

# Converting Colors

YIQ(78.4430, -25.6320, 12.9920)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(78.4430, -25.6320, 12.9920)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(78.4430, -25.6320,  
12.9920)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3E4D81
RGB	62, 77, 129
RGB Percent	24%, 30%, 51%
CMY	0.7569, 0.6980, 0.4943
CMYK	0.52, 0.40, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	227°, 35%, 37%
HSV	227°, 52%, 51%
XYZ	8.6009, 7.9168, 21.8310
YIQ	78.4430, -25.6320, 12.9920

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

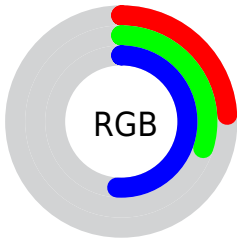
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	62, 74, 129
Decimal	4083073
CIELab	33.81, 9.78, -31.18
CIELCh	34, 32.679, 287.420
Yxy	7.9168, 0.2243, 0.2064
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282273153 (0xFF3E4D81)
YUV	78.4430, 24.9246, -14.4205
Hunter-Lab	28.1368, 5.3250, -26.3068

# Details

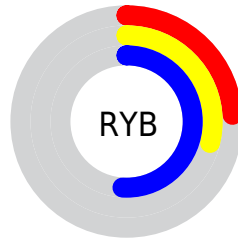
The YIQ color **78.4430, -25.6320, 12.9920** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **112.5570, 25.6320, -12.9920**, and the grayscale version is **78.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **128.7960, -25.1280, 14.8720**, and **29.2740, -32.6460, 7.9460** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68.6860, -30.6300, 15.4660**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88.2000, -20.6340, 10.5180**.

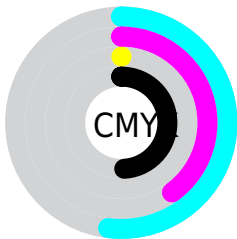
# Distribution



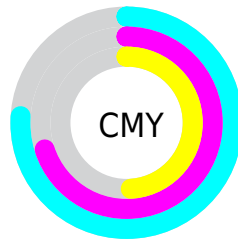
- Red (24%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (49%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 78.4430, -25.6320, 12.9920 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 78.4430, -25.6320, 12.9920 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 78.4430, -25.6320,  
12.9920

■ 78.4430, -25.6320,  
12.9920

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 54.3180, -26.7780,  
11.7340

■ 128.7960,  
-25.1280, 14.8720

■ 29.2740, -32.6460,  
7.9460

■ 155.0240,  
-25.7700, 15.4940

■ 12.8410, -21.0010,  
11.6630

■ 181.8500,  
-25.2200, 16.5400

■ 5.0500, -11.4640,  
9.5280

■ 208.5960,  
-21.6890, 13.1190

■ 0.9120, -2.5680,  
2.4880

■ 233.4040,  
-12.7010, 4.4110

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

254.4020, -1.1920,

-0.4240

■ 78.4430, -25.6320,  
12.9920

■ 78.4430, -25.6320,  
12.9920

■ 68.6860, -30.6300,  
15.4660

■ 88.2000, -20.6340,  
10.5180

■ 58.9290, -35.6280,  
17.9400

■ 97.9570, -15.6360,  
8.0440

■ 49.1720, -40.6260,  
20.4140

■ 107.7140,  
-10.6380, 5.5700

■ 39.4150, -45.6240,  
22.8880

■ 117.4710, -5.6400,  
3.0960

■ 31.7290, -49.3840,  
24.9520

■ 126.9290, -1.2380,  
0.4100

■ 136.6860, 3.7600,  
-2.0640

■ 146.4430, 8.7580,  
-4.5380

■ 156.2000, 13.7560,  
-7.0120

■ 165.9570, 18.7540,  
-9.4860

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.7150, -65.1050, -4.0250



78.4430, -25.6320, 12.9920



82.3390, 4.2600, 21.9240

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.4430, -25.6320, 12.9920



78.2360, 40.4380, 5.0300



61.6420, -46.8070, -27.2790

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.4430, -25.6320, 12.9920



112.5570, 25.6320, -12.9920

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.0950, -8.4780, -22.5740



78.4430, -25.6320, 12.9920



77.3130, 32.3710, -8.4690

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78.4430, -25.6320, 12.9920



79.1410, 39.7480, 17.5400



75.7190, 16.1880, -18.0520



64.7200, -55.4740, -18.8820



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.4430, -25.6320, 12.9920



81.3040, 20.5360, 24.3120



75.7190, 16.1880, -18.0520



65.8240, -32.6400, -25.2160

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.4430, -25.6320, 12.9920



147.6000, -10.3170, 5.2590



107.1430, -34.7960, -19.1800



72.1720, -6.2360, 2.8840



212.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



84.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.4430, -25.6320, 12.9920



89.3570, -39.7090, 20.3150



75.0200, -10.7790, 24.6530



58.9720, -2.7970, 1.1310



31.6150, -49.0630, 24.6410



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.7430, 35.1170, 18.8690



97.7180, 54.6010, 29.2010



115.9800, 10.7790, -24.6530



59.3210, 3.5300, 2.1060



41.5780, 66.9790, 36.1550



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 78.4430, -25.6320, 12.9920 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 78.4430, -25.6320, 12.9920 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

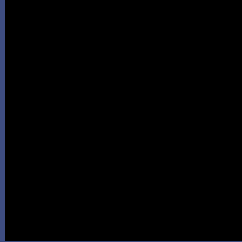
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 78.4430, -25.6320, 12.9920

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 78.4430, -25.6320, 12.9920.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 78.4430, -25.6320,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

78.4430, -25.6320, 12.9920

### Protanopia

78.2470, -28.0160, 12.1440

### Deuteranopia

76.5020, -33.2880, 8.5680



## Tritanopia

75.3330, -23.1070, -5.2430

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

78.4430, -25.6320, 12.9920

## Protanomaly

78.5460, -27.4200, 12.3560

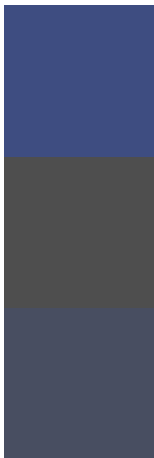
## Deuteranomaly

77.1110, -30.6290, 9.9390

## Tritanomaly

76.2500, -24.0710, 1.2170

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

78.4430, -25.6320, 12.9920

## Achromatopsia

78.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

78.3720, -9.6750, 4.6370

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 78.4430, -25.6320, 12.9920 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(62, 77, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(62, 77, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(62, 77, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(62, 77, 129) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 78.4430, -25.6320, 12.9920 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(62, 77, 129) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(62, 77, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(62, 77, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(62, 77, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(62, 77, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(62, 77,  
129) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 78.4430, -25.6320, 12.9920 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(62, 77, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(62, 77,  
129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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