

Converting Colors

YIQ(82.5060, 58.3140, 33.4980)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(82.5060, 58.3140, 33.4980)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(82.5060, 58.3140,
33.4980)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9F2D4B
RGB	159, 45, 75
RGB Percent	62%, 18%, 29%
CMY	0.3762, 0.8237, 0.7057
CMYK	0.00, 0.72, 0.53, 0.38
HSL	344°, 56%, 40%
HSV	344°, 72%, 62%
XYZ	16.5211, 9.7603, 7.6793
YIQ	82.5060, 58.3140, 33.4980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

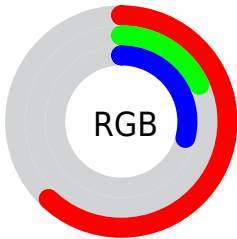
Format	Color
R_{YB}	159, 45, 75
Decimal	10431819
CIE _{Lab}	37.41, 48.83, 9.45
CIE _{LCh}	37, 49.738, 10.954
Yxy	9.7603, 0.4865, 0.2874
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288621899 (0xFF9F2D4B)
YUV	82.5060, -3.7005, 67.0852
Hunter-Lab	31.2415, 39.7215, 7.2953

Details

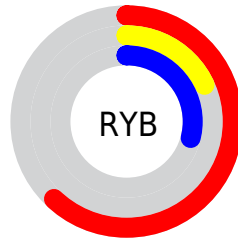
The YIQ color **82.5060, 58.3140, 33.4980** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **121.4940, -58.3140, -33.4980**, and the grayscale version is **82.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **137.4310, 62.8990, 33.0030**, and **34.1460, 50.5200, 31.5760** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.7460, 66.5660, 38.1340**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93.2660, 50.0620, 28.8620**.

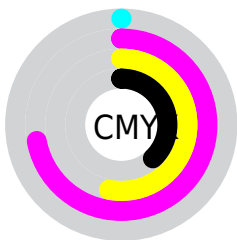
Distribution



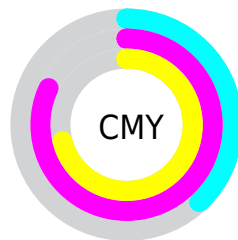
- Red (62%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (29%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (29%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (71%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 82.5060, 58.3140, 33.4980 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 82.5060, 58.3140, 33.4980 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 82.5060, 58.3140,
33.4980

