

Converting Colors

YIQ(78.9020, 56.1180, 7.2060)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(78.9020, 56.1180, 7.2060)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(78.9020, 56.1180,
7.2060)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|--------------------------|
| Hex | 893B1D |
| RGB | 137, 59, 29 |
| RGB Percent | 54%, 23%, 11% |
| CMY | 0.4626, 0.7687, 0.8860 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.57, 0.79, 0.46 |
| HSL | 17°, 65%, 33% |
| HSV | 17°, 79%, 54% |
| XYZ | 12.1083, 8.5355, 2.1758 |
| YIQ | 78.9020, 56.1180, 7.2060 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

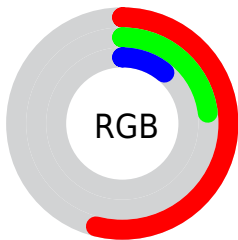
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| RYB | 137, 71, 29 |
| Decimal | 8993565 |
| CIELab | 35.07, 31.44, 33.79 |
| CIELCh | 35, 46.150, 47.062 |
| Yxy | 8.5355, 0.5306, 0.3740 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4287183645 (0xFF893B1D) |
| YUV | 78.9020, -24.6017, 50.9519 |
| Hunter-Lab | 29.2156, 22.8514, 16.0354 |

Details

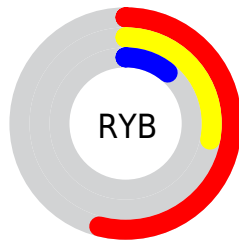
The YIQ color **78.9020, 56.1180, 7.2060** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **87.0980, -56.1180, -7.2060**, and the grayscale version is **79.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **130.8380, 62.1700, 7.6580**, and **29.5020, 45.8010, 12.4650** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.4360, 63.3620, 8.0820**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.3680, 48.8740, 6.3300**.

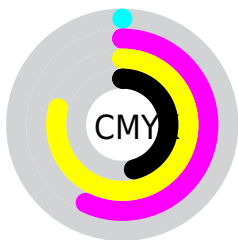
Distribution



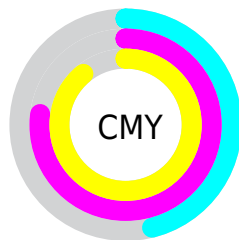
- Red (54%)
- Green (23%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 78.9020, 56.1180, 7.2060 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 78.9020, 56.1180, 7.2060 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 78.9020, 56.1180,
7.2060

