

Converting Colors

YIQ(82.3060, 35.3900, 30.4460)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(82.3060, 35.3900, 30.4460)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(82.3060, 35.3900,
30.4460)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	87355F
RGB	135, 53, 95
RGB Percent	53%, 21%, 37%
CMY	0.4704, 0.7923, 0.6273
CMYK	0.00, 0.61, 0.30, 0.47
HSL	329°, 44%, 37%
HSV	329°, 61%, 53%
XYZ	13.3391, 8.5254, 11.7755
YIQ	82.3060, 35.3900, 30.4460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

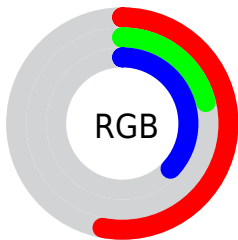
Format	Color
R_{YB}	135, 53, 95
Decimal	8861023
CIE Lab	35.05, 39.78, -7.26
CIE LCh	35, 40.434, 349.651
Yxy	8.5254, 0.3965, 0.2534
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287051103 (0xFF87355F)
YUV	82.3060, 6.2581, 46.2126
Hunter-Lab	29.1982, 30.4501, -3.4727

Details

The YIQ color **82.3060, 35.3900, 30.4460** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **105.6940, -35.3900, -30.4460**, and the grayscale version is **82.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **134.6870, 38.6910, 31.1950**, and **30.1040, 33.1430, 32.6230** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.2900, 41.4870, 35.5910**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90.7350, 29.5680, 25.8240**.

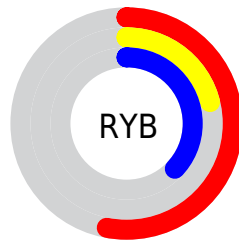
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (21%)

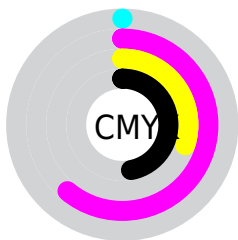
Blue (37%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (21%)

Blue (37%)

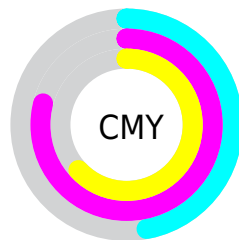


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (79%)

Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 82.3060, 35.3900, 30.4460 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 82.3060, 35.3900, 30.4460 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

