

Converting Colors

YIQ(81.3990, 12.0580, 1.7380)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(81.3990, 12.0580, 1.7380)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(81.3990, 12.0580,
1.7380)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E4D47
RGB	94, 77, 71
RGB Percent	37%, 30%, 28%
CMY	0.6313, 0.6981, 0.7215
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.24, 0.63
HSL	16°, 14%, 32%
HSV	16°, 24%, 37%
XYZ	8.4082, 8.1420, 7.0919
YIQ	81.3990, 12.0580, 1.7380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

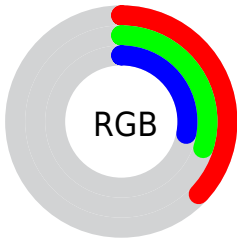
Format	Color
RYB	94, 79, 71
Decimal	6180167
CIELab	34.28, 6.08, 6.21
CIElCh	34, 8.692, 45.644
Yxy	8.1420, 0.3556, 0.3444
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284370247 (0xFF5E4D47)
YUV	81.3990, -5.1267, 11.0511
Hunter-Lab	28.5343, 2.6637, 5.2380

Details

The YIQ color **81.3990, 12.0580, 1.7380** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **83.6010, -12.0580, -1.7380**, and the grayscale version is **81.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **130.8830, 13.5710, 1.8510**, and **36.6160, 9.9490, 1.4130** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76.2640, 16.8720, 2.6000**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.5340, 7.2440, 0.8760**.

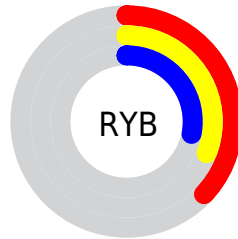
Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (30%)

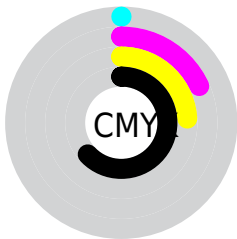
Blue (28%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (28%)

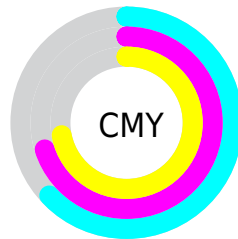


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (24%)

Black (63%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (70%)

Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 81.3990, 12.0580, 1.7380 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 81.3990, 12.0580, 1.7380 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 81.3990, 12.0580,
1.7380