■ 82.5060, 58.3140,
33.4980

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 50.7820, 57.7170,
38.8130

■ 137.4310, 62.8990,
33.0030

■ 34.1460, 50.5200,
31.5760

■ 165.1000, 65.3290,
33.0170

■ 22.9240, 41.8570,
17.8650

■ 186.7070, 53.1340,
28.2540

■ 14.5800, 27.9660,
10.7980

■ 205.6340, 37.0420,
22.5300

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 225.8490, 20.0790,
16.0710

■ 245.6080, 4.4000,

8.3680

■ 82.5060, 58.3140,
33.4980

■ 82.5060, 58.3140,
33.4980

■ 71.7460, 66.5660,
38.1340

■ 93.2660, 50.0620,
28.8620

■ 61.1000, 74.4970,
43.0810

■ 103.9120, 42.1310,
23.9150

■ 52.3290, 81.2820,
46.7700

■ 114.6720, 33.8790,
19.2790

■ 125.4320, 25.6270,
14.6430

■ 135.6050, 17.6500,
10.5300

■ 146.2510, 9.7190,
5.5830

■ 157.0110, 1.4670,
0.9470

■ 167.7710, -6.7850,
-3.6890

■ 178.4170,
-14.7160, -8.6360

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.7010, 36.0760, 40.0440



82.5060, 58.3140, 33.4980



83.4130, 62.1690, 13.1850

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.5060, 58.3140, 33.4980



75.2180, -4.9910, -36.2150



77.3960, -80.1440, -1.2960

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82.5060, 58.3140, 33.4980



121.4940, -58.3140, -33.4980

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.5950, -73.8150, -11.3750



82.5060, 58.3140, 33.4980



68.4750, -48.1350, -36.2550

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.5060, 58.3140, 33.4980



81.2240, 30.4030, -27.8770



73.8500, -61.8920, -23.7160



70.6940, -77.8070, 5.9130

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.5060, 58.3140, 33.4980



83.7090, 57.6790, -4.5690



73.8500, -61.8920, -23.7160



77.8860, -78.7680, -4.2080

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.5060, 58.3140, 33.4980



176.1220, 23.5640, 13.4840



83.1120, 13.4700, 53.2620



86.2840, 14.1200, 8.4240



232.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.5060, 58.3140, 33.4980



87.5800, 91.0010, 52.3530



94.9350, 60.5190, 10.0470



73.6200, 4.1260, 2.3180



47.0890, 73.0300, 42.1340



4.9410, 7.6560, 4.4240

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82.5060, 58.3140, 33.4980



87.5800, 91.0010, 52.3530



109.0650, -60.5190, -10.0470



73.6200, 4.1260, 2.3180



47.0890, 73.0300, 42.1340



4.9410, 7.6560, 4.4240

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 82.5060, 58.3140, 33.4980 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

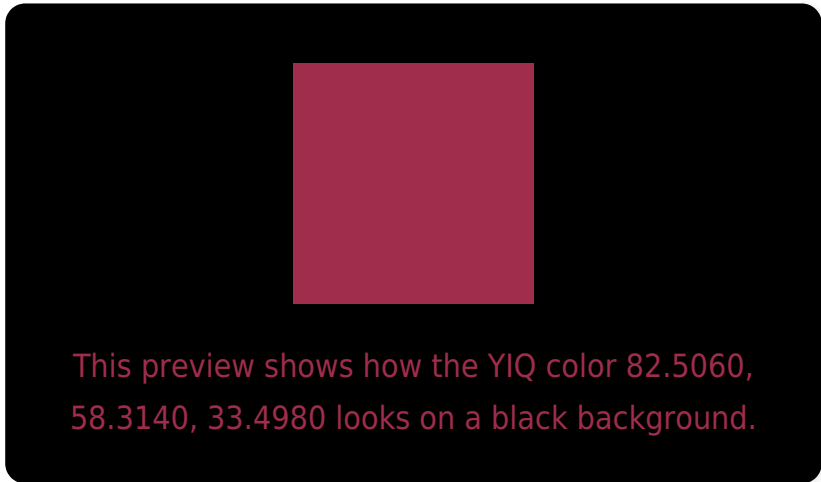
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

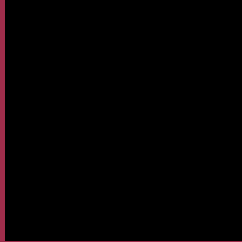
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 82.5060, 58.3140, 33.4980

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 82.5060, 58.3140, 33.4980.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 82.5060, 58.3140,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

82.5060, 58.3140, 33.4980

Protanopia

89.1400, -3.2100, 3.1100

Deuteranopia

88.9710, 16.1390, -0.6370



Tritanopia

82.5200, 63.7260, 23.5180

Trichromacy



Original Color

82.5060, 58.3140, 33.4980

Protanomaly

86.6100, 19.2540, 14.5020

Deuteranomaly

86.3740, 31.5420, 12.0700

Tritanomaly

82.2580, 61.7080, 27.0520

Monochromacy



Original Color

82.5060, 58.3140, 33.4980

Achromatopsia

83.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

82.8120, 21.5010, 12.3250

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 82.5060, 58.3140, 33.4980 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 45, 75)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 45, 75)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 45, 75) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 45, 75) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 82.5060, 58.3140, 33.4980 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 45, 75) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 45, 75) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 45, 75)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 45, 75); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 45, 75);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 45,  
75) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 82.5060, 58.3140, 33.4980 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 45, 75) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159, 45,  
75) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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