■ 78.9020, 56.1180,
7.2060

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 53.8200, 53.4130,
6.6690

■ 130.8380, 62.1700,
7.6580

■ 29.5020, 45.8010,
12.4650

■ 157.2190, 65.4710,
8.4070

■ 16.1460, 32.1840,
11.4480

■ 184.8880, 67.9010,
8.4210

■ 6.5780, 13.1120,
4.6640

■ 203.7010, 52.1300,
2.3860

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 223.8020, 35.4880,
-4.3840

■ 243.4300, 18.8000,

-10.3200

252.4920, 7.0620,
-6.8420

78.9020, 56.1180,
7.2060

78.9020, 56.1180,
7.2060

71.4360, 63.3620,
8.0820

86.3680, 48.8740,
6.3300

64.0840, 70.2850,
9.2690

93.7200, 41.9510,
5.1430

63.2690, 71.2020,
9.1700

101.1860, 34.7070,
4.2670

108.6520, 27.4630,
3.3910

116.1180, 20.2190,
2.5150

■ 122.8830, 13.5710,
1.8510

■ 130.3490, 6.3270,
0.9750

■ 137.8150, -0.9170,
0.0990

■ 145.1670, -7.8400,
-1.0880

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.8490, 55.6100, 27.4340



78.9020, 56.1180, 7.2060



77.8120, 46.7230, -15.2690

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.9020, 56.1180, 7.2060



64.9360, -47.8150, -31.0390



77.2700, -44.0180, 15.8060

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.9020, 56.1180, 7.2060



87.0980, -56.1180, -7.2060

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.9730, -74.4590, 0.3010



78.9020, 56.1180, 7.2060



69.8550, -60.2880, -19.7440

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78.9020, 56.1180, 7.2060



69.1230, -14.8490, -33.7690



72.4430, -70.3310, -8.4350



85.0330, 5.5420, 31.7340

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.9020, 56.1180, 7.2060



76.8160, 31.7320, -24.4280



72.4430, -70.3310, -8.4350



67.0920, -73.1760, 4.5840

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.9020, 56.1180, 7.2060



155.9010, 22.3280, 2.8400



70.2980, 39.0090, 47.4650



75.4700, 13.2960, 1.3280



217.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



89.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.9020, 56.1180, 7.2060



87.4190, 88.3950, 11.4590



110.0130, 41.5430, -20.5130



65.2670, 3.6220, 0.4380



61.4860, 69.0930, 8.8450



2.0820, 2.7050, 0.5370

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.0980, -56.1180, -7.2060



100.5810, -88.3950, -11.4590



55.9870, -41.5430, 20.5130



65.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380



71.5140, -69.0930, -8.8450



2.9180, -2.7050, -0.5370

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 78.9020, 56.1180, 7.2060 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

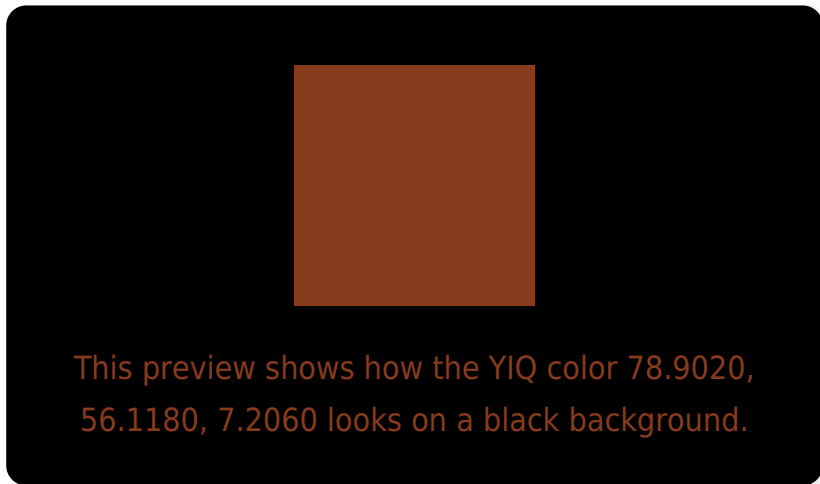
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

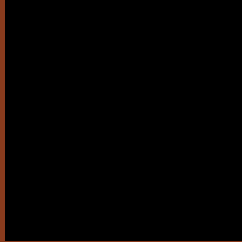
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 78.9020, 56.1180, 7.2060

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 78.9020, 56.1180, 7.2060.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 78.9020, 56.1180,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

78.9020, 56.1180, 7.2060

Protanopia

80.6320, 21.0470, -12.4970

Deuteranopia

80.3900, 33.4720, -11.9040



Tritanopia

80.8600, 47.9090, 18.3170

Trichromacy



Original Color

78.9020, 56.1180, 7.2060

Protanomaly

79.7910, 34.0210, -5.3310

Deuteranomaly

80.0970, 41.9070, -5.0770

Tritanomaly

80.1930, 51.1650, 14.3730

Monochromacy



Original Color

78.9020, 56.1180, 7.2060

Achromatopsia

79.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

79.1180, 20.2190, 2.5150

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 78.9020, 56.1180, 7.2060 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 59, 29)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 59, 29)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 59, 29) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 59, 29) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 78.9020, 56.1180, 7.2060 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 59, 29) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 59, 29) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 59, 29) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 59, 29); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 59, 29);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 59,  
29) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 78.9020, 56.1180, 7.2060 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 59, 29) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137, 59,  
29) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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