

# Converting Colors

YIQ(79.6070, -11.0540, 24.1300)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(79.6070, -11.0540, 24.1300)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(79.6070, -11.0540, 24.1300)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(79.6070, -11.0540,  
24.1300)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	544385
RGB	84, 67, 133
RGB Percent	33%, 26%, 52%
CMY	0.6705, 0.7373, 0.4785
CMYK	0.37, 0.50, 0.00, 0.48
HSL	255°, 33%, 39%
HSV	255°, 50%, 52%
XYZ	9.8967, 7.5920, 23.1253
YIQ	79.6070, -11.0540, 24.1300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

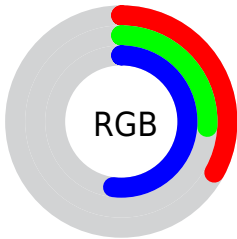
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	84, 67, 133
Decimal	5522309
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	33.12, 23.51, -34.64
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	33, 41.865, 304.164
Yxy	7.5920, 0.2437, 0.1869
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283712389 (0xFF544385)
YUV	79.6070, 26.3227, 3.8527
Hunter-Lab	27.5537, 15.8947, -30.4735

# Details

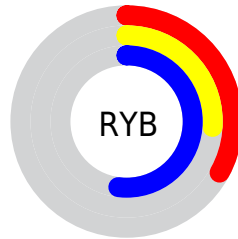
The YIQ color  $79.6070, -11.0540, 24.1300$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $333366$ . A complement of this color would be  $120.3930, 11.0540, -24.1300$ , and the grayscale version is  $79.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $129.4870, -10.5960, 26.8440$ , and  $33.1290, -12.7040, 20.9920$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $68.9860, -13.4390, 28.8090$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $90.2280, -8.6690, 19.4510$ .

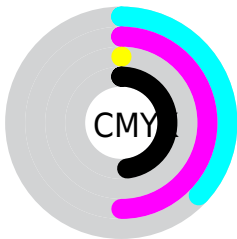
# Distribution



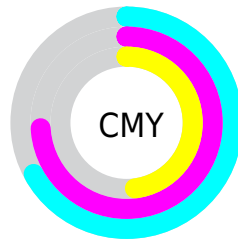
- Red (33%)
- Green (26%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 79.6070, -11.0540, 24.1300 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 79.6070, -11.0540, 24.1300 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 79.6070, -11.0540,  
24.1300

■ 79.6070, -11.0540,  
24.1300

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 55.6670, -11.2830,  
22.7730

■ 129.4870,  
-10.5960, 26.8440

■ 33.1290, -12.7040,  
20.9920

■ 155.9000,  
-10.3210, 27.3670

■ 9.7160, -12.9790,  
20.4690

■ 183.4270,  
-10.3670, 28.2010

■ 5.3920, -12.4270,  
10.4610

■ 209.0160, -4.9560,  
23.7480

■ 2.0690, -4.4480,  
3.5200

■ 234.1230, 4.6280,  
15.2520

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 252.6520, 1.1000,

2.0920

■ 79.6070, -11.0540,  
24.1300

■ 79.6070, -11.0540,  
24.1300

■ 68.9860, -13.4390,  
28.8090

■ 90.2280, -8.6690,  
19.4510

■ 57.7780, -15.5490,  
34.0110

■ 101.4360, -6.5590,  
14.2490

■ 47.1570, -17.9340,  
38.6900

■ 112.0570, -4.1740,  
9.5700

■ 36.8350, -19.7230,  
43.5810

■ 122.3790, -2.3850,  
4.6790

■ 26.2140, -22.1080,  
48.2600

■ 133.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 25.3280, -22.4290,  
48.5710

■ 144.2080, 2.1100,  
-5.2020

■ 154.8290, 4.4950,  
-9.8810

■ 165.4500, 6.8800,  
-14.5600

■ 176.6580, 8.9900,  
-19.7620

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.3760, -68.2240, 2.9440



79.6070, -11.0540, 24.1300



78.9010, 23.4690, 31.7330

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.6070, -11.0540, 24.1300



74.5490, 46.4460, -4.7380



63.9390, -51.8970, -23.1370

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.6070, -11.0540, 24.1300



120.3930, 11.0540, -24.1300

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.7750, -40.1120, -32.9760



79.6070, -11.0540, 24.1300



72.6960, 32.1900, -21.7140

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79.6070, -11.0540, 24.1300



74.6060, 51.4400, 14.8960



69.0500, 4.5900, -28.1300



67.5870, -62.1690, -13.1850



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.6070, -11.0540, 24.1300



75.9860, 39.2870, 31.4070



69.0500, 4.5900, -28.1300



62.5710, -48.0450, -26.8690

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.6070, -11.0540, 24.1300



152.0570, -4.1740, 9.5700



103.2870, -34.6610, -5.1010



74.0200, -2.7520, 5.8240



214.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



87.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.6070, -11.0540, 24.1300



88.9290, -17.2920, 38.0680



89.1750, 8.0180, 30.9140



60.9830, -1.3300, 2.0780



24.9860, -21.4660, 47.6380



0.6410, -0.3670, 1.1450



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92.3200, 23.6070, 29.2310



108.9880, 36.9460, 46.3060



110.5260, -8.6140, -31.1260



62.3640, 1.9710, 2.8270



49.8140, 46.6640, 57.4160



1.1250, 1.1460, 1.2580



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 79.6070, -11.0540, 24.1300 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 79.6070, -11.0540, 24.1300 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

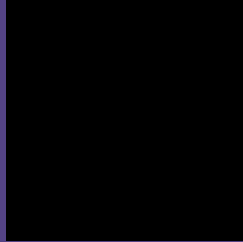
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 79.6070, -11.0540, 24.1300

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 79.6070, -11.0540, 24.1300.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 79.6070, -11.0540,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79.6070, -11.0540, 24.1300

### Protanopia

74.5540, -39.0660, 14.1660

### Deuteranopia

73.7510, -38.4230, 8.0170



## Tritanopia

77.8900, -5.5020, 0.5940

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

79.6070, -11.0540, 24.1300

## Protanomaly

76.6370, -28.9340, 17.7700

## Deuteranomaly

76.0020, -28.7040, 13.6000

## Tritanomaly

78.6760, -7.4750, 8.8210

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

79.6070, -11.0540, 24.1300

## Achromatopsia

80.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

79.5300, -4.1280, 8.7360

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 79.6070, -11.0540, 24.1300 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(84, 67, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 67, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 67, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 67, 133) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 79.6070, -11.0540, 24.1300 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 67, 133) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 67, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 67, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 67, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 67, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 67,  
133) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 79.6070, -11.0540, 24.1300 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 67, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 67,  
133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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