■ 81.3990, 12.0580,
1.7380

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 58.2140, 11.1410,
1.8370

■ 130.8830, 13.5710,
1.8510

■ 36.6160, 9.9490,
1.4130

■ 156.8830, 13.5710,
1.8510

■ 14.3560, 13.6170,
1.0170

■ 184.1820, 14.1670,
2.0630

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 211.4810, 14.7630,
2.2750

■ 239.4810, 14.7630,
2.2750

■ 81.3990, 12.0580,
1.7380

■ 81.3990, 12.0580,
1.7380

■ 76.2640, 16.8720,
2.6000

■ 86.5340, 7.2440,
0.8760

■ 71.0150, 22.0070,
3.1510

■ 91.7830, 2.1090,
0.3250

■ 65.8800, 26.8210,
4.0130

■ 96.9180, -2.7050,
-0.5370

■ 60.6310, 31.9560,
4.5640

■ 102.1670, -7.8400,
-1.0880

■ 55.4960, 36.7700,
5.4260

■ 107.3020,
-12.6540, -1.9500

■ 50.3610, 41.5840,
6.2880

■ 112.4370,
-17.4680, -2.8120

■ 45.1120, 46.7190,
6.8390

■ 117.6860,
-22.6030, -3.3630

■ 42.1940, 49.4240,

■ 122.8210,

7.3760

-27.4170, -4.2250

■ 128.0700,
-32.5520, -4.7760

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390



81.3990, 12.0580, 1.7380



80.6220, 9.8120, -1.6120

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.3990, 12.0580, 1.7380



78.1190, -7.8850, -5.7810



80.9980, -5.6860, 3.9300

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81.3990, 12.0580, 1.7380



83.6010, -12.0580, -1.7380

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.4810, -11.6000, 0.9760



81.3990, 12.0580, 1.7380



78.3080, -12.7910, -4.9750

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81.3990, 12.0580, 1.7380



78.9410, -1.5120, -5.6400



78.7040, -13.8460, -2.3740



81.7600, 0.9160, 5.4280

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81.3990, 12.0580, 1.7380



80.6000, 6.8780, -3.5060



78.7040, -13.8460, -2.3740



80.6880, -7.7490, 2.7710

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.3990, 12.0580, 1.7380



117.5660, 4.2180, 0.6500



79.8150, 8.2510, 10.1630



58.6690, 2.4300, 0.0140



189.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



61.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.3990, 12.0580, 1.7380



102.7480, 18.3850, 2.7130



87.8560, 9.0330, -4.0150



43.6690, 2.4300, 0.0140



49.9130, 57.5850, 8.1530



107.2570, 124.2020, 17.8180

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.6010, -12.0580, -1.7380



106.2520, -18.3850, -2.7130



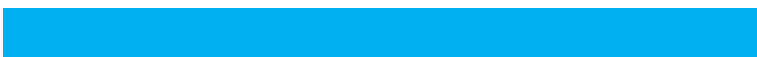
77.1440, -9.0330, 4.0150



43.9180, -2.7050, -0.5370



60.0870, -57.5850, -8.1530



129.7430, -124.2020, -17.8180

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 81.3990, 12.0580, 1.7380 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

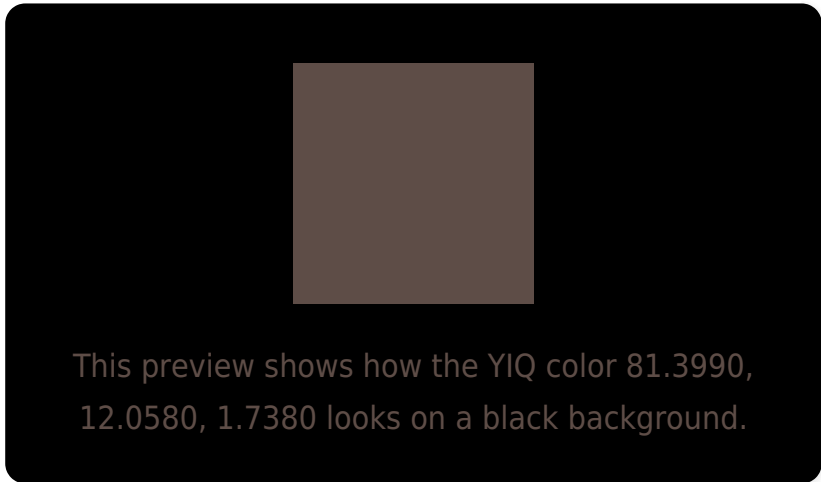
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 81.3990, 12.0580, 1.7380

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 81.3990, 12.0580, 1.7380.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 81.3990, 12.0580,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

81.3990, 12.0580, 1.7380

Protanopia

80.3980, 4.6310, -1.3290

Deuteranopia

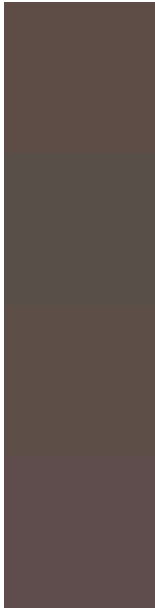
81.3880, 10.5910, 0.7910



Tritanopia

81.6640, 9.9940, 6.1060

Trichromacy



Original Color

81.3990, 12.0580, 1.7380

Protanomaly

80.8930, 7.6110, -0.2690

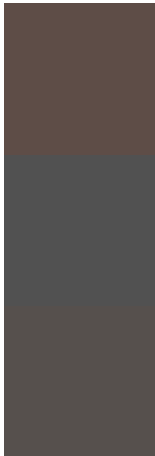
Deuteranomaly

81.6870, 11.1870, 1.0030

Tritanomaly

81.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390

Monochromacy



Original Color

81.3990, 12.0580, 1.7380

Achromatopsia

81.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

81.4520, 4.5390, 0.3390

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 81.3990, 12.0580, 1.7380 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 77, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 77, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 77, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 77, 71) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 81.3990, 12.0580, 1.7380 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 77, 71) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 77, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 77, 71)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 77, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 77, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 77, 71)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 81.3990, 12.0580, 1.7380 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 77, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 77,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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