

Converting Colors

YIQ(79.8260, -86.5660, 15.9780)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(79.8260, -86.5660, 15.9780)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(79.8260, -86.5660,
15.9780)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	075DCB
RGB	7, 93, 203
RGB Percent	3%, 36%, 80%
CMY	0.9725, 0.6352, 0.2043
CMYK	0.97, 0.54, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	214°, 93%, 41%
HSV	214°, 97%, 80%
XYZ	14.7712, 12.1866, 58.0053
YIQ	79.8260, -86.5660, 15.9780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

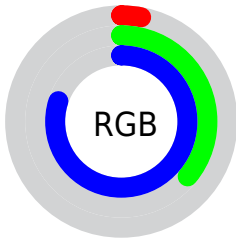
Format	Color
RYB	7, 67, 203
Decimal	482763
CIELab	41.51, 20.93, -62.97
CIELCh	42, 66.360, 288.383
Yxy	12.1866, 0.1739, 0.1434
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278672843 (0xFF075DCB)
YUV	79.8260, 60.7248, -63.8684
Hunter-Lab	34.9094, 14.4373, -74.0796

Details

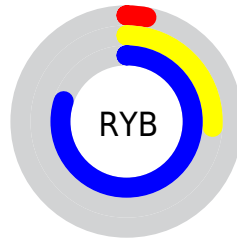
The YIQ color **79.8260, -86.5660, 15.9780** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366CC**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **130.1740, 86.5660, -15.9780**, and the grayscale version is **79.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **142.9110, -61.5800, 25.7160**, and **45.6350, -60.9830, 20.4010** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.3850, -89.6380, 16.5860**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92.2630, -77.6710, 14.4650**.

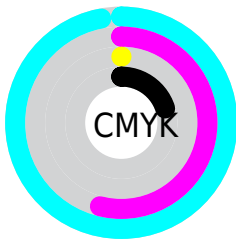
Distribution



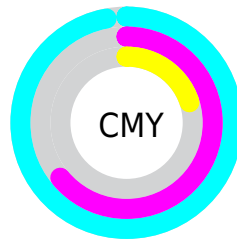
- Red (3%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (3%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 79.8260, -86.5660, 15.9780 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 79.8260, -86.5660, 15.9780 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 79.8260, -86.5660,
15.9780

■ 79.8260, -86.5660,
15.9780

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 61.0400, -75.4250,
17.8150

■ 142.9110,
-61.5800, 25.7160

■ 45.6350, -60.9830,
20.4010

■ 167.7410,
-49.6580, 18.9020

■ 30.8170, -46.8160,
22.4640

■ 192.8590,
-38.6070, 11.3530

■ 13.2920, -31.9160,
27.7640

■ 218.5640,
-27.8310, 3.2810

■ 12.7900, -24.9910,
17.8970

■ 243.9700,
-17.6510, -5.0030

■ 7.8200, -16.5080,
12.8360

■ 3.5510, -8.6210,

7.5630

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 79.8260, -86.5660,
15.9780

■ 79.8260, -86.5660,
15.9780

■ 75.3850, -89.6380,
16.5860

■ 92.2630, -77.6710,
14.4650

■ 105.5860,
-68.4550, 12.6410

■ 118.0230,
-59.5600, 11.1280

■ 131.0470,
-50.9400, 9.0920

■ 143.4840,
-42.0450, 7.5790

■ 156.2200,
-32.5540, 6.2780

■ 169.2440,
-23.9340, 4.2420

■ 181.6810,
-15.0390, 2.7290

■ 194.4170, -5.5480,
1.4280

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.6410, -96.6510, 6.0130



79.8260, -86.5660, 15.9780



98.9220, 10.9490, 49.3890

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.8260, -86.5660, 15.9780



88.6740, 83.1230, 7.8830



78.8760, -56.7540, -39.7460

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.8260, -86.5660, 15.9780



130.1740, 86.5660, -15.9780

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.4170, -34.1930, -57.6570



79.8260, -86.5660, 15.9780



92.6190, 57.4520, -16.9800

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79.8260, -86.5660, 15.9780



79.4220, 85.4540, 48.2540



88.5340, 23.2980, -36.7820



85.9610, -75.3260, -22.5420

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.8260, -86.5660, 15.9780



90.4660, 47.7640, 59.5080



88.5340, 23.2980, -36.7820



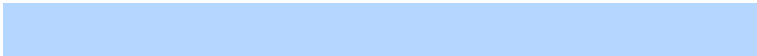
76.1230, -50.3800, -45.1320

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.8260, -86.5660, 15.9780



208.8070, -32.8290, 5.7550



134.3640, -88.5680, -68.9200



99.2830, -19.6700, 4.0580



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.8260, -86.5660, 15.9780



94.8140, -112.6550, 20.7290



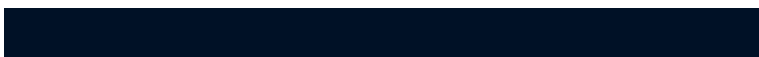
32.3340, -56.9560, 63.0760



95.4880, -4.3100, 1.0180



61.7750, -73.3610, 13.4470



14.3110, -16.8730, 2.9270

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.4080, 89.2100, 68.2980



89.0130, 116.0280, 88.8920



177.6660, 56.9560, -63.0760



95.4460, 4.6760, 3.3640



57.9560, 75.5030, 57.8950



13.3000, 17.1910, 13.3430

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 79.8260, -86.5660, 15.9780 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 79.8260, -86.5660, 15.9780 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

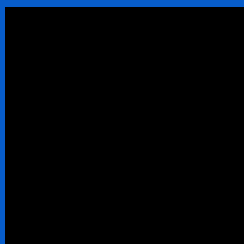
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 79.8260, -86.5660, 15.9780

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 79.8260, -86.5660, 15.9780.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 79.8260, -86.5660,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

79.8260, -86.5660, 15.9780

Protanopia

77.9780, -90.0500, 13.0380

Deuteranopia

78.3080, -82.7120, 1.1920



Tritanopia

76.5060, -66.6150, -20.7190

Trichromacy



Original Color

79.8260, -86.5660, 15.9780

Protanomaly

78.9890, -88.5830, 13.9850

Deuteranomaly

78.6980, -83.6300, 6.8180

Tritanomaly

78.1160, -73.7240, -7.5160

Monochromacy



Original Color

79.8260, -86.5660, 15.9780

Achromatopsia

80.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

79.9920, -31.9120, 5.6560

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 79.8260, -86.5660, 15.9780 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(7, 93, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(7, 93, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(7, 93, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(7, 93, 203) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 79.8260, -86.5660, 15.9780 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(7, 93, 203) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(7, 93, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(7, 93, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(7, 93, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(7, 93, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(7, 93, 203)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 79.8260, -86.5660, 15.9780 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(7, 93, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(7, 93,  
203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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