82.3060, 35.3900,
30.4460

82.3060, 35.3900,
30.4460

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

56.2350, 34.1520,
30.8560

134.6870, 38.6910,
31.1950

30.1040, 33.1430,
32.6230

161.6980, 40.1580,
32.1420

20.2350, 24.9840,
20.7920

189.2960, 41.3500,
32.5660

9.6820, 18.7510,
7.0950

210.7180, 28.2380,
27.9020

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

230.3460, 11.5500,
21.9660

247.3690, 3.5750,

6.7990

■ 82.3060, 35.3900,
30.4460

■ 82.3060, 35.3900,
30.4460

■ 73.2900, 41.4870,
35.5910

■ 90.7350, 29.5680,
25.8240

■ 64.9750, 46.9880,
40.5240

■ 99.6370, 23.7920,
20.3680

■ 55.9590, 53.0850,
45.6690

■ 108.0660, 17.9700,
15.7460

■ 48.2310, 58.3110,
50.0790

■ 116.9680, 12.1940,
10.2900

■ 125.3970, 6.3720,
5.6680

■ 134.4130, 0.2750,
0.5230

■ 143.3150, -5.5010,
-4.9330

■ 151.7440,
-11.3230, -9.5550

■ 160.6460,
-17.0990, -15.0110

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.7080, 7.8350, 28.7230



82.3060, 35.3900, 30.4460



80.4520, 49.2380, 21.7660

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.3060, 35.3900, 30.4460



76.2860, 18.6650, -24.3990



71.2860, -68.4510, -9.4670

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82.3060, 35.3900, 30.4460



105.6940, -35.3900, -30.4460

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.2680, -60.0130, -19.2210



82.3060, 35.3900, 30.4460



71.1710, -14.8040, -29.0760

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.3060, 35.3900, 30.4460



78.8590, 39.3410, -13.6430



64.9190, -49.1450, -28.9610



68.8870, -71.3410, -1.1410

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.3060, 35.3900, 30.4460



80.4870, 50.1570, 10.6130



64.9190, -49.1450, -28.9610



70.9610, -66.1580, -12.4780

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.3060, 35.3900, 30.4460



155.5060, 13.6150, 12.0710



74.3080, -2.4820, 33.9820



76.8210, 8.1140, 7.1380



217.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



89.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.3060, 35.3900, 30.4460



93.6820, 55.4230, 47.3510



77.6320, 48.5510, 17.6950



62.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050



46.5080, 55.9730, 48.3970



1.0110, 1.4670, 0.9470

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82.3060, 35.3900, 30.4460



93.6820, 55.4230, 47.3510



110.3680, -48.5510, -17.6950



62.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050



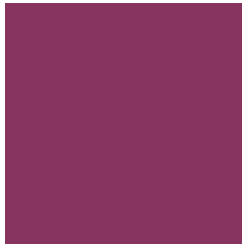
46.5080, 55.9730, 48.3970



1.0110, 1.4670, 0.9470

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 82.3060, 35.3900, 30.4460 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

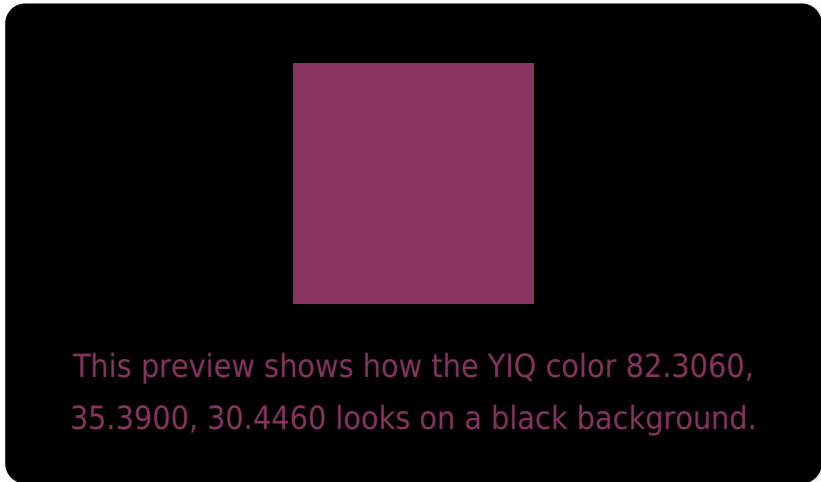
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

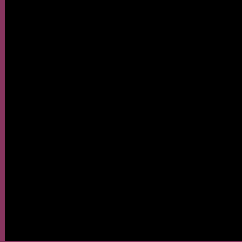
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 82.3060, 35.3900, 30.4460

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 82.3060, 35.3900, 30.4460.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 82.3060, 35.3900,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

82.3060, 35.3900, 30.4460

Protanopia

83.0710, -15.9570, 8.3550

Deuteranopia

84.2330, 0.9620, 4.5940



Tritanopia

81.9840, 41.6280, 16.5080

Trichromacy



Original Color

82.3060, 35.3900, 30.4460

Protanomaly

82.6930, 3.0230, 16.8070

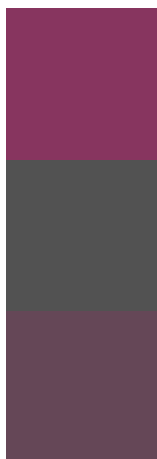
Deuteranomaly

83.5600, 13.5230, 13.7390

Tritanomaly

81.7760, 39.5180, 21.7100

Monochromacy



Original Color

82.3060, 35.3900, 30.4460

Achromatopsia

82.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

81.7940, 12.7440, 11.3360

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 82.3060, 35.3900, 30.4460 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 53, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 53, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 53, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 53, 95) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 82.3060, 35.3900, 30.4460 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 53, 95) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 53, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 53, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 53, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 53, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 53,  
95) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 82.3060, 35.3900, 30.4460 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 53, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135, 53,  
95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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