0.42
CIE LCh	33, 4.387, 354.527
Yxy	7.4668, 0.3244, 0.3209
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283714382 (0xFF544B4E)
YUV	78.0330, -0.0163, 5.2331
Hunter-Lab	27.3255, 1.4852, 1.2232




Details

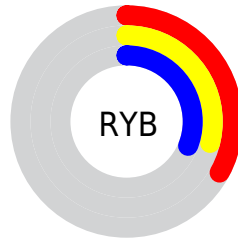
The YIQ color **78.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **80.9670, -4.4010, -2.8410**, and the grayscale version is **78.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **127.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530**, and **33.7340, 3.8050, 2.6290** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.6530, 8.5270, 5.1590**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.4130, 0.2750, 0.5230**.

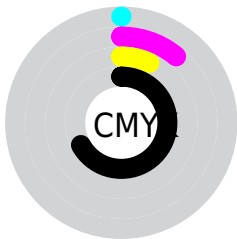
Distribution







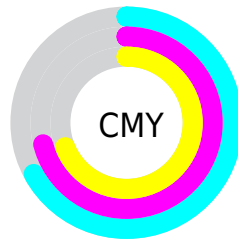
-  Red (33%)
-  Green (29%)
-  Blue (31%)






-  Red (33%)
-  Yellow (29%)
-  Blue (31%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (11%)
-  Yellow (7%)
-  Black (67%)



-  Cyan (67%)
-  Magenta (71%)
-  Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 78.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 78.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 78.0330, 4.4010,
2.8410

■ 78.0330, 4.4010,
2.8410

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 55.0330, 4.4010,
2.8410

■ 127.3320, 4.9970,
3.0530

■ 33.7340, 3.8050,
2.6290

■ 153.3320, 4.9970,
3.0530

■ 11.1580, 5.5470,
4.0990

■ 179.7450, 5.2720,
3.5760

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 207.3320, 4.9970,
3.0530

■ 235.6310, 5.5930,
3.2650

■ 78.0330, 4.4010,
2.8410

■ 78.0330, 4.4010,
2.8410

■ 72.6530, 8.5270,
5.1590

■ 83.4130, 0.2750,
0.5230

■ 66.8000, 12.6070,
8.3110

■ 89.2660, -3.8050,
-2.6290

■ 61.4200, 16.7330,
10.6290

■ 94.6460, -7.9310,
-4.9470

■ 55.5670, 20.8130,
13.7810

■ 100.4990,
-12.0110, -8.0990

■ 50.1870, 24.9390,
16.0990

■ 105.8790,
-16.1370, -10.4170

■ 44.8070, 29.0650,
18.4170

■ 111.2590,
-20.2630, -12.7350

■ 38.9540, 33.1450,
21.5690

■ 117.1120,
-24.3430, -15.8870

■ 33.5740, 37.2710,

■ 122.4920,

23.8870

-28.4690, -18.2050

■ 28.3080, 41.0760,
26.5160

■ 128.3450,
-32.5490, -21.3570

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.0650, 1.3750, 2.6150



78.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410



77.9900, 5.9600, 2.1200

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410



76.9030, 1.6510, -2.3890



76.7650, -6.6480, -0.6640

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410



80.9670, -4.4010, -2.8410

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.1240, -6.2810, -1.8090



78.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410



76.5220, -1.6500, -3.1380

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410



77.3980, 4.6310, -1.3290



75.9670, -4.4010, -2.8410



77.1890, -4.9060, 0.8060

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410



77.4630, 6.0060, 1.2860



75.9670, -4.4010, -2.8410



76.3520, -6.9230, -1.1870

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410



107.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590



77.8200, 0.6870, 4.0710



54.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350



184.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



56.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410



100.0550, 7.3350, 4.7350



78.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850



38.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590



35.3850, 51.3450, 33.1450



78.1460, 113.5550, 73.1310

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410



100.0550, 7.3350, 4.7350



80.7220, -5.0890, -1.3850



38.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590



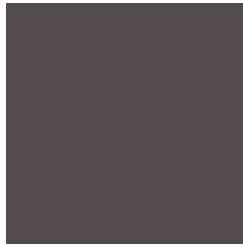
35.3850, 51.3450, 33.1450



78.1460, 113.5550, 73.1310

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 78.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

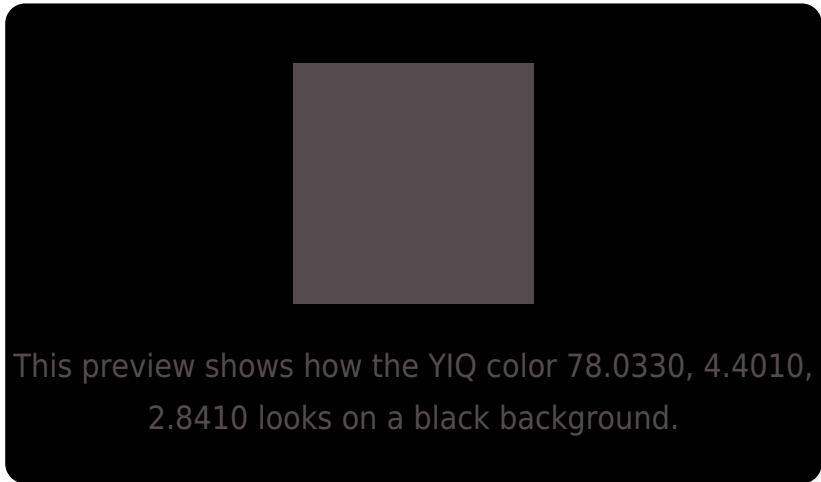
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

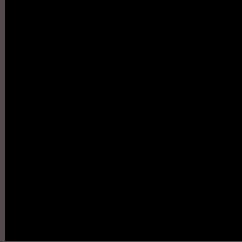
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 78.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 78.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410.

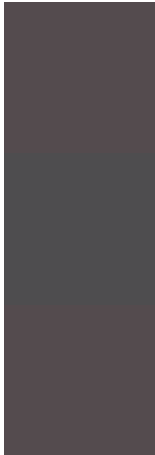


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 78.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

78.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410

Protanopia

77.5270, -0.0460, 0.8340

Deuteranopia

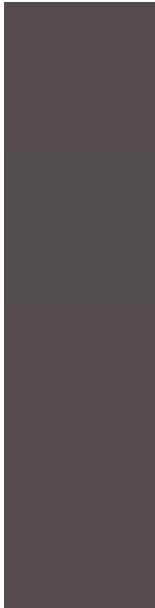
78.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410



Tritanopia

78.2610, 3.7590, 3.4630

Trichromacy



Original Color

78.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410

Protanomaly

77.5380, 1.4210, 1.7810

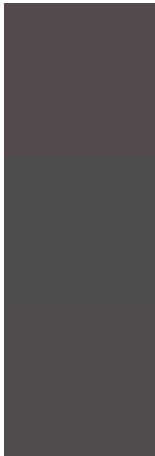
Deuteranomaly

78.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410

Tritanomaly

78.1470, 4.0800, 3.1520

Monochromacy



Original Color

78.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410

Achromatopsia

78.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

78.0110, 1.4670, 0.9470

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 78.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(84, 75, 78)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 75, 78)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 75, 78) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 75, 78) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 78.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 75, 78) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 75, 78) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(84, 75, 78)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 75, 78); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 75, 78);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 75, 78)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 78.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 75, 78) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 75,  
78) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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