

Converting Colors

YIQ(78.5390, -24.4010, 51.2710)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(78.5390, -24.4010, 51.2710)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(78.5390, -24.4010,
51.2710)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5734C1
RGB	87, 52, 193
RGB Percent	34%, 20%, 76%
CMY	0.6586, 0.7961, 0.2433
CMYK	0.55, 0.73, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	255°, 58%, 48%
HSV	255°, 73%, 76%
XYZ	14.7817, 8.3310, 51.2503
YIQ	78.5390, -24.4010, 51.2710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

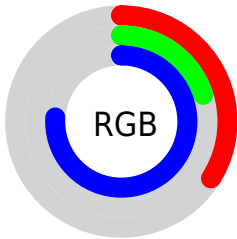
Format	Color
R_{YB}	87, 52, 193
Decimal	5715137
CIE Lab	34.66, 50.51, -68.23
CIE LCh	35, 84.888, 306.514
Yxy	8.3310, 0.1988, 0.1120
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283905217 (0xFF5734C1)
YUV	78.5390, 56.4293, 7.4203
Hunter-Lab	28.8634, 40.9035, -85.0719

Details

The YIQ color **78.5390, -24.4010, 51.2710** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6633CC**. The color can be described as dark muted blue. A complement of this color would be **166.4610, 24.4010, -51.2710**, and the grayscale version is **78.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **132.4410, -21.0090, 55.8790**, and **16.9280, -41.9140, 43.7660** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63.2000, -27.5200, 58.2400**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94.1770, -20.6860, 44.5140**.

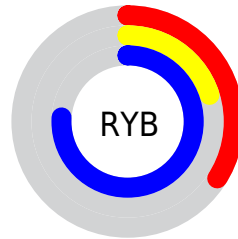
Distribution



Red (34%)

Green (20%)

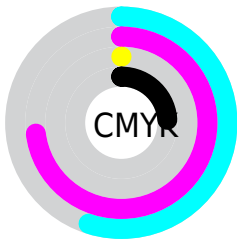
Blue (76%)



Red (34%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (76%)

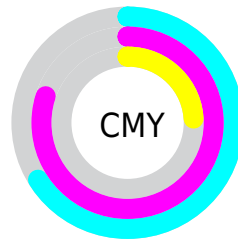


Cyan (55%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (66%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 78.5390, -24.4010, 51.2710 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 78.5390, -24.4010, 51.2710 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 78.5390, -24.4010,
51.2710

■ 78.5390, -24.4010,
51.2710

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 51.1040, -27.6100,
48.8540

■ 132.4410,
-21.0090, 55.8790

■ 16.9280, -41.9140,
43.7660

■ 156.8300,
-12.1590, 49.6730

■ 12.7680, -35.9520,
34.8320

■ 181.6490, -1.7040,
41.9120

■ 9.8040, -27.6060,
26.7460

■ 206.4680, 8.7510,
34.1510

■ 10.5900, -21.5520,
16.1440

■ 228.5850, 12.3750,
23.5350

■ 6.2070, -13.3440,
10.5600

■ 245.6080, 4.4000,

■ 2.5250, -5.7320,

8.3680

4.7640

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 78.5390, -24.4010,
51.2710

■ 78.5390, -24.4010,
51.2710

■ 63.2000, -27.5200,
58.2400

■ 94.1770, -20.6860,
44.5140

■ 46.9750, -30.9600,
65.5200

■ 110.1030,
-17.8420, 37.0220

■ 36.3540, -33.3450,
70.1990

■ 125.7410,
-14.1270, 30.2650

■ 141.0800,
-11.0080, 23.2960

■ 156.7180, -7.2930,
16.5390

■ 172.6440, -4.4490,
9.0470

■ 188.2820, -0.7340,
2.2900

■ 203.6210, 2.3850,
-4.6790

■ 219.8460, 5.8250,
-11.9590

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.7360, -94.8200, 22.3960



78.5390, -24.4010, 51.2710



65.8500, 56.1510, 78.2230

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.5390, -24.4010, 51.2710



74.4440, 68.9110, 1.1270



73.0520, -59.6450, -25.8930

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.5390, -24.4010, 51.2710



166.4610, 24.4010, -51.2710

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.5130, -34.1030, -48.2710



78.5390, -24.4010, 51.2710



75.3210, 28.7520, -25.4880

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78.5390, -24.4010, 51.2710



53.5210, 106.6840, 37.9480



57.5260, -26.9500, -51.2540



81.2770, -81.4270, -5.5790

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.5390, -24.4010, 51.2710



66.8140, 82.1950, 68.7790



57.5260, -26.9500, -51.2540



69.7290, -51.6660, -32.8340

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.5390, -24.4010, 51.2710



205.4560, -9.3110, 20.0730



131.4700, -74.9610, -12.6330



98.4530, -5.2290, 12.1710



252.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.5390, -24.4010, 51.2710



71.5250, -37.8400, 80.0800



98.8710, 16.1270, 65.6870



89.0370, -1.4220, 3.7460



30.3140, -27.8410, 58.5510



6.1540, -5.8250, 11.9590

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



106.2430, 50.0100, 62.8580



114.5900, 78.1550, 97.9550



146.1290, -16.1270, -65.6870



90.7880, 3.7130, 4.2970



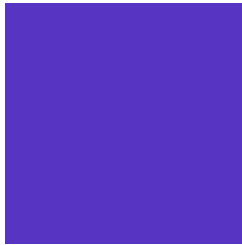
61.9330, 57.1150, 71.7630



12.7170, 11.6430, 14.7710

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 78.5390, -24.4010, 51.2710 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

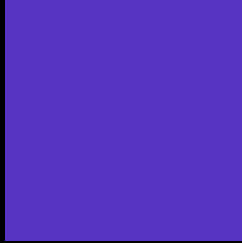
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 78.5390, -24.4010, 51.2710 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

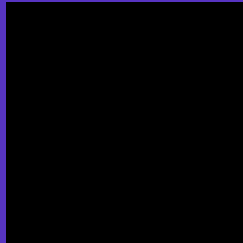
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 78.5390, -24.4010, 51.2710

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 78.5390, -24.4010, 51.2710.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 78.5390, -24.4010,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

78.5390, -24.4010, 51.2710

Protanopia

65.2970, -75.0110, 10.3090

Deuteranopia

65.4960, -68.6820, 0.2300



Tritanopia

77.3330, -23.1070, -5.2430

Trichromacy



Original Color

78.5390, -24.4010, 51.2710

Protanomaly

70.1350, -56.3990, 25.4330

Deuteranomaly

70.1860, -52.4090, 19.1990

Tritanomaly

77.6930, -23.3400, 15.5080

Monochromacy



Original Color

78.5390, -24.4010, 51.2710

Achromatopsia

79.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

78.7010, -8.6230, 18.6170

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 78.5390, -24.4010, 51.2710 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 52, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 52, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 52, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 52, 193) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 78.5390, -24.4010, 51.2710 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 52, 193) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 52, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 52, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 52, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 52, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 52,  
193) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 78.5390, -24.4010, 51.2710 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 52, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 52,  
193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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