

Converting Colors

YIQ(79.4880, 66.7520, 23.7440)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(79.4880, 66.7520, 23.7440)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(79.4880, 66.7520,
23.7440)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9E2E2E
RGB	158, 46, 46
RGB Percent	62%, 18%, 18%
CMY	0.3801, 0.8198, 0.8193
CMYK	0.00, 0.71, 0.71, 0.38
HSL	360°, 55%, 40%
HSV	360°, 71%, 62%
XYZ	15.5836, 9.4241, 3.5894
YIQ	79.4880, 66.7520, 23.7440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

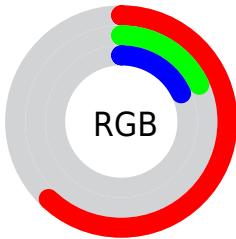
Format	Color
R _Y B	158, 46, 46
Decimal	10366510
CIE Lab	36.79, 46.12, 26.89
CIE LCh	37, 53.389, 30.237
Yxy	9.4241, 0.5449, 0.3295
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288556590 (0xFF9E2E2E)
YUV	79.4880, -16.5096, 68.8550
Hunter-Lab	30.6987, 36.8891, 14.5566

Details

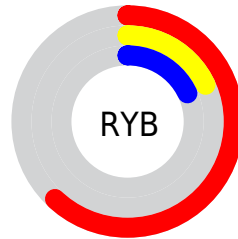
The YIQ color **79.4880, 66.7520, 23.7440** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **124.5120, -66.7520, -23.7440**, and the grayscale version is **80.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **133.7830, 73.1710, 23.0510**, and **29.9000, 59.6000, 21.2000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68.2720, 76.2880, 27.1360**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90.7040, 57.2160, 20.3520**.

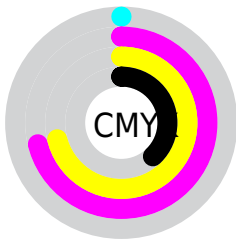
Distribution



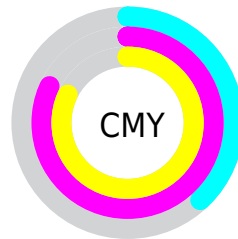
- Red (62%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 79.4880, 66.7520, 23.7440 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 79.4880, 66.7520, 23.7440 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 79.4880, 66.7520,
23.7440

