

Converting Colors

YIQ(78.8360, -22.6050, 7.6910)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(78.8360, -22.6050, 7.6910)
contains.

YIQ(78.8360, -22.6050, 7.6910)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(78.8360, -22.6050,
7.6910)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3E5075
RGB	62, 80, 117
RGB Percent	24%, 31%, 46%
CMY	0.7569, 0.6862, 0.5413
CMYK	0.47, 0.32, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	220°, 31%, 35%
HSV	220°, 47%, 46%
XYZ	8.0646, 8.0461, 17.9483
YIQ	78.8360, -22.6050, 7.6910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

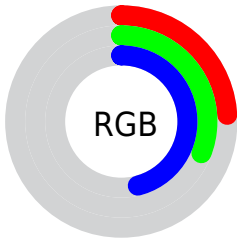
Format	Color
RYB	62, 76, 117
Decimal	4083829
CIELab	34.08, 3.85, -23.32
CIELCh	34, 23.635, 279.387
Yxy	8.0461, 0.2368, 0.2362
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282273909 (0xFF3E5075)
YUV	78.8360, 18.8149, -14.7652
Hunter-Lab	28.3656, 1.1096, -17.6598

Details

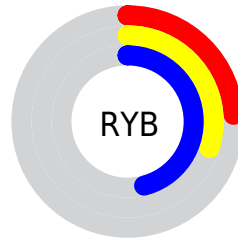
The YIQ color **78.8360, -22.6050, 7.6910** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **100.1640, 22.6050, -7.6910**, and the grayscale version is **79.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **128.4770, -22.9720, 8.8360**, and **31.8740, -25.7680, 4.4400** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.5520, -27.5570, 9.3310**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87.1200, -17.6530, 6.0510**.

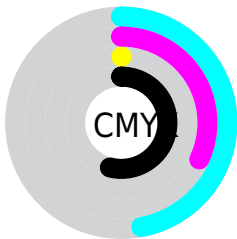
Distribution



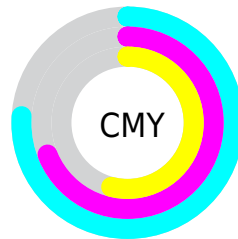
- Red (24%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 78.8360, -22.6050, 7.6910 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 78.8360, -22.6050, 7.6910 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 78.8360, -22.6050,
7.6910