■ 79.4880, 66.7520,
23.7440

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 49.6390, 65.0090,
27.8010

■ 133.7830, 73.1710,
23.0510

■ 29.9000, 59.6000,
21.2000

■ 161.7510, 76.1970,
23.2770

■ 21.2290, 42.3160,
15.0520

■ 182.2440, 64.3230,
18.2030

■ 13.2700, 25.9030,
9.6390

■ 201.7580, 47.9560,
11.9560

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 221.2720, 31.5890,
5.7090

■ 241.4870, 14.6260,

-0.7500

254.7720, 0.6420,
-0.6220

■ 79.4880, 66.7520,
23.7440

■ 79.4880, 66.7520,
23.7440

■ 68.2720, 76.2880,
27.1360

■ 90.7040, 57.2160,
20.3520

■ 57.0560, 85.8240,
30.5280

■ 101.9200, 47.6800,
16.9600

■ 47.2420, 94.1680,
33.4960

■ 112.4350, 38.7400,
13.7800

■ 123.6510, 29.2040,
10.3880

■ 134.8670, 19.6680,
6.9960

■ 146.0830, 10.1320,
3.6040

■ 157.2990, 0.5960,
0.2120

■ 167.8140, -8.3440,
-2.9680

■ 179.0300,
-17.8800, -6.3600

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.0040, 57.2120, 42.4600



79.4880, 66.7520, 23.7440



80.8190, 63.1810, -5.1630

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.4880, 66.7520, 23.7440



65.1350, -41.4860, -41.1180



73.7260, -80.8330, 5.6870

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.4880, 66.7520, 23.7440



124.5120, -66.7520, -23.7440

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.2280, -79.7310, -3.2750



79.4880, 66.7520, 23.7440



71.4390, -56.4810, -28.1690

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79.4880, 66.7520, 23.7440



74.8900, 10.5520, -37.0640



76.3410, -70.2840, -14.7960



87.1960, -22.8380, 28.4420

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.4880, 66.7520, 23.7440



81.9430, 47.7320, -17.0360



76.3410, -70.2840, -14.7960



75.9600, -81.6120, 3.2840

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.4880, 66.7520, 23.7440



176.1560, 26.2240, 9.3280



91.6580, 29.6080, 58.1520



86.0730, 16.0920, 5.7240



232.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.4880, 66.7520, 23.7440



83.6240, 104.8960, 37.3120



111.1860, 51.9020, -4.4980



73.3920, 4.7680, 1.6960



42.7570, 85.2280, 30.3160



4.4850, 8.9400, 3.1800

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79.4880, 66.7520, 23.7440



83.6240, 104.8960, 37.3120



92.8140, -51.9020, 4.4980



73.3920, 4.7680, 1.6960



42.7570, 85.2280, 30.3160



4.4850, 8.9400, 3.1800

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 79.4880, 66.7520, 23.7440 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

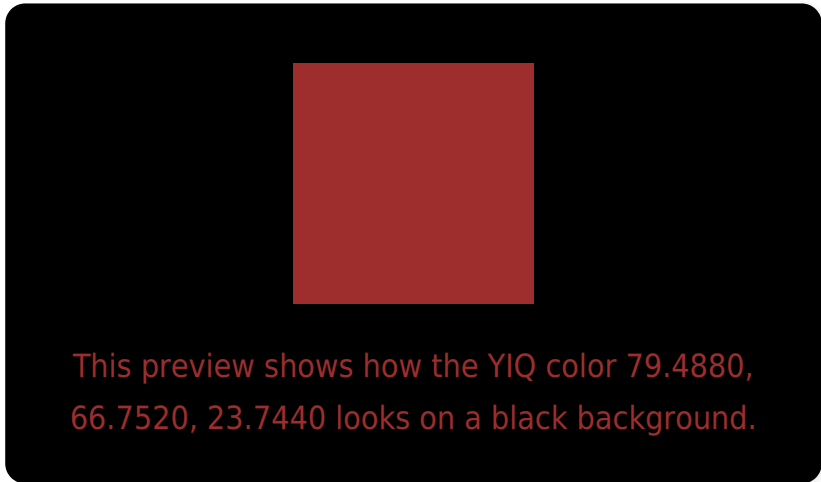
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 79.4880, 66.7520, 23.7440

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 79.4880, 66.7520, 23.7440.

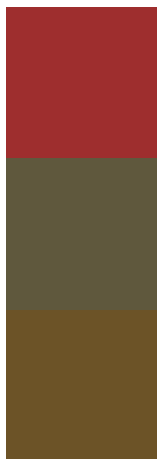


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 79.4880, 66.7520,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

79.4880, 66.7520, 23.7440

Protanopia

87.0150, 12.8390, -6.9130

Deuteranopia

85.4590, 29.0240, -8.3840



Tritanopia

79.7160, 66.1100, 24.3660

Trichromacy



Original Color

79.4880, 66.7520, 23.7440

Protanomaly

84.5170, 32.2770, 4.2530

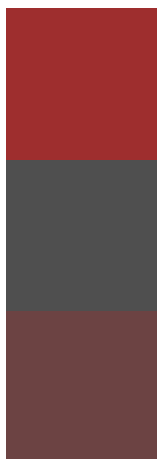
Deuteranomaly

83.5520, 42.3640, 3.1640

Tritanomaly

79.6020, 66.4310, 24.0550

Monochromacy



Original Color

79.4880, 66.7520, 23.7440

Achromatopsia

79.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

79.2590, 24.4360, 8.6920

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 79.4880, 66.7520, 23.7440 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 46, 46)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 46, 46)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 46, 46) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 46, 46) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 79.4880, 66.7520, 23.7440 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 46, 46) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 46, 46) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 46, 46) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 46, 46); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 46, 46);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 46,  
46) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 79.4880, 66.7520, 23.7440 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 46, 46) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158, 46,  
46) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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