■ 78.8360, -22.6050,
7.6910

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 55.0100, -23.1550,
6.6450

■ 128.4770,
-22.9720, 8.8360

■ 31.8740, -25.7680,
4.4400

■ 155.0040,
-23.0180, 9.6700

■ 13.4620, -18.6160,
6.9840

■ 182.1180,
-23.3390, 9.9810

■ 3.4370, -8.3000,
7.2520

■ 209.2320,
-23.6600, 10.2920

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 234.8550,
-15.5890, 1.6830

■ 253.5050, -2.9800,

-1.0600

■ 78.8360, -22.6050,
7.6910

■ 78.8360, -22.6050,
7.6910

■ 70.5520, -27.5570,
9.3310

■ 87.1200, -17.6530,
6.0510

■ 62.5670, -31.9130,
11.1830

■ 95.1050, -13.2970,
4.1990

■ 54.2830, -36.8650,
12.8230

■ 103.3890, -8.3450,
2.5590

■ 46.5860, -42.0920,
13.9400

■ 111.0860, -3.1180,
1.4420

■ 38.6010, -46.4480,
15.7920

■ 119.0710, 1.2380,
-0.4100

■ 35.6440, -48.0070,
16.5130

■ 127.3550, 6.1900,
-2.0500

■ 135.6390, 11.1420,
-3.6900

■ 143.9230, 16.0940,
-5.3300

■ 151.9080, 20.4500,
-7.1820

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.0670, -45.6650, -3.9130



78.8360, -22.6050, 7.6910



82.1870, -1.4240, 14.8000

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.8360, -22.6050, 7.6910



80.5000, 30.9470, 6.3310



72.3250, -20.6290, -17.1170

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.8360, -22.6050, 7.6910



100.1640, 22.6050, -7.6910

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.9160, -0.3640, -15.4360



78.8360, -22.6050, 7.6910



79.9520, 26.3180, -3.3940

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78.8360, -22.6050, 7.6910



81.3890, 27.1860, 13.9220



78.0490, 15.4990, -11.0690



65.0260, -47.5880, -18.6280

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.8360, -22.6050, 7.6910



82.7000, 10.3130, 16.8490



78.0490, 15.4990, -11.0690



73.7450, -13.0640, -16.5520

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.8360, -22.6050, 7.6910



138.5030, -8.6660, 2.8700



98.5030, -27.0020, -17.2580



67.5310, -5.8690, 1.7390



204.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



77.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.8360, -22.6050, 7.6910



93.2400, -35.3060, 12.1020



70.9610, -12.2910, 19.0130



54.8580, -2.4760, 0.8200



37.3880, -50.1620, 17.0220



76.6340, -102.8000, 34.8640

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.4970, 27.0020, 17.2580



95.9060, 42.2680, 26.9400



108.0390, 12.2910, -19.0130



55.0220, 2.9340, 1.8940



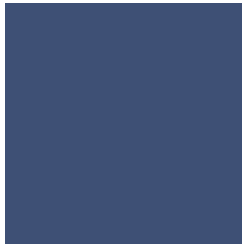
41.0380, 59.8720, 38.3040



84.0980, 122.6780, 78.5020

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 78.8360, -22.6050, 7.6910 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

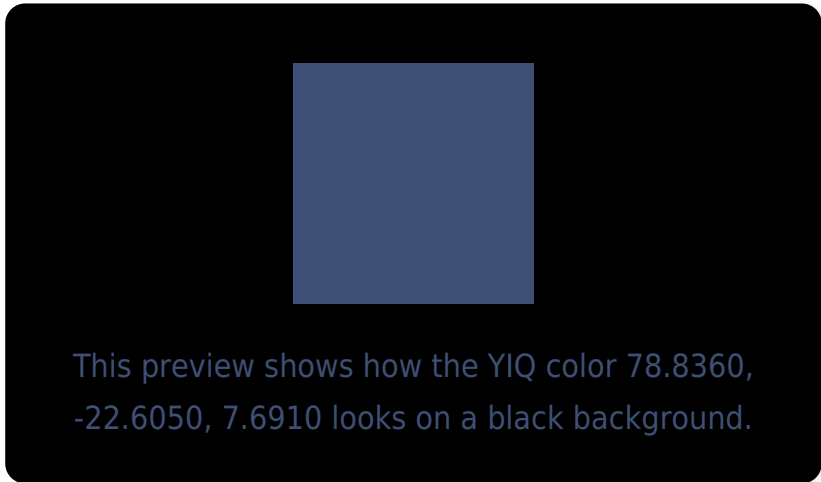
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

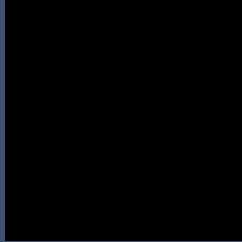
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 78.8360, -22.6050, 7.6910

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 78.8360, -22.6050, 7.6910.

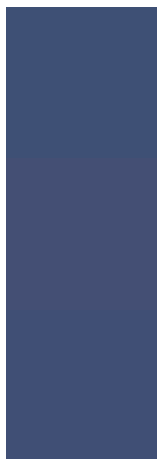


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 78.8360, -22.6050,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

78.8360, -22.6050, 7.6910

Protanopia

79.9290, -18.4330, 9.1750

Deuteranopia

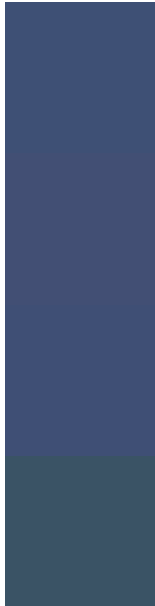
78.8470, -21.1380, 8.6380



Tritanopia

76.8280, -20.1270, -4.1830

Trichromacy



Original Color

78.8360, -22.6050, 7.6910

Protanomaly

79.3310, -19.6250, 8.7510

Deuteranomaly

78.5480, -21.7340, 8.4260

Tritanomaly

77.5770, -20.6780, 0.2980

Monochromacy



Original Color

78.8360, -22.6050, 7.6910

Achromatopsia

79.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

78.8020, -8.0700, 3.0820

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 78.8360, -22.6050, 7.6910 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(62, 80, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(62, 80, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(62, 80, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(62, 80, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 78.8360, -22.6050, 7.6910 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(62, 80, 117) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(62, 80, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(62, 80, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(62, 80, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(62, 80, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(62, 80,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 78.8360, -22.6050, 7.6910 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(62, 80, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(62, 80,  